THE WEATHER

Fair tonight and Tuesday. Slowing rising temperature. Moderate west to south winds.
Sun rises 6:04 a. m., sets 5:46 p. m.
Moon rises 5:02 a. m.
High tide 9:48 a. m., 10:16 p. m.
Temperatures till noon: Maximum, 24 at noon; minimum, 11 at 7 a. m.; average, 17.5. Temperature at noon, 24.
Light all vehicles at 6:16 p. m.

BOSTON AMERICAN
NEW ENGLAND'S GREATEST HOME NEWSPAPER
Circulation Greater Than All the Other Boston Evening Papers Combined

FINAL EDITION
EXTRA

VOL. 14—No. 337 | Registered in U. S. Patent Office. | BOSTON, MONDAY, MARCH 11, 1918 | Copyright, 1918, by N. E. Newspaper Pub. Co. | ONE CENT

# JAPAN GETS READY TO FIGHT

# AMERICANS SMASH FOE

## BAY STATE TO CLOSE 125 MILES OF TRACK

### U. S. Circuit Court Grants Petition of Receiver to Reduce Service

The United States Circuit Court today granted permission for the discontinuance of 125 miles of track of the Bay State Street Railway Company. The court acted favorably on the petition of Receiver Wallace B. Donham.

The filing of the petition made public for the first time the locations of the lines which the receiver desired to abolish provided additional revenue cannot be obtained to make them paying propositions.

There are thirty-six lines in the list, with a total of 140 miles of track, including eight lines on which service was recently discontinued or on which action by the Public Service Commission is awaited.

When asked by an American reporter if some of the lines may not be kept in operation provided an arrangement is made with the persons affected, Mr. Donham said: "I haven't any desire to pull up the tracks."

The list includes lines in Melrose Highlands, Reading, Wakefield, Saugus, Woburn, Newburyport, Haverhill, Needham, Neponset, Nantasket, Weymouth, Whitman, South Braintree, Randolph and Brockton.

The receiver states that these lines in general are in sparsely settled communities where the travel is insufficient to make them pay.

SUGGESTS LOCAL OPTION.

He states that there are pending before the Legislature a number of bills, passage of which would authorize local communities to consider the question of whether they prefer to have the lines operated with local assist-

Continued on Page 10, Column 5.

### COPPERS CONSPICUOUS IN VERY DULL MARKET

New York, March 11.—Extreme dullness featured the trading at the opening of the stock market, with prices generally moving to higher figures.

Copper stocks were prominent, Anaconda advancing over one point to 65, while Inspiration rose one point to 45¾. Fractional gains were made in Utah and American Smelting.

The railroad issues were in good demand, with Reading advancing one point to 82¼. Union Pacific rose one point to 121¾ and gains of ¾ were made in Chesapeake & Ohio and Lehigh Valley.

Steel common sold off to 91¼ at the opening, with a quick rally to 91⅝. Bethlehem Steel B was up ¾ to 80¼ and fractional advances were made in Crucible and Baldwin.

Mexican Petroleum advanced one point to 96½, while United Cigar Stores sold off one point to 88.

By the end of the first hour many stocks developed a heavy tone, with some issues showing net losses of one point or more. Trading was almost wholly professional.

Railroad stocks, including both Union Pacific and Reading, lost the best part of their advances and the copper shares also showed a reactionary tendency, with Anaconda yielding from 65 to 64¼.

General Motors after advancing 1½ to 126 reacted to 124½ and Studebaker dropped to 45⅝.

United Cigar Stores was one of the weakest features, falling 1⅞ to 87⅛.

DON'T EVER SURRENDER
To ill health—remember Father John's Medicine builds flesh and strength.—Advt.

## Charge Oklahoma Men Attempt Revolution

By International News Service.

Oklahoma City, March 11.—Federal officials here today arrested Orville E. Enright and Louis Pickens, both of Ellis County, the former a county school teacher, on indictments charging them with conspiring to start an armed revolution against the United States.

The two-men revolt was to begin with burning railroad bridges in Ellis County in an effort to block transportation, according to the authorities, but a heavy rain came suddenly and made useless the straw collected to kindle the fires.

Enright is believed to have been associated with William Madison Hicks, president of the so-called People's Peace League, who is under indictment on a disloyal charge.

## PERMITS TRACKS OVER NORTHERN AVE. BRIDGE

### Mayor Signs Order Sought by the Union Freight Railway

Mayor Peters today signed an order permitting the Union Freight Railway to lay tracks across the Northern avenue bridge. The order was also signed by all three street commissioners.

The Freight Railroad Company has fought for this extension many months and has always been opposed by the teaming interests in that section. The Federal government, however, was interested in this recent fight, in view of the big terminal which is soon to be erected in South Boston.

The work of laying the tracks and installation of safety devices will be done under the commissioner of public works.

### National Bank Call Issued.

Washington, March 11.—The Comptroller of the Currency today issued a call for statements on the condition of national banks as of the close of business March 4.

## Management Blamed by Macleod for Bad L Service

The intolerable service of the Boston Elevated was today charged to the neglect of the street railway managers by Chairman Frederick J. Macleod of the Public Service Commission at a hearing before the legislative Committee on Metropolitan Affairs.

Chairman Macleod appeared before the committee to urge that the public be given control of the Boston Elevated through the appointment of public directors.

"You must approach this subject from the viewpoint of providing good service for the people," he said. "The service this Winter collapsed, partly because of the weather and partly because of the strain of war conditions, **but the fundamental cause was that the management permitted the property to deteriorate through the neglect to provide for maintenance in the past.**

"The present facilities are unable to bear the stress of war burdens."

$13,000,000 IS NEEDED.

Chairman Macleod said that at least $13,000,000 will be necessary to rebuild the broken-down service.

"The Elevated, to provide proper service, needs a large number of new and up-to-date cars, new tracks and power houses and machinery, he said.

"Whenever the service breaks odwn there are some who feel that the commission can wave some sort

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

## Former Boston Ship Missing

## RAILROADS ACCUSED OF PLOT

### Federal Agents Charge Conspiracy to Discredit U. S. Control

Providence, R. I., March 11.—Federal officials have sent to Director-General McAdoo, at Washington, evidence which, they say, indicates a gigantic conspiracy on the part of the railroads to discredit government control of ownership of railroads.

Mr. McAdoo's agents are now, it is said, investigating these charges, which are along three lines:

**1. That the railroads are attempting to create sentiment against government operation by delaying trains.**

**2. That they are trying to make operation under government supervision extravagant.**

**3. That they are endeavoring to make employees dissatisfied with the government's operations.**

Affidavits have been submitted with the results of the investigations of the federal officials in their report to Washington, it is said.

Trains have been held up and delayed, the report charges, to an extent never seen before. Mail trains in particular have suffered from these delays, it is charged.

Evidence has also gone with the re-

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

### MRS. GOULD QUITS THE NEW NATIONAL PARTY

Chicago, March 11.—Mrs. Howard Gould of New York has withdrawn from the newly organized national party. The rumor that Mrs. Gould had quit the new organization committee composed of Republicans, Socialists, Democrats and Prohibitionists was confirmed today by David Coates, the national chairman. Mrs. Gould was a member of the executive committee. She had promised to help start the new party off with a $5,000 contribution with more to follow. The break came, it is said after a stormy meeting at the headquarters of the party in the Masonic Temple, following a controversy between Mrs. Gould and John D. Spargo, an ex-Socialist member of the new party. The trouble believed to have been caused by the injection of too much socialism to suit Mrs. Gould.

### Locomotive Drops Into Pit.

Portsmouth, N. H., March 11.—A one-hundred-ton locomotive crashed into the turntable pit in the Boston & Maine yards here today,

## HALIFAX IS REPORTED AS LOST

### Liner Which Once Plied to Nova Scotia From Boston Posted Missing by Lloyd's

The steamship Halifax, formerly of the Plant Line service between Boston and Halifax, has been posted at Lloyd's in London as missing. She carried a crew of thirty. It is not known whether the ship was the victim of a U-boat or a storm.

News that the ship was missing reached Boston today.

The Halifax, which was of British registry, was built in Glasgow in 1888 and was of 1,078 tons. For many years she was on the Boston to Halifax run, and in 1909 went aground on Georges Island with 120 passengers aboard. The accident took place in a heavy fog and no lives were lost, the passengers being taken off by tugs.

Later the vessel was in collision with the steamship Prince Arthur, which carried 222 passengers, many of them women. The Prince Arthur was not damaged and proceeded. The Halifax sustained but slight injuries and was in commission again in a short time.

In 1915 the Halifax was taken over by the British government and made a trip to Jamaica, transporting 100 German prisoners from the island to Halifax. Since that time she has been engaged in other war work.

### SIGNS TO ADVERTISE RESTAURANT CULPRITS

New York, March 11.—Local food administrators today received the approval of National Food Administrator Hoover to the sentences of suspension which the Federal Board imposed upon 57 New York restaurants and lunch rooms on Saturday. The suspension will last 24 hours and will begin at midnight tonight. Each closed door will bear a placard reading:

**"Closed for this day for violating rules of the Federal Food Administration."**

The places penalized violated wheatless Tuesday and porkless Saturday rules.

### SEAMAN FROM LOWELL WINS A BAILEY MEDAL

Washington, March 11.—Frank Hartley, second class seaman, is the 1917 winner of the Bailey medal given annually to the apprentice seaman enlisted for minority who attains by competitive examination the highest final average in his duties. Hartley's father is William Hartley of No. 52 Birch street, Lowell, Mass.

### ONE JOY RIDER IS DEAD, 3 INJURED, 4 IN JAIL

New York, March 11.—Five men stole an auto, the police charge, and went joy riding in Newark. As a result one man is dead, three injured and four under arrest. The auto skidded and plunged into a telegraph pole. Harry Duryea received a fractured skull and died in a short time. Robert Elliott is in the hospital in a dangerous condition. His skull is also fractured.

TODAY'S BANK STATEMENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| **Boston bank clearings,** | **$31,841,014** |
| **Boston sub-treasury, cr.,** | **48,754** |
| **N. Y. bank clearings,** | **305,088,575** |
| **N. Y. sub-treasury, debit,** | **7,050,453** |

## Nations to Define War Policies This Week

By International News Service.

London, March 11.—Declarations of policy of far-reaching importance are looked for in meetings of public bodies in several of the belligerent countries this week.

A. Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, is scheduled to address the House of Commons on Wednesday, when he may reveal the British government policy toward the question of an economic war after the end of the conflict.

Debate on the Russo-German peace situation is expected to be renewed in the Reichstag at Berlin tomorrow.

At Moscow tomorrow the All-Russian Congress of Soviets will convene to repudiate or ratify the peace treaty effected by the Bolshevik government with the central empires. Considerable opposition has developed against ratification of the pact, although the Petrograd and Moscow committees are understood to be in favor of it.

## BAKER TO VISIT U. S. FIRING LINE

### War Secretary Has Big Program in France for Speeding Up Operations

By International News Service.

Washington, March 11.—An exceedingly comprehensive program is planned for Secretary of War Baker now that he is safely landed in France. Officials said today that among the things which he will do before he returns to the United States will be:

To arrange for adequate docking facilities for the enormous American army and supply trains which must go to the western front, even though to do so may make it necessary for the United States actually to take over and make American territory for the time being, additional French seaports.

To inspect the American battle front and secure at first hand certain very important strategical information on which to base his course in handling the problems of his office here.

To decide with General Pershing on the proportion of regulars, federalized National Guardsmen and National Army troops that are to be shifted to France.

To decide what new railway supplies shall be sent to the American section and to have explained at first hand to him the recommendation of General Pershing on this subject.

To sit with the supreme war council at Versailles and "get its views"

Continued on Page 2, Column 5.

### STALLED CAR BLOCKS SUBWAY 30 MINUTES

Hundreds of passengers were held up today during the rush hour in the subway when a Jamaica Plain car went out of commission at the Boylston street outward bound platform. Passengers from the disabled car were given transfers to surface lines, as were the travelers in the long string of cars coming in from the Brighton and Allston districts. More than half an hour was used up getting the crippled car in working order.

## SIBERIAN INVASION CERTAIN

### China Votes $5,000,000 for 40,000 Expeditionary Force; Japan Plans Mobilization

By FRANK H. KING,
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

Tokio, March 11.—War measures were taken today, both here and at Pekin. A bill providing for the mobilization of war industries and the conscription of labor was introduced in the Japanese Diet.

Meanwhile word was received from Pekin that the Chinese Cabinet had voted $5,000,000 to defray the expenses of an expeditionary force of 40,000 soldiers in Siberia.

A strong movement is reported afoot for the establishment of an independent government for eastern Russia, with the capital at Harbin.

Prince Lvoff, former Premier of Russia, following the overthrow of the Romanoff dynasty, is spoken of for Prime Minister of the proposed regime. A number of prominent Russians are at Pekin conferring on the project.

The foregoing cablegram indicates that intervention in Siberia, in protection of allied interests, is close at hand, and that Japan and China probably will co-operate. Japan is apparently taking measures on a large scale to meet any contingency.

By JOHN EDWIN NEVIN,
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

Washington, March 11.—Important exchanges are in progress between

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

## Austrian Airships Bomb Naples; 12 Killed

Rome, March 11.—Austrian aeroplanes dropped bombs on the city of Naples today. Early reports state that twelve people were killed. The bombs fell in one of the residential sections of the city and one of them struck a hospital.

Naples is some 150 miles in an air line from the Southern Italian battlefronts. It is a little more than 300 miles from Pola, the great Austrian base of the eastern side of the Adriatic. It is probable that the raiders flew from Pola, crossing the Adriatic and the width of Italy.

## NEW YORKERS SEND PROTEST ON DR. MUCK

### Many Women Among Those Who Claim He Is Actively German

Dr. Karl Muck will continue to direct the concerts of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, despite attacks based on the claim that he is a German, it was announced today.

This announcement followed a statement in the [illegible] that an [illegible] would be made to prevent Dr. Muck's appearance with the orchestra in Carnegie Hall, New York city, on Thursday night.

A number of New Yorkers, principally women, have protested to Major Henry L. Higginson, founder and chief supporter of the Boston Symphony Orchestra. They claim that the famous director is indulging in pro-German activities, and that the [illegible]

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

## 4 Killed, Many Injured, in Casualty List From Pershing

**Washington, March 11.—Two naval aviators were killed in France in an aero accident, the Navy Department announced today. They were Andrew Donnie Skaggs, landsman for quartermaster, U. S. N., and Boatswain Leo Shott Harvie. Skaggs' mother lives in Newburn, Tenn., while Harvie's next of kin lives in Cincinnati, O.**

By International News Service.

Washington, March 11.—The names of four more Americans killed in action in France appeared in the casualty list issued by the War Department today.

The other casualties announced were four wounded severely, two wounded, nineteen wounded slightly, four died of wounds and ten died of natural causes, as follows:

KILLED IN ACTION.

Private Frank J. Osgood.
Cook Linnie H. Finnegan.
Private Francisco Disabaline.
Private Otis D. Green.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

Private Joe E. Bush.
Private John E. Frayne.
Private Hansel Van Hoose.
Private Charles Goodisky.

WOUNDED.

Private Anton I. Kolig.
Private Charles H. Sandridge.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY.

Corporal Edward J. Smith.
Private Charles A. Roberts.
Private Floyd R. Lesemann.
Private Mazzarino Faghetto.
Private Emery Wolf.

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

### ARLINGTON HYDRANTS FROZEN: HOME BURNED

Unable to get water because of frozen hydrants, the Arlington Fire Department was today obliged to watch the residence of Russell W. Barr at No. 11 Lancaster street, Arlington Heights, burn to the ground.

The fire is believed to have started from a defective chimney in the attic. When the department arrived, after making several unsuccessful attempts to climb the heights, the fire was practically beyond control.

The loss is estimated at $2,500. Many articles were taken from the house before the department arrived by members of the Barr family and neighbors.

## 1,000-YARD THRUST IN LORRAINE

### Americans and French, In Three Raids, Reach Germans' Second Line

By International News Service.

**With the American Army in France, March 10 (Delayed).—A mixed force of American and French troops penetrated German positions to a depth of 1,000 yards in three successful raids on the Lorraine front yesterday.**

The raids were preceded by an intense bombardment that levelled the German defenses and blew up German dugouts.

There were twice as many French in the raiding parties as Americans.

([illegible] the number of Americans was deleted by censor.)

Two wounded Bavarians were picked up by the raiders and brought back to the American lines as prisoners.

The same American colonel who "went over the top" with the French in their great raid last month, when [illegible] was captured, accompanied the Americans this time.

The raids passed through the [illegible] and No Man's land and worked through the gaps [illegible] in the heavy [illegible] by the allies' artillery.

The German positions were found to have been pulverized by the cannonade.

LOST NO PRISONERS.

A French division General congratulated the Americans on their success and on the fact that they lost no prisoners.

"Zero hour" (the hour of attack) was set for five minutes after 5 in the afternoon.

Artillery has been pounding the German works since noon.

It took the first assaulting party

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

### PLANNING BOAD ACTS TO DEFINE LABOR POLICY

Washington, March 11.—The nation's labor policy for the duration of the war was today in the making. Former President Taft and Frank P. Walsh, representatives of the public on the Labor Planning Board, met today in the first of a series of sessions at which a program will be definitely mapped out. It was announced that these meetings would be held on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week, allowing the conferees to have the unbroken remainder of the week for their other business.

### SENATE TO PROBE ORDER CURTAILING WAR LISTS

Washington, March 11.—The Senate Military Affairs Committee will conduct an investigation of the recent order of the War Department withholding addresses and names of next of kin from casualty lists. Senator New of Indiana introduced a resolution inquiring of the War Department the reason for this order, today had the resolution referred to the Senate Military Affairs Committee "for an investigation." Senators Kellogg of Minnesota and Kenyon of Iowa introduced telegrams protesting against the order.

# SCHEIDEMANN POINTS OUT ROAD TO PEACE IN REICHSTAG SPEECH

## BOTH SIDES MUST GIVE UP ILLUSIONS, SAYS SOCIALIST

*The International News Service presents herewith the text of the sensational speech recently made by Philip Scheidemann, leader of the German Socialist Majority in the Reichstag, in which he urged a "peace of understanding" and attacked U-boat warfare because it caused America's entrance into the war. It was this speech in which he exclaimed:*

*"Suppose we did take Calais and Paris—would that mean peace? I say no."*

### By PHILIP SCHEIDEMANN.

(In a Recent Speech in the Reichstag.)

There are two parties facing each other today. One is of the opinion that within a few months the war could be ended by a smashing success. The other does not believe this. One demands peace by understanding, the other wants peace by force.

Here is a sentence from a speech of National Liberal Deputy Fuhrmann in the Prussian diet:

"History would designate as the grave digger of German power the statesman who would come back from this war without Longwy and Briey, without having seen to it that Belgium remains in our hands and the coast of Flanders is taken from the English sphere of power and that the Meuse line is so adjusted as to fulfill the requirements of our interests."

**BASIS OF CALCULATIONS.**

The calculations of the sword conquerors are based:

1—Upon the submarine campaign.

2—Upon the offensive power of the army.

Of the submarine campaign it was in the memorandum of 1916 that it would be fully and completely successful within six months. I do not want to be credited with such nonsense as the assertion that the U-boat war has been without effect. By no means. Undoubtedly it is inflicting colossal damage upon England. Every Englishman feels it at his dinner table.

**However, the most clearly visible "success" of the U-boat campaign is the entrance of America into the war. Had not America come in, the Russian revolution certainly would have brought us peace long since.**

And now? Now we stand, exactly as a year ago, before a decision of tremendous consequence. It is to be hoped the powers that be will not again be influenced by false prophecies.

**WOULD NOT MAKE PEACE.**

I come to the second factor of sword conquerors—the offensive power of the army. Suppose we do take Calais and Paris—for that, it is said abroad, is to be the object of the coming battles—suppose such a break through had completely succeeded, would that mean peace? I say no. That is the awfulness of this war, that it goes on and on, despite the fact that both sides have long since realized that this conflict cannot be ended upon the basis of a great military decision.

We have overrun whole countries, we have chased foreign governments out of the lands they governed, and yet we have no peace.

**And if at length the youth of England and France were bled to death and England and France were utterly beaten—would we then have peace with America?**

**NEW FACTOR IN WAR.**

A new factor has been lost sight of in this war. The change in the psychology of the peoples. The progress of democracy has heightened the defensive power of the soul in an undreamed of way, both in our country and in the others.

Not in the remotest distance do I see the day on which we would say: We are vanquished, we accept your conditions. But just as little do I see the day on which the French, British and Americans will say: "We are defenceless against Germany, we shall accept her peace terms."

**But if this is so, we should not put all upon one card—the card of the great final victory in the West.**

**LOSS OF LIFE SURE.**

What brutality, by the way, is manifested by the pan-German press. Listen to what the Deutsche Zeitung, this model sheet of the Fatherland party, says:

"In the circles that are filled with the thoughts of Wilhelmstrasse, it is pointed out that a decisive military action in the west is not possible without loss of lives."

Loss of lives! Humans are as cheap as blueberries for these gentlemen!

(Note—Herr Scheidemann then spoke of the negotiations with Russia and denounced the anti-Austrian agitation of some of the Pan-German newspapers. His remarks on these subjects were fully cabled at the time, and are therefore omitted here.)

To the government I want to say this—and I emphasize that I am free from all animosity—rid yourselves of such influences, make yourselves absolutely free from them, and if you cannot do that, then you had better go! If you cannot bring about peace with Russia, go before you are swept away. Make an end of the policy of duplicity and camouflage.

**DEFINITE WORD ON BELGIUM.**

**Once an unmistakable word has been spoken about Belgium, the war-stirring in England will cease.** Hear what Snowden, an influential English Socialist, answered Albert Thomas to the latter's demand regarding Alsace-Lorraine:

That he, Snowden, could assure him that the entire British Socialist movement and the great majority of the rest of England's population would not be willing to see the war prolonged a single day in order to enable France to regain Alsace-Lorraine.

"Not for the sake of Alsace-Lorraine," says Snowden, "did five million of our countrymen voluntarily take up arms; not for that has this country accepted compulsory military service."

It cannot be disputed that in the latest utterances of Wilson and Lloyd George, the willingness to peace is recognizable and we want a peace of understanding.

**CONSEQUENCES SELF-EVIDENT**

The Reichstag demanded it on July 19, demanded it unconditionally. The government put itself on the basis of those demands. The necessary consequences of this are self-evident.

**Both sides must renounce illusions further adherence to which would cost streams of blood. Peace will have to be made upon the basis of facts correctly seen. And these facts are that neither we nor the others can enforce any kind of violatory plans.**

There is being staged at this time, the peculiar Flemish interlude (the German government's effort to separate and estrange the Flemish from the Walloons, with the ultimate object of splitting up Belgium). That is a western counterpart of Courland.

**BELGIAN RESTORATION A DUTY.**

**Hands off! The full, honest, restoration of Belgium, also of her national independence, is our duty of honor.**

We stand by what Bethmann-Hollweg said about this on August 4, 1914. I had ardently wished the Imperial Chancellor had said, with regard to Belgium, quite frankly and openly: "We are ready to give it back, upon the condition, of course, that our enemies on their part renounce their plans of touching Germany's territorial integrity."

As it is, we are not getting anywhere. I am sorry I must say of the Chancellor's speech that out of it speaks a future diplomat rather than a great statesman who has set himself the task to bring to the bleeding world the ardently longed-for peace.

We must do everything to save those who are marked for the Spring battles. We must do everything compatible with honor and with the future of the empire to spare mankind new wholesale sacrifices.

**NEED OF MASSES GREAT.**

Nor must you forget this: The need of the masses is very grave. The food difficulties with us are certainly not smaller than those in England and France. The doings of the reaction in the Prussian Diet seriously intensifies the explosive atmosphere. We must have full clarity about this.

Suppose the negotiations in the East fail and the expectations in the West are shattered—what then?

I do not want to dwell further on this thought, will only say this: We Socialists will do everything for our people and country. **But we will never think for a moment of sacrificing our skins for a government of which we might become convinced that it does not do its duty towards the people!**

## MACLEOD ASSAISL L MANAGEMENT

Continued from First Page.

of a magic wand and say, 'Go to. Let there be good service.' That of course, is not a fact. The Elevated needs new money."

Chairman Macleod went on to say that John A. Beeler, the street railway expert, had estimated that the company could save $1,200,000 a year by more efficient management, but at this point the meeting was suddenly interrupted.

Representative Thomas Weston, Jr., of Newton, a member of the committee, moved that the hearing adjourn. He called attention to the fact that the Governor's [illegible] to break the five-cent fare contract and numerous other bills directed at the Elevated problem were before the Committee on Street Railways. He said that to some it appeared unwise to have the problem in the hands of two separate and independent committees.

The committee then adjourned the hearing until 10:30 o'clock Wednesday morning. It was reported that plans were in progress to have the two committees sit jointly at that time.

**SIX-CENT FARE MEANS $4,000,000**

The committee had previously given a hearing to the bill of William J. McDonald, real estate promoter, which provides for a six-cent fare, the extra cent to be turned over to the city of Boston to pay subway rentals and to improve the service.

Attorney Elbridge R. Anderson, appearing for Mr. McDonald, said that the extra cent would yield about $4,000,000 a year. Part of the extra income would also be set aside to take down the Elevated structures. This would cost about $20,000,000.

Mr. Anderson asserted that the "cost plus dividends" scheme which the financial interests are attempting to push through the Legislature, was distinctly against the public interest. He said that the city of Boston or the State should own all the subways and that public representatives should be appointed to the Board of Directors.

"If you give the 'L' a six-cent fare, you had better put a string on it so the people will know how the money is expended," he said.

President John E. Macy of the United Improvement Association, characterized Mr. McDonald's bill as "a scheme to help only the real estate interests of Boston."

## Aviator Drops Dead

Sedalia, Mo., March 11.—Louis H. Isle, member of the Second Aero Squadron, dropped dead at the railroad station while on his way to his home in Nevoka, Okla.

## BRITAIN WELCOMES TUSCANIA SURVIVORS

SCENE FROM HEARST PATHE NEWS.

**Hearst-Pathe News Reel.—Photo by International.**

One of the first pictures showing the survivors of the torpedoed transport Tuscania marching through the streets of Southampton, England, on their way to visit one of the theatres, where they were entertained. Large crowds turned out to welcome them.

Another series of pictures with an intense appeal to all Americans is shown in the current issue of the Hearst-Pathe News out today. These are the official United States war films, released by the Committee on Public Information through the American Red Cross, and show the first pictures of the Yankees in action on the American section in France. After months of anxious training the order to "get in" arrives. The 75's begin to play from the camouflage batteries and raid after raid is bravely repulsed, though not without the sad sacrifice of war. Members of the American Red Cross are always on hand to watch over the boys.

The first pictures of the survivors of the torpedoed transport Tuscania also appear in this issue, large crowds turn out to welcome them on their arrival at Southampton, England. Entertainment is provided for these men who bravely faced the perils of the deep to join the ranks "over there," as a diversion from their harrowing experience.

The lumbermen of Ashland, [illegible], are seen striving to meet the unusual demands for the supply of wood for ships, camps and nearly all other war operations. They are seen cutting off the branches of the big trees preparatory to removal. The water of Portage Lake is kept hot in Winter by live steam to prepare the wood for the mill. Huge tractors facilitate the transportation of the cut logs.

Other features of this issue comprise scenes showing the adaptability of the modern tractor from Stockton, Cal.; pictures from Seattle, Wash., showing adventurous hikers braving the heavy snows high up in the Cascade Range; scenes from London, England, depicting munition girls with men as their competitors in the field of sport; and pictures showing booths all over the country opened to facilitate the filing of income tax schedules.

## MORE DEATHS REPORTED BY PERSHING

### Long List of American Casualties Given Out by War Department

Continued from First Page.

Private Henry E. Stedman.
Private Elmore Marley.
Corporal Henry W. Dawson.
Private Walter E. Moore.
Corporal Herbert L. Livingston.
Private Joseph Matyvan.
Chief Mechanic Sidney G. Lamb.
Private Ben A. Kosse.
Sergeant George H. Bradley.
Corporal H. G. Whiting.
Private Harold J. Perkins.
Private Carl E. Hanson.
Private Paul O. Nelson.
Private Verd F. Smith.

**DIED FROM WOUNDS.**

Private Lawrence Wenell.
Private Henry J. Sweeney.
Sergeant Theodore Jerson.
Private Jim Edgar.

**OTHER DEATHS.**

Pneumonia—Private Wm. Rhodes, Sergeant C. Howard Peck, Private James Magee, Private Herman Pape, Private Thomas J. Cate, Private George Glenn.

Meningitis—Private Fell Hall.

Appendicitis — Private William E. Taylor.

Fractured skull—Wagoner John C. Collins.

Accident—First Lieutenant Arthur J. Ferrault.

## BATTLES WITH MANIAC ARMED WITH HAMMER

New York, March 11.—Louis Metz, a salesman, battled with a madman at his home, No. 1726 Eighty-first street, Brooklyn. The man appeared at the front door yelling: "I have come to kill you and your family." The man wielded a hammer and Metz was wounded before his son brought him a club. Unable to cope with the crazy man, Metz ran to the street and called for the police. The intruder remained in the Metz house and smashed the windows, every piece of glass and crockery and $300 worth of furniture. Finally policemen caught the intruder. He was taken to Kings County Hospital as insane.

## SEARCH FOR MISSING N. Y. BUSINESS MAN

New York, March 11.—John W. Turrill, who has offices here and resides in Milford, Ct., is the subject of a city-wide search. He has been missing since Saturday morning. Mr. Turrill had been temporarily stopping with friends. His wife came to the Grand Central Station to meet him on Saturday. He did not appear. They were to have visited their son, Donald, a Yale man, at Camp Dix, where he is training as a soldier. Frederick A. Wallis, deputy police commissioner, a personal friend of the missing man, is aiding in the serach.

## MILFORD'S SALARY INCREASES EFFECTIVE

Milford, March 11.—Salary increases recently granted the town clerk and town treasurer in Milford become effective today. The treasurer will receive $1,000 a year, an increase of $400, and the town clerk will receive $500, an increase of $200.

## Carey Heads Dedham Board.

Dedham's new planning board has organized with Henry M. Carey as the first chairman.

## The War in Europe

### By ANTHONY ARNOUX,

Famous Writer on Military Topics.

While the situation created by the suggestion or desire, whichever it may be called, of Japan to send troops to Eastern Siberia, is at the moment the most interesting feature of the war, it is also the one so hidden by an impenetrable veil, that very little can be said about it, with positiveness.

It is evident, however, that there is considerable dissension of opinion as to the advisability of indorsing such action by Japan among the governments and peoples of the allied nations.

This divergence of opinion is sharply and succinctly presented by the leading articles in two of the best known English political weeklies, the Spectator and the Nation.

The Spectator says: "The one question that matters is whether by her actions Japan can or cannot help us more easily to defeat Germany," and after deciding this question in the affirmative, continues: "We hope Japan is about to enter into full military alliance with the rest of us to save or lose everything for the whole world."

**MOMENTOUS DECISION.**

The Nation says: "The decision, which may be one of the most momentous the world can take in our generation, seems to have been made without even so much as a pretence of public debate. The plain fact is that Russia is powerless and imperialistic Japan seeks to despoil her in the East as Germany has despoiled her in the West," and concludes: "We are committed to political intervention in Russia with an Asiatic army as our mandatory agent and with ultimate tragic political consequences to ourselves in India and Australia."

The really interesting question, however, seems to be this: If Japan makes up her mind that she desires to intervene in Eastern Siberia, is any power in the world, Entente or Teutonic, willing and able to prevent her from so doing? If none of the Entente powers are willing and able, and none is, would it not be better politics to bow to the unpreventable gracefully?

Even now there are reports, perhaps not particularly credible, that Japan has already landed troops at Vladivostok. Rumania and Russia have made peace, the former withdrawing her troops from Bessarabia under the terms. Trotsky has resigned the Commissionership of Foreign Affairs of the Petrograd government, but continues to remain a member of the government by virtue of his presidency of the Soviet organizations.

The outlook is that the peace treaty with Germany will be confirmed at Moscow next Tuesday without much difficulty. Various rumors about new movements to overthrow Lenine are in circulation, but do not appear to have much substance.

**BEGINNING OF OFFENSIVE.**

The two attacks by the Germans on the British in Flanders in the past couple of days look like the beginning of the preliminary attacks of their offensive.

This is of course not certain, nor is the locality the point where the real attack is likely to be made.

If, however, this week similar attacks here and elsewhere on the western line develop, it is quite possible that they will indicate with reasonable positiveness that the important offensive is at hand, though these preliminary operations may cover two or even three weeks.

The March winds are reported to be drying up the mud on this western front, so that the ground will soon be in condition.

## START DRIVE FOR 250,000 BOY FARMERS

### Campaign to Be Like That for Shipworkers in State Quotas

By International News Service.

Washington, March 11.—Plans for the drive by which it is hoped to enroll 250 boys for work on farms during the Summer were announced this afternoon by the Department of Labor. The campaign will be conducted by the Public Service Reserve in much the same manner as that which resulted in the recent enrollment of more than 250,000 shipbuilders in a reserve.

The young farm workers will be known as the United States Boys' Working Reserve, and youths between the ages of 16 and 21 years will be called.

Each State will be given a quota.

Although the intensified drive will not start until next Monday, the West is already organizing, it was announced. Already Indiana has enrolled more than 5,000 and Illinois, Kansas, Wisconsin and Missouri have done almost as well. Many of the States are planning to instruct the young workers in the use of modern agricultural implements before sending them to the farms.

## BAKER TO VISIT THE FIRING LINE

Continued from First Page.

points on co-ordination of all forces on the western front."

To confer with Vice Admiral Sims and the British and French naval authorities regarding the part of the United States Navy has played and is playing in the war. This conference will be most important, inasmuch as it will deal with transport convoys, U-boats warfare and problems closely allied thereto.

To secure the views of Premier Clemenceau and Prime Minister Lloyd George on certain matters on which President Wilson desires to be informed.

Secretary of War Baker went to France aboard a naval vessel, Secretary of the Navy Daniels allowed it to become known today.

Secretary Baker will remain abroad an indefinite time. While his mission is in no sense of the word diplomatic, having to deal almost entirely with military problems, he will be able to impress the views of President Wilson very fully on the various officers with whom he comes into contact.

## SAY RAILROADS ARE IN GREAT CONSPIRACY

### Federal Officials Charge Plot to Discredit Government Control

Continued from First Page.

port, the federal officials say, to the effect that train crews, when called for service, have been held from 8 to 11 hours without being sent out on trains. These men are paid for their time, thus adding to the expense of operating without any benefit to the public.

Extra fare trains, on which a rebate is paid to passengers for delays, have been later this Winter than ever before, the report charges, and considerable expense has been incurred in these rebates.

**VINDICATE GARRISON.**

The report thus substantiates practically in every detail the charges made by Garretson and Lee, heads of the trainmen's unions, at Washington recently, when they declared that a nation-wide conspiracy exists to discredit government operation.

"If I were asked to fix the responsibility for this condition," said Mr. Garretson at that time, "I should place it upon four New York banks that handle the great bulk of railroad financing."

The report also charges that the railroads are trying to make the employes dissatisfied with present conditions, and that discipline has been let down greatly since the government took control of the roads. In the past when trains have been consistently late, men have been fined or laid off; now, trains come in a half-hour late or more, the report charges, and nothing is done about it.

**LOBBYISTS GET BUSY.**

While work was under way on the report, lobbyists in the State House here were vigorously contesting certain railroad measures now before the Assembly.

Among the charges made by Messrs. Lee and Garretson at the Washington hearings on railroad wages was one that experienced men had been removed from responsibl positions and inexperienced men put in their places. One of these posts was that of yardmaster at Altoona, Pa.

The Pennsylvania railroad, according to the union officials, was one of the chief offenders in these alleged practices, which were characterized as "sabotage." It was alleged that locomotives, sorely needed to haul coal and food, were allowed to freeze on the tracks, something that had never been permitted before.

## INVITES MRS. WILSON BY CARRIER PIGEON

New York, March 11.—Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, wife of Governor Whitman, released three homing pigeons, which flew rapidly towards Washington, carrying an invitation to Mrs. Woodrow Wilson to attend the military and naval athletic meeting at Madison Square Garden next week. Mrs. Whitman stood on the deck of the land battleship Recruit, in Union square, when she sent the birds on their journey. The invitation was inserted in aluminum capsules tied to the feet of the three pigeons. A pigeon will be released from the White House carrying Mrs. Wilson's reply to the invitation.

## WARLIKE ACTION BOTH IN TOKIO AND PEKING

### Chinese Vote $5,000,000 for Expedition of 40,000 Men Into Siberia

Continued from First Page.

Tokio, London, Paris and Rome today, according to diplomatic officials here. It is understood that they have to do with the proposed Japanese-Chinese military expedition into Siberia.

Officials here believe joint action by China and Japan is almost certain, unless there is a decided change in the situation. Much, however, will depend on the action of the Bolshevik congress which will meet in Moscow tomorrow to act on the latest German-made peace proposals.

Confidential advices received here today say that part of the Japanese army is being mobilized. The Diet has before it a mobilization and a conscription bill, but, according to official advices received here, Viscount Motono, the Foreign Minister, has declined to make a public statement as to how far the government will go into pressing these measures.

**CONFERENCES ARE ORAL.**

It is understood that Ruland S. Morris, American Ambassador to Japan, held a lengthy conference with Viscount Motono on Saturday at which the position of the United States toward intervention in Siberia was discussed. Whether a report of the result of his visit has been made to the State Department by Mr. Morris is a matter on which officials will not comment. Naturally, it is assumed that he did.

The negotiations, however, are being carried on in a distinctly informal manner, Mr. Morris communicating the position of this government orally and the conversations not being made an official record, at least for the time being.

In connection with the Siberian situation and the report from Pekin that the Chinese Cabinet has voted $5,000,000 for the expenses of an expeditionary force, attention was today called to the fact that the best portion of the Chinese army, some 40,000 men well armed and fully equipped, now are at Harbin and vicinity and west of that place, where they command entirely the Siberian railway and the road to Vladivostok and the Pacific.

**CHINESE ARE DOMINANT.**

These troops dominate the entire situation and can prevent any hostile move by German prisoners of war or any other hostile force. Because of their presence there, officials today pointed out, there was no apparent reason for any precipitate action by the Japanese.

It is because they do not believe there is any immediate serious damage to Japan in the Siberian situation that the influence of the United States continues to be thrown on the side of a non-intervention policy. Chinese control at Harbin, with the city of Vladivostok practically under the guns of American, British and Japanese warships, makes any hostile movement impossible, in the opinion of the American officials who are closely studying the situation.

They believe firmly that the Russians, will "find themselves" if they are left to themselves and also are assured that the United States and the entente are friendly and not anxious to take advantage of the present crisis to enrich themselves territorially or otherwise. And it is argued that a Japanese-Chinese expedition just now would play directly into the hands of the Germans and the pro-Germans in Russia.

**THINK FRANCIS IS SAFE.**

Administration officials today discredited a published report that Ambassador Francis and the Japanese Ambassador to Russia, M. Uchida, were detained by the Bolsheviki at Vologda. They said there was every reason to assume that this report was without foundation. Because of the difficulty of communication, messages from Ambassador Francis are few in number and several days old when received, but his last word stated that the Vologda authorities were doing everything possible for him.

**FRANCIS CABLES MORRIS.**

The State Department received today a cable from Ambassador Morris in Sweden, saying that he had received a telegram from Ambassador Francis at Vologda. The fact that no details were given leads officials to believe the message sent by Mr. Francis was purely routine, and strengthens their belief that he is not being detained by the Bolsheviki. The department also received confirmation today of the resignation of Leon Trotzky as Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Other advices reaching the department confirmed the German-Rumanian peace treaty and said that the Rumanian people were protesting against "violent and outrageous terms" that it exacts. It is pointed out that they are in direct contravention to recent utterances in the Reichstag and Reichsrath.

**REDS MENACE PERSIA.**

Reports also were received that about 4,000 of the Russian Red Guard are threatening to invade Persia and already have started to march on Teheran. Still further advices were that General Hoffman, commanding the armies invading Russia, has "apologized" to General Krylenko for the invasion, but that the advance still continues.

Swedish press reports, commenting on the landing of German troops on the Aland Islands, say that the commander of the detachment has assured the Finnish government that Germany is landing forces as a "friend and ally," and that they will be withdrawn as soon as order is restored. He pointed out that one of the Russian-German peace terms specified that Russian troops should be withdrawn from Finland, and it is chiefly to see that this done that Berlin has acted.

## GERMAN LINES PENETRATED BY AMERICANS

### Three Successful Raids Made by U. S. Troops in Company With the French

Continued from First Page.

just eighteen minutes to reach the Germans' wrecked positions.

This party found that the Bavarians had evacuated their lines under the heavy shell fire, having left a number of bodies behind them in their flight.

Two minutes later an American lieutenant telephoned to the American staff officers in the American lines: "We are in the German second line now. Everything is proceeding according to our plans."

The raiders carried a telephone outfit with them across No Man's Land, unreeling the wire as they advanced.

A clean-cut "box barrage fire" protected the raiders in front and on both flanks.

**HARASSED BY SHELLS.**

(A "box barrage" is a curtain of fire which is distinguished from the ordinary barrage by reason of the fact that it protects attacking parties on both sides as well as on the front).

The American and French guns executed efficacious counter-battery work whenever the Krupps tried to reply to them.

The enemy's six-inch pieces kept up a harassing fire and a half dozen big shells fell near an American colonel.

The enemy guns also lobbed over some gas shells into a village where the colonel had left his automobile standing while he took part in the raid.

The raiders obtained much documentary data from ruined and abandoned dugouts. They also found much material which the Bavarians had discarded when they evacuated their lines under the bombardment.

**AIRPLANE SHOT DOWN.**

A two-seater German airplane that was engaged in carrying out observations over the American lines north of Toul was shot down by French anti-aircraft guns on Sunday.

It was a big machine that had been camouflaged and was flying at a high altitude when fire was opened against it by the high-angle guns. Flying shrapnel was revealed by the puffs of smoke that burst around the plane.

Suddenly it careened like a wounded bird and commenced to slide outward. The German pilot tried to volplane into his own lines, but the machine had been too badly damaged.

The plane struck the arth near the American first line trenches, falling into a shell crater, which caused it to overturn, hiding the big black maltese cross, the insignia of German aircraft.

There was much air activity all day Sunday and the troops saw many thrilling contests high in the air, but found it hard to distinguish between friend and foe, so great was the altitude at which the engagements occurred.

The locations of the Franco-American thrusts in Lorraine were not given, but an official statement issued by the German war offfice on Sunday may throw some light upon that matter.

The German war office said that, after a bombardment of several hours, strong allied detachments attacked on Saturday afternoon between Ancewiller and Badonviller. The foremost German trenches were penetrated in places. Howver, the statement continued, German counter thrusts were made and the allied forces returned to their own lines.

Badonviller is 32 miles southeast of the German border. It is in the Vosges mountains district.

## British Penetrate German Lines; Take Prisoners and Guns

By International News Service.

London, March 11.—British raiders penetrated a German position south of St. Quentin during the night, the War Office announced today. Casualties were inflicted upon the enemy and a few Germans and some machine guns were captured.

Farther north on the battle front a German raiding party was dispersed by allied artillery.

Artillery duels occurred along the Franco-Belgian frontier.

## NEW YORK PROTEST AGAINST DR. MUCK

Continued from First Page.

zen is untrue. The claim is also made that there are twenty-three enemy aliens in the orchestra.

In reply to a letter of protest received from Mrs. William Jay of New York, Major Higginson stated that last Fall Department of Justice officials told him Muck might play anywhere in New York and that he intended to do so. He also suggested that the protestants cease "meddling with what is none of their business."

Mrs. Jay declares that her fight against Dr. Muck is not ended and that she is taking steps to prevent his appearance as an orchestra leader in New York city. Associated with her in the protest are Justice George L. Ingraham, Mrs. Carolyn Kane Wright and Mrs. William P. Douglas. They declare that New York will be aligned with Washington, Baltimore, Detroit and Pittsburgh in prohibiting the appearance of Dr. Muck.

## FARMERS' HARVESTER COMPANY IN STRAITS

Washington, March 11.—The Senate this afternoon accepted a resolution directing the Federal Trade Commission to investigate the Independent Harvester Company of Illinois. Senator Gore, who introduced the resolution, explained that the company which had been largely financed by farmers was in financial difficulties and he desired an investigation as to the cause of the difficulties.

# CHARGE ELEVATED FAILS TO KEEP ROLLING STOCK IN GOOD REPAIR

## CARS ROT, LACKING PAINT

### "L" Not Trying to Repair Rolling Stock, Employes Assert

Charges by Elevated employes that not a single car has been sent to the Brattle street shops to be painted this Winter, although the cars are in such condition that 150 painters would be kept busy every day for months, and a condemnation of Elevated service in South Boston by Representative William Foley, are the latest developments in the better service drive.

Cambridge residents, who declared that the conditions in the Harvard square station were a menace to human life, are to be given a hearing by the Public Service Commission. This hearing is to be preceded by a mass meeting of Cambridge citizens to protest at the way they are being treated by the road.

Not three years, as stated by Elevated officials, but six years and even longer has elapsed since some cars on the Elevated road were last painted, employees of the road declare.

**WOODWORK ROTTING AWAY.**

The woodwork on some of these cars is rotting for lack of paint, while six painters are at work in the Brattle street shops painting wooden horses and step ladders and all the other painters in this shop are piping and wiring, occupations of which they know absolutely nothing, an employe declares.

For obvious reasons this man asked that his name be not published. He declared that there has not been a car in this shop to be cleaned or painted this year.

"There is enough work to do painting cars to keep 150 painters busy every day in the week for several months to come," this man declared. "There is no scarcity of painters. The road can get all the painters it needs to do the work, but we have not had a car in the shop this Winter, either to be cleaned or repaired.

**NO BOX CARS BEING PAINTED.**

"Men who were hired to paint cars are painting wooden horses and step ladders and the iron bars which holds the seats of open cars, but no cars are being painted, although the woodwork on some of the box cars is rotting for lack of paint.

"We noticed that one of the officials of the road said that it was three years since some of the cars were painted. It is six years and longer since some of the box cars of the road were painted. And instead of putting painters to work at their trade the road is making them do piping and wiring which are things they knew absolutely nothing about on entering the employ of the road.

"Of course they are learning to do these things. But what kind of management is it that sets a painter to work doing piping and wiring when the road could hire men for less money to do this work much better.

**LOOKS LIKE SKATING RINK.**

"The Boston Elevated should be turning out from 40 to 50 newly painted cars every week. Instead we have not cleaned or painted a car this winter. Last Winter there were often 100 cars on the floor, but this year there are only two cars which were badly damaged in a smash-up. The shop is so vacant it looks like a skating rink.

"A car, which was badly smashed in a collision two months ago, is still in No. 2 paint shop. No effort has been made during all this time to have this car repaired.

"The only time that some of the car windows are cleaned is when these cars are sent to the shop to be painted."

Representative Foley, declaring that the service given in South Boston is inhumane, scored the road for its utter neglect of the patrons of this section.

"The road has paid no attention to complaints. For more than a year past the people of South Boston have pleaded with the officials of the Elevated road for better service but that is past now," declared Representative Foley.

**CAN EXPECT NOTHING.**

"The people now realize that they can expect absolutely nothing from the Boston Elevated road in the way of decent service and that the only solution to the indecent and inhumane overcrowding of men and women in cars and in the South Boston tunnel is to have the road taken over by the people.

"I favor public ownership of the Elevated road as the solution to the service from which both the people and the merchants of South Boston have suffered. And if conditions are such at this time that it would seem inadvisable to spend any large sum of money for this purpose then I shall heartily support and favor public control of the road.

"As long as the Elevated continues under private management the people of South Boston or of any other section may expect no real, permanent improvements in service."

A night newspaper worker was dumped out in the Sullivan square terminal at 12:40 a. m., and left there to find out for himself that no more cars were running to Boston.

He waited until nearly 1 o'clock, when a guard came and ordered them out. He had to find a surface car and pay an extra fare to get to Boston.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

## DR. MUNYON, SPONSOR OF "THERE IS HOPE," DEAD

*Mrs. Pauline Neff Metzger Munyon, third wife and now widow of millionaire patent medicine manufacturer.*

Dr. James Munyon, millionaire patent medicine manufacturer, who posted "There is Hope" on billboards from coast to coast, is dead at Palm Beach, after a long career, marked by several romances.

Inspired by his famous slogan, Dr. Munyon took unto himself a third wife in April, 1908, despite two previous matrimonial alliances which ended disastrously.

The bride was Mrs. Pauline Neff Metzger, actress and divorcee, who was then twenty-four, while her husband was sixty. She was the daughter of Colonel D. J. Neff, a New York State lawyer, who had left her husband and gone on the stage.

**WAS A STAGE BEAUTY.**

Mrs. Munyon was vivacious and admired both for her beauty and her gowns. For some months after the ceremony she seemed to be blissfully happy. Their honeymoon was spent at Atlantic City and the matrimonial sea was apparently calm and unruffled.

Then a series of squalls sprang up, which resulted in a complaint by Mrs. Munyon that she had been ordered from her husband's home at Fifty-fourth street and Columbus avenue, Philadelphia. In 1909 she asked for a separation, but the suit was settled out of court. At this time the dashing Mrs. Munyon was said to have torn up a check for $5,000, given her by her hopeful husband to forsake her histrionic career.

**"NO LONGER ANY HOPE."**

Things went along more or less smoothly for a time, but in December of 1912 the couple engaged in a controversy in the Broad street station, Philadelphia, which resulted in their being taken to the night court. It was said to have been caused by the doctor's objection to his wife's desire for cocktails.

At length Dr. Munyon's radiant optimism deserted him. Believing there was no longer any hope, he brought suit for divorce, which was granted in July of 1917. He declared that to be his last matrimonial venture, at least if he were in his "right senses." Mrs. Munyon dismissed the matter by saying that the doctor was a "geographical error," and that she "should worry."

## RAILROAD MEN RESIGN TO AID McADOO

### Lovett Among Four Who Have Faith in Government Operation

By International News Service.

Washington, March 11.—Four members of the railroad administration signified their faith in government operation of the railroads by announcing their resignations from the railways with which they were connected when the government took over the roads. They are:

Walker D. Hines, assistant to Director-General McAdoo, who resigned as chairman, general counsel and director of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company.

Carl R. Gray, director of the division of transportation, who has quit as president, chairman and director of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, as chairman and director of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Company.

Edwin Chambers, director of the division of traffic, who has tendered his resignation as vice-president of the Atchison, Topeka & Sante Fe Railway Company.

Robert S. Lovett, director of the division of additions and betterments, who has resigned from the Union Pacific.

Director-General McAdoo added that all the members had not only severed their connections with the railroads, but with all other corporate and private interests, and were devoting themselves exclusively to the service of the United States.

### BLODGETT TO HEAD MALDEN CHILD LEAGUE

Malden is to establish a child welfare league and plans to secure a membership of 3,000 adults and 1,500 children. Mayor Charles M. Blodgett will be president. Classes of instruction will be held, with Malden physicians as instructors. The league will also secure and support a public health nurse at $900 per year.

## FAIR WEATHER FOLLOWS THE BLIZZARD

### Brings Relief From Effects of Worst Storm of the Winter

Rising temperature today brought relief to Boston and New England from the severe blizzard that caused widespread havoc throughout the eastern part of the country. The storm passed off to Newfoundland. It goes on record as the most severe storm of the Winter and left railroad traffic and shipping crippled for many hours.

The weather man today predicted fair weather for tonight and tomorrow with slowly rising temperature and moderate winds. A temperature of between 30 and 40 degrees is expected. There were below-zero temperatures today in parts of Vermont and Maine.

**4.2 INCHES OF SNOW.**

The weather bureau reported 4.2 inches of snow fell in Boston, while in other parts of New England the fall was much heavier. Fifteen inches of snow was recorded at Portland, Me., and about 10 inches in Northfield and other parts of Vermont. About a foot of snow fell at Eastport, Me.

Today the steam and electric railroads faced a difficult task in clearing the ice-glazed tracks and switches that seriously menaced traffic. Falling wires and trees caused long delays on the car lines. Trains arriving in Boston today were very late, in some cases due to the frozen and ice-coated condition of the rails.

**ICE DERAILS ENGINE.**

Ice on the rails caused the derailment of the engine of the Boston & Maine train which left Lynn at 5.40 for Boston over the Saugus branch today.

The accident occurred at Lynn Common depot. The cow-catcher of the engine ripped up a part of the cement platform of the station. There were only a few passengers, and no one was injured. The 5:40 a. m. train for Boston makes up at Lynn and is known as the marketmen's train.

## MOTHER JUMPS 3 STORIES TO ESCAPE FIRE

### Follows Baby to Ground at Salem Blaze—Child Is Caught by Spectator

Mrs. Antonio Mello of No. 13 Beaver street, Salem, threw her two-year-old baby Lucy from the window of the third floor of their home and followed by jumping into a snowbank, when they were trapped by a fire which destroyed their home today.

Seven families were driven to the street.

The fire which started from an unknown cause in the attic above the third floor of the tenement house, was discovered by Patrick Coffey, who was passing. As the flames were spreading rapidly, he called to members of the A. O. H. Club next door to sound an alarm, and running to the building aroused the occupants.

Antonio Mello, who with his wife and three children lives on the third floor of No. 13, was awakened by smoke and taking two of his small children he groped his way to the street, calling for his wife to follow with the other baby. When his wife did not come out Mello tried to get back into the building, but was blocked by the smoke.

When Mrs. Mello attempted to leave the flat she found the stairway a mass of flames and smoke and flames coming into the flat through the door. She ran to the window where she called to James Colter who was standing with a group of young men near the fire lines and threw the baby to him. The baby struck Colter on the head and bounced uninjured into his arms. Mrs. Mello then jumped into a snow drift just under the window.

Mrs. Mello received a badly sprained ankle from the fall.

The building was a total loss, only the shell standing when the all out was sounded. Some of the tenants of the house were taken into the homes of neighbors and others were taken to the A. O. H. club rooms for the night.

Damage was estimated by the fire officials at $10,000.

### PROTEST SENDING BOYS TO STATE PRISON

Providence, March 11.—The sentence of Hyman Bernstein, seventeen, to three years at hard labor in the State Prison in connection with the auto thieving system, has aroused club women who criticize sending a youth of that age where he will be housed with hardened criminals.

Bernstein, according to the police, drove off several automobiles. In each instance the police say the stolen cars were delivered to the Summer home of Howard A. Cram, serving a five-year sentence.

While the women say they do not wish to interfere with the wheels of justice, they plan to appeal to Governor Beeckman to have the General Assembly provide other quarters for youths of that age.

### STUART W. MILLAR, JR., MEDFORD, DECORATED

Stuart W. Millar, Jr., twenty-five, son of Stuart W. Millar, of No. 488 Salem street, Medford, was one of the men decorated by the French government for bravery. Millar was a member of the Scotish Clan MacDougall of which his father was at the head. He was also a member of the Mount Vernon Lodge of Masons of Medford. In March, 1917, Millar enlisted in Company E, Fifth Regiment, and was sent with that contingent for duty on the Mexican border. He was captain of Medford High School football team in 1916.

### MUST SERVE TIME FOR COALING GERMAN SHIPS

Washington, March 11.—The Supreme Court today refused to review the case in which employes of the Hamburg-American Line were convicted by the lower courts of attempting to coal German warships at sea. The result of today's action is to allow the sentences imposed by the lower courts to go into effect. The three men who will go to jail as a result are Karl Buenz, managing director of the company; George Kotter and Walter Poppenhouse. Adolph Hackmeister, the purchasing agent, was also convicted by the lower courts, but he has since died.

### FIVE-TON GRINDSTONE BREAKS, MAN INJURED

Brockton, March 11.—A five-ton grindstone, six feet in diameter, broke in three pieces today at the factory of Tuck Manufacturing Company, seriously injuring Wilfred Watson, forty, of No. 62 Richmond street. He was sent to Brockton Hospital and his name placed on the danger list.

Watson was hurled to the ceiling. One fragment weighing two tons went through the side of the building, landing 150 feet away. Another piece fell, tore through the floor and landed in the basement.

### GOVERNOR TO GRACE BIG BALL AT NEWPORT

Newport, March 11.—Governor Beeckman, Mayor Burdick and many naval officers will attend the ball in Masonic Hall on the evening of April 8, in aid of the chapter of the Red Cross. A number of the most prominent women in the State are included in the list of patronesses. Mrs. Beeckman is president of the chapter, and Mrs. Elsie French Vanderbilt vice-president. The honorary committee includes Colonel Oscar I. Straub, C. A. C., Captain Joseph W. Oman, U. S. N., Captain Edward L. Beach, U. S. N., and Captain Edward H. Campbell, U. S. N.

## *Widow of Slain Officer Leaps Into Ocean*

An Atlantic Port, March 11.—While on a voyage of an American steamship from Bermuda, the wife of a Major Thompson, who was killed in action while fighting in the British army in France last year, is believed to have jumped overboard.

Her friends said she had suffered from melancholia.

## MINISTER AGAIN ON TRIAL FOR SEDITION

### Crowd Out at Burlington to Hear Evidence Against Waldron, Formerly of Windsor

Burlington, Vt., March 11.—Large numbers of interested persons arrived here today to attend the second trial of Rev. Clarence H. Waldron, charged with sedition and hindrance of the selective draft operations. The first jury disagreed.

The defendant was formerly pastor of the Windsor Baptist Church, coming there from Passaic, N. J. He is also a member of the Holy Rollers' Society, it is claimed.

Waldron is accused of urging members of his Sunday school to evade the draft. The jury will also be told that he circulated a pamphlet entitled "The Word of the Cross," said to contain seditious statements.

The trial is in charge of Judge Harlan B. Howe of the United States District Court, who last December assigned counsel to the defendant on his plea of lack of funds. Waldron is now represented by [illegible] Rufus E. Brown of Burlington, [illegible] Williams of Utica, N. Y., and Fred Birkness of Windsor.

Waldron, who is about thirty-three years old, refused to allow the bells of his church to be rung on the first Liberty Loan day, the jury will be told. He is also said to have objected to women of his congregation knitting for the Red Cross.

### THRIFT STAMP BUYERS ARE AMPLY PROTECTED

Protection for buyers of thrift stamps who by the end of the year shall happen to hold uncompleted series has been provided by the Treasury Department, according to a circular issued over the Secretary's signature. The Treasury circular says:

"The Secretary of the Treasury will make provision for the exchange of Thrift Stamps after December 31, 1918, into War Savings Certificates series of 1919, upon payment of the additional amount then required, or into some other series or will otherwise protect the interest of holders of Thrift Stamps."

This information, [illegible] today by Robert F. Herrick, state director of the War Savings Committee, settles a point that has puzzled both officials and buyers of the stamps.

The War Savings campaign has reached its highest daily mark with a subscription of [illegible]. Three millions a day provides the Treasury with about one-tenth of the entire amount now being expended by the nation for the war. In other words, the daily cost of the war is about [illegible] cents per capita, and the $3,000,000 means about three cents per capita, enough to finance the government's shipping program.

### CLINTON BOOTLEGGER CAN'T PAY $200; JAILED

Clinton, March 11.—A fine of $200 for illegal sale of liquor was imposed today by Judge [illegible] on Michael MacNamara, sixty-[illegible], a former barber of this place.

MacNamara was recently returned from a term at the State Farm in Bridgewater, is now in jail because of inability to pay the fine.

On Saturday, according to the evidence, MacNamara approached a sergeant of the Provost Guard from Camp Devens and inquired "Isn't there something I can do for you?" Further parley resulted in MacNamara getting a pint of whiskey, for which he was paid $1 by the soldier.

### ARTHUR E. BURR TAKES PROBATE JUDGESHIP

Arthur E. Burr today assumed his duties as Judge of probate of Suffolk County. He was appointed by Governor McCall as the successor to Judge Elijah George, who died recently. Judge Grant took a seat upon the bench with Judge Burr and welcomed his associate. A large delegation of attorneys paid their respects to Judge Burr, who then took up his work. Floral tributes adorned the bench.

### BOSTON COAL ARRIVALS BY WATER 37,000 TONS

Four steamers and three barges today brought in a total 4,388 tons of anthracite and 33,171 tons of bituminous coal. One cargo of 12,500 tons of bituminous was consigned to the local fuel administration.

### U. S. FREE LABOR BUREAU GETS WORK FOR 2,889

Herbert A. Stevens, director of the United States Free Employment Service, announced today that in the month of February 4,220 applications for employment were received and 2,889 referred to positions.

## SAYS HOOVER HELPS THE PACKERS

### Wool Expert Denounces "Meatless" Days and Arouses Senators

By International News Service.

Washington, March 11.—The food administration has played into the hands of the large packers, according to the testimony offered before the Senate Agriculture Committee today.

[illegible] McClure, secretary of the National Wool Growers' Association, told the committee that the packers are paying low prices on meat products because the food administration has ordered that higher prices shall not be paid. He declared that this move by the food administration was what the packers wanted.

At this point in the testimony Senator Kenyon of Iowa broke in with evident disgust, saying: "We might as well admit the packers are as big as the government."

**U. S. CONTROL URGED.**

Senator Kenyon again advised government operation of the packing industry, but Senator Norris said: "What is the use? We have them under government licenses now and don't seem to be able to do anything with them and the same people would have charge if the government operated them."

McClure, continuing his testimony, attacked the "meatless day" policy of the food administration. He declared that there was more beef and mutton in this country than could be possibly consumed during the present year "and our exports are insignificant," he added.

**SHEEP RAISERS LOSE.**

Sheep raisers have lost millions of dollars because of the "meatless days," McClure said, and the result has been the surplus of lamb on the market and consequent low prices, which are driving the growers out of business. The rat situation is also seriously hampering the meat producer, McClure testified.

Senator Gronna of North Dakota interrupted here to observe that "this is only another evidence that the people who are handling the railroad problem are not railroad men."

Senator Gore announced that the investigation would be continued tomorrow and that special attention will be paid to investigating the big packers "which have helped" in price fixing.

### DANIELS WIRES GRIEF OF NAVY FOR MEYER

The family of George von L. Meyer, former Secretary of the Navy, who died Saturday night, today received a message of sympathy from the Secretary, Josephus Daniels. The following telegram was received by Commander C. R. P. Rodgers, U. S. N., son-in-law of the dead man:

"Please convey to the family of the late Secretary Meyer the sympathy of the Navy Department and officers and men of the naval service. I have designated Admiral Spencer Wood, commandant of the first naval district, and Admiral Palmer, chief of the bureau of Navigation, to represent the Navy Department at the funeral."

In respect to the memory of Mr. Meyer, who was at one time Postmaster-General, the flags on postoffice buildings were today ordered down at half mast by Postmaster-General Burleson until after the funeral, which takes place tomorrow. The service will begin at 1 o'clock in St. Paul's Cathedral. Bishop William Lawrence will officiate.

The active pallbearers will be bluejackets from the navy yard. The honorary pallbearers will be Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Admiral Leigh Palmer, President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard, Francis L. Higginson, [illegible], J. Tucker Burr, Kenneth [illegible], Jefferson Newbold and J. A. [illegible]. Colonel Roosevelt was chosen, but his physicians refused to allow him to leave.

Burial will be at Hamilton.

### FALL RIVER STRIKE, 3,000 MEN IDLE

Fall River, March 11.—More than 3,000 mill workers of the American Print Works and the American Thread Works are idle today as a result of a strike of stationary firemen. The other mills threatened by the strike were able to operate, although many of the firemen did not report for work. Unless a settlement is quickly effected the strike may force 20,000 textile workers out of employment.

The firemen's union has presented demands for an eight-hour day without reduction in pay and for closed shop conditions. Officials of the Fall River Cotton Manufacturers' Association have hinted that they are willing to take under consideration the matter of shortening the working day, but they refuse the closed shop demand.

W. Frank Shove, president of the association, said that in calling the strike the union has violated a verbal agreement entered into last December, which was to have been effective until next June. A number of the mills concerned in the strike are engaged on government orders.

### CHARLES FOLLEN ADAMS' FUNERAL IN ROXBURY

The funeral of Charles Follen Adams was held today from his late home, No. 59 Waverly street, Roxbury, at 2:30 p. m. The services were conducted by the Rev. Benjamin R. Willmott, pastor of the Immanuel Walnut Avenue Congregational Church of Roxbury. He was assisted by the Rev. Henry Adams Hersey of Foxboro, a nephew of the deceased. The services were extremely simple. Burial was at Forest Hills.

DORCHESTER woman and her daughter, who are beneficiaries in the will of Miss Rebecca Baker of West Dennis, who left $200,000.

Mrs. Lester C. Keith of No. 33 Lyndhurst street, Dorchester, member of the Dorchester Woman's Club, is the chief beneficiary in the will of the late Mrs. Rebecca Baker of West Dennis, according to the decision handed down in the Probate Court at Barnstable by Judge Hopkins. The case will go to the Supreme Court on appeal.

Mrs. Baker was the widow of Captain Obed Baker, Jr., and in an earlier will she left her [illegible] estate to be divided equally between her two daughters, Mrs. Lester C. Keith of Dorchester and Mrs. Thatcher of Boston, the latter dying about two years ago.

In a new will before the death of Mrs. Baker she left $15,000 to her grandson, Joseph [illegible] of Boston, and a like amount to her granddaughter, Miss Florence M. Keith, a daughter of Mrs. Keith. When the will was presented a contest was made by Mr. Thatcher, who alleged undue influence on the part of Mrs. Keith.

## FIVE KILLED BY TORNADO IN OHIO

### Many Farmhouses Wrecked; Total Loss Is Estimated at $1,000,000

By International News Service.

Van Wert, O., March 11.—At least five persons are dead and a score or more injured, nearly half a hundred farm homes are in ruins and a large number of animals are dead as a result of a tornado that swept northwestern Ohio Saturday night. Four counties, Van Wert, Putnam, Henry and Hancock, were in the direct path of the storm and suffered the heaviest damage.

The known dead:

E. Burt, farmer, living near [illegible].

Mrs. Charles [illegible], sixty-seven, Middle Point.

Rexford Lee, twelve, Middle Point.

Harry Perry, eight, living near Van Wert.

Mrs. Charles Green, Middle Point.

In addition to farm homes wrecked, many barns and outbuildings were destroyed, the total damage being estimated in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. More than 150 families in this county alone were made homeless, the refugees seeking shelter with neighbors during the height of the storm.

### COMMENDS RADCLIFFE GIRLS' FARMING PLAN

Radcliffe's good example in organizing a farm unit may awaken the slow moving Harvard undergraduate body to the fact that such an organization should flourish in that University. The Crimson editorially declares that Harvard could well pattern its efforts on those lines by what Radcliffe proposes to do. The Crimson says:

"With food ranking equal to bullets as far as war necessities are concerned, the Radcliffe plan is true patriotism. We do not need Battalions of Death or squadrons of Amazons, but the more Maud Mullers we have during this war Summer, the greater our strength against Kaiserdom."

## GILBERT, OPERA STAR, BURIED TOMORROW

### Funeral of Famous Dick Deadeye of "Pinafore" Will Be Held in Son's Home.

The funeral of James Gilbert, light opera comedian, producer and manager of musical productions, will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow at the home of his son, Victor B. Gilbert, No. [illegible] Bigelow street, Somerville.

Mr. Gilbert was sixty-seven years old. He had been well known in New England theatrical and musical circles for more than forty years. He was one of the earliest impersonators of Dick Deadeye in Gilbert and Sullivan's "Pinafore."

In 1891 he produced the musical comedy "1492" at the old Park Theatre. For the past eighteen years he had been engaged in coaching amateur productions and put on most of the shows of the Hasty Pudding Club and Pi Eta of Harvard and the Vincent Club.

Last Summer he organized a company and toured the South in the Fall, visiting the National Army cantonments for the Y. M. C. A.

Mr. Gilbert is survived by his widow, formerly Florence Bates, an actress, and two sons.

### NEW $100,000,000 RED CROSS DRIVE

New York, March 11.—A new $100,000,000 Red Cross drive was announced here by William C. Breed, following a meeting of Red Cross officials. It is proposed to collect this big sum in one week, New York's seven-day task being the collection of one-quarter of the set sum.

Among prominent persons drafted by invitation to aid in the $100,000,000 one week drive are: Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Davison, Mr. and Mrs. James W. Gerard, Charles E. Hughes, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Mayor John F. Hylan, J. Pierpont Morgan, George W. Perkins, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Finley J. Shepard, Stephen S. Wise, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Harry Payne Whitney and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney.

### CHIEF BINKS CONTINUES MAYNARD POLICE HEAD

Maynard, March 11.—Frank S. Binks, chairman of selectmen, has been reappointed chief of police, and John Connors has been named again as deputy chief and day patrolman. Samuel M. King and Nicholas J. [illegible], night patrolmen. Thirty special police have been appointed. George H. Gutteridge, town treasurer and chief of the fire department, has been appointed forest warden; John J. [illegible], superintendent of streets; [illegible], superintendent of [illegible]; Albert [illegible], pound keeper, and Fred Axford and Walter [illegible], fire engineers, with Gutteridge.

### U. S. SEEKS WORKERS FOR FARMS AND RAILROADS

Washington, March 11.—Farms and railroads will receive special attention in the general demand for labor, the United States employment service announced. Branch offices of the service have been instructed to ascertain the requirements of the roads. Approximately 900 mechanics already have been sent out.

Experts are making a study of farm labor needs in Eastern and Southern States. Separate attention is given to the cotton farm labor situation in the South. Aid is also being given in South Carolina, New Jersey, Maryland and Delaware.

### REPORT ON MEDFORD POOR FARM TOMORROW

At the meeting of the Medford Aldermen tomorrow night a report will be made by the ordinances and finance committees on conditions at the City Poor Farm, which have been under investigation for several weeks. A sub-committee has inspected the farm and testimony was taken from [illegible].

As soon as this report is made the aldermen will commence their investigation of the construction of the Fulton Heights school, for which $182,000 has been appropriated and an additional $11,000 is now asked.

### NANTASKET BEACH TRAIN JUMPS TRACK

Hull was isolated from the rest of the world when one of the New Haven trains on the Nantasket Beach branch jumped the rail, stopping all transportation to and from Hull. No trains had passed over the branch track during the week-end and the ice-coated condition of the rails is thought to have been responsible for the accident. None of the passengers was hurt.

### SOUTH BOSTON WOMEN MAKE NURSERY APPEAL

A committee of prominent South Boston women headed by Mrs. Theresa Ward Leonard, have made an appeal to the charitably inclined people of the Peninsular district to attend the Wednesday afternoon whists now being conducted for the Columbus Day Nursery in the rooms of the organization in West Fourth street. Nearly 100 poor children are given care and food by the association while their mothers are at work.

### ALLSTON CHURCH FLIES 250 STAR SERVICE FLAG

St. Anthony's Catholic Church, Allston, was thronged by parishioners and many boys of the parish, now in the United States service, when a service flag with 250 stars, was unfurled.

The Rev. Fr. Charles Blanchard, assistant at the church, celebrated mass, assisted by the Rev. James Frawley, C.SS.R., of the Mission Church, Roxbury, and the Rev. William P. McNamara.

# REBUILD FRANCE PLAN WINS ENDORSEMENT OF ARCHBISHOP OF YORK

## A SPLENDID IDEA, SAYS PRIMATE OF ENGLAND, NOW IN BOSTON

The Right Honorable and Most Reverend Cosmo Gordon Lang, D. D., Archbishop of York, primate of England and Metropolitan, has given the Boston AMERICAN an unqualified endorsement of the Rebuild France movement begun by William Randolph Hearst.

His Grace is visiting Boston for the purpose of strengthening the ties between England and the United States. He arrived in this country a week ago. Having been in France and witnessed the wanton destruction of the German invader he speaks from a full heart.

"Splendid! Splendid!" he said as an AMERICAN reporter outlined the work Boston and other large American cities are planning in the way of rehabilitating cities and towns of our sister republic.

**"I can think of no more splendid plan than this of the people of American cities and towns rebuilding the destroyed places in France. It is a splendid idea.**

"Anyone who has stood as I have, in Arras and Bapaume, on masses of rubble and witnessed the utter desolation, cannot but praise the plan for the reconstruction of these once smiling cities. It should be done with tact, so as not to offend the French."

**ACCEPTS PLACE ON COMMITTEE.**

Further endorsement by French authorities of the project came today when Baron Charles Maurel, member of the French High Commission in the United States, accepted a position on the New York committee. The Baron, who has charge of the French war exhibits in this country, said he would do anything in his power to help.

Others who have endorsed the project during the last few days and agreed to become members of the New York committee are Bernard M. Baruch, chairman of the War Industries board; Edwin F. Borsheck, vice president of the Metropolitan Trust Company and former national bank examiner for California, Chicago, and New York; Major Lloyd Griscom, former ambassador to Japan, Brazil and Persia; Noble F. Hoggson, widely known builder and member of the American Industrial Commission to France, and Earl D. Babst, president of the American Sugar Refining Company.

Mrs. A. Burnett-Smith, special representative of the English government in the United States, who has been visiting Boston, approves the proposition. She considers it a "practical and immensely humanitarian" plan.

Miss Rosalind Hurtubis, a prominent Boston society girl, doing important war work, says we should reconstruct the destroyed cities and towns of France as a memorial to our heroes.

**APPROVE OF PLAN.**

Both of these women have written special articles for the Boston AMERICAN as also has John F. Malley, Collector of Internal Revenue of Boston.

They follow:

### MRS. A. BURNETT-SMITH,
Special representative of English government in United States.

To any one who has seen as I have seen the fiendish destruction and desecration of property and family life in Belgium and France, the scheme for American cities and towns to take a very active part in reconstruction makes a singular appeal. Since I came to this country I have realized as never before how difficult, almost impossible, it is for a people 3,000 miles away from the war zone to visualize what is happening there.

This practical and immensely humanitarian scheme proves in a very fine way the greatness and tenderness of the American people. I wish you God-speed in your work, which will meet with the admiration and gratitude, not only of suffering France, but of the entire civilized world.

### MISS ROSALIND HURTUBIS,
Boston society girl and war worker.

For some time I have been very much interested in the work of rehabilitation abroad, and this idea of American cities adopting and rebuilding ruined French cities appeals to me greatly.

We are still a debtor to France for her aid in the Revolutionary War, and we owe her more than mere words of thanks and loans of money for turning the German hordes away from America in the battle of the Marne. Very few of us long realize the awful horror and desolation of a land laid waste by rapine. But I am sure that if we could once get the picture of it as it really is, in our minds, we would all understand more clearly our duty toward the country that has saved us from it.

There is another, a more personal reason why we individuals, we should all welcome this opportunity to do our bit, for France. There is hardly a person in America, now, who does not thrill at the name of some French town, because a dear one has written home a description of it. At the end of the war, many of the dear ones will have made the Great Sacrifice and will be sleeping forever, in those little French towns. And we must leave them there, for the country they have reclaimed, at such a price, is their country.

Here, at home, we will erect monuments to their memory, but at best, this will be a poor kind of tribute. How much more it will mean to make that little French town livable again, so that future generations will pass the American cemetery, with almost a feeling of kinship for those who are buried there. If our boys are willing to offer their lives to buy back the lands of France, should we not be willing to offer a few personal comforts to buy back the homes. Let us do it as a memorial to our heroes, if for no other reason!

### By JOHN F. MALLEY, collector of internal revenue, Boston.

Americans are in duty bound to provide in a large way for the rebuilding of the ruined cities and towns of France. The project which the Hearst newspapers have espoused should be placed on a higher plane than a mere re-payment of the debt of Revolutionary days.

I believe that America's aid in the reconstruction of the war-torn sections of France is an obligation that all lovers of democracy should recognize and support. For the battleground where Prussianism is being crushed is the battleground of all free men. Though the struggle is in the hills and valleys and plains of France, it is our struggle in equal measure, with the other free peoples who fight in liberty's cause.

The beautiful towns of France were ruined by an enemy who was no more an enemy of France than of America; not as much an enemy of fair France as of self-government and the right to be free men.

Friendship is in itself a motive sufficient to ensure America's sympathetic aid in this reconstruction. But the American motive should arise from a deeper inspiration—the desire to fulfill America's duty to the cause of democracy.

Events of the present war have disclosed that the aggression of the military-mad leaders of Germany was aimed at America, as well as France and Britain and other nations of wealth and power. Here was the treasure-trove that would enrich the conqueror's host. Here was the booty with which to reward the millions who, deceived and blinded by the doctrines of their imperial leaders, abandoned civilization and attacked their fellow-men.

America's wealth of iron, copper, coal and other natural deposits was to be wrested from the possession of free men.

The principle of self-government was to be crushed under the heel of the military monster from Berlin; the fertile soil on which liberty flourished at its best was to feed the roots of a tyranny more terrible than any that has afflicted the human race in all its history.

The road to this reward lay through Belgium and through France. With France crushed, then England brought to her knees, the way would be clear. Instead of feeble resistance, the Prussian horde found in France its check, its defeat and its death-knell.

The battleground and its war-swept ruins should be as sacred to us as our Bunker Hill, our Lexington, our Gettysburg and our other landmarks of liberty. It should be our pride that we can have a part in the reconstruction. Let there be united in that vast area of reconstructed hamlets and villages the architecture both of America and Europe. Let there be a distinction in the construction that will stretch from the North Sea to Switzerland to characterize this "Liberty Land" where free men from every clime joined forces to crush forever militarism and autocracy and to establish for the millions yet unborn a world democracy.

## *Says a Cat in Hades Has Same Chance as the Kaiser*

Baltimore, Md., March 11.—"The Kaiser has no more chance of winning the war than a celluloid cat has of catching an asbestos rat in hell," said Senator Kenyon of Iowa before members of the Maryland League for National Defense.

The Senator apologized to the Rev. Dr. Peregrine Wroth, who presided, for the strength of his language.

He urged Americans to buy no goods "manufactured by murderers under the direction of a ruler who had ordered defenceless women and children murdered."

"Let the people of Germany take their goods and go to hell with them," he shouted.

"Don't do your bit. Do your damndest."

## TWO BOYS KILLED AS WALL FALLS AT FIRE

Philadelphia, March 11.—Two boys were killed and five others were injured, two probably fatally, when they were caught under a falling wall when fire swept a warehouse in Market street here.

The dead are Robert Dawson, fifteen, and Joseph A. Gallagher, thirteen, both of Philadelphia.

The injured are John Bachman, eleven; John Gennon, twelve; John Fitzpatrick, eleven, and John, twelve, and James Walsh, fourteen, all of Philadelphia.

## HOOVER CONFERS WITH MILL DISTRICT MEN

New York, March 11.—Federal Food Administrator Herbert C. Hoover has started a four-day conference at the Hotel Biltmore with zone chairmen of food administration in milling districts throughout the country.

Consideration of production problems, distribution, and possibly prices, engage the attention of Mr. Hoover and his associates.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

## ARCHBISHOP THRILLS TWO AUDIENCES

Most Rev. Cosmo Gordon Lang, D. D., Archbishop of York, England, made two notable addresses in Boston today. First he spoke to 1,500 clergymen and laymen in Park Street Church, later he addressed 600 Boston business men at a luncheon arranged in his honor by the Boston Chamber of Commerce.

Speaking in the Park Street Church, the distinguished prelate pleaded for prophets as well as patriots in Christian churches.

He emphasized the need of purity among the men in the army and navy and spoke of the great preparations going on in every community in England to keep them upright upon the return of the men from the fighting front.

"We feel a better social order is coming after this war that will be worthy of the sacrifices that have been made," said the archbishop. "It is impossible to exaggerate the responsibility upon those who are appointed witnesses of Christ. We must remember who is the present judge of our civilization and that He is manifesting Himself afresh.

**PATRIOTS AND TRUSTEES.**

"In this particular way we must not only feel we are patriots, but trustees of the kingdom of God. As such we have to be men who are endeavoring to hear his voice and to interpret the conscience of the nation. In other words, we are to be prophets as well as patriots.

"There was great danger with us in England lest in the fervor of our patriotism we should forget to be prophet and not always patriot.

"It is for us all to consider the mobilization of the Christian forces as well as the natural ones, lest at times it should appear that we had overlooked those spiritual forces which had to be brought to the front at this particular time.

"I would emphasize the call to prayer to which hwe were driven when we received the appalling list of our losses in the first few months of the war.

"We want to give the people some new view of what Providence means and not forget what is under those terms, the sovereignty of God.

"Toward this end we must not overlook influence of a penitent mind, so that we may not become too self-righteous or self-centred.

**SPOKE TO MILLIONS.**

"I spoke to our four million and a half of soldiers in France, and I found they rose to the occasion as I told them that when they returned as citizens to their native country they would find a stronger brotherhood of mankind existing. They applauded the utterance which grew louder when I spoke of the better day for the common and plain people of the world.

"No narrow conception of denominationalism will exist after the war. There will be the commonwealth of God, which will be composed of all Christian denominations. This unity of purpose and will that has brought us together in this war will show itself in great efficiency after the war that we may follow our own courses, but we shall maintain a great spirit of co-operation."

Bishop William Lawrence asked for the co-operation of the ministers to use their influence to keep the communities where they ar working free from social diseases, and showed that camp life meant the decrease of such diseases.

**DR. WOELFKIN SPEAKS.**

The Rev. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, New York, quoted extensively from addresses of Abraham Lincoln and asked that the spirit of the martyred President be the one which is to rule us in our present action:

"I'm the son of German parents," he said. "My father was a Hessian, a name not held in high esteem in the tradition of American history, but my father served in 1861 and then in 1863 he re-enlisted. My mother was a Hessian, too, but never regretted the service which he rendered this country. I am proud of it today. If I had in my veins a drop of blood not loyal to this country, I would cut my veans and let it out.

"I speak to my German friends, and many of them are loyal, especially the young man with whom I have held many conversations. I pledge these young Germans and others as well as myselff to give what I have to the honor and interest of this country.

"They are loyal and every German is loyal who knows what this country at this present time is standing for."

**ADDRESS AT LUNCHEON.**

The Chamber of Commerce luncheon was held at the Brunswick. The Archbishop declared that the "brain, wealth and will" represented by organizations of American business men similar to the Boston Chamber of Comerce might prove "even more effective than the American soldir."

Henry I. Harriman, president of the Chamber, acted as master of ceremonies and introduced Dr. Lang, who spoke on "The Financial and Economic Aspects of the War." Dr Lang said:

"I have been greatly impressed by what I have seen of the American army, but I believe that the brain, wealth and will which is represented in organizations like the Boston Chamber of Commerce may prove to be even more effective than the army in th winning of th war.

"The government of Great Britain has increased its arsenals from three to 150 during the present war. The government now has 5,000 controlled industrial establishments engaged in the production of munitions of war. Ten thousand contractors are enrolled by the government in the work of the war. This coming Spring, for the first time in history, England will put 3,000,000 more acres under cultivation than ever before.

"The English people are bearing up under a daily expenditure of $32,500,000. I am convinced from what I have seen and heard that the business men of the United States are ready to stand any saurivce which may be required of them to secure once and for all time an assured peace among the nations or the world."

ADAMS
Pure Chewing Gum

a Stick a day keeps thirst away

BLACK JACK

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY

The Onward March of Progress

CHAPTER XI
An All-Round Development

The best orchestra is not the one which concentrates particularly on virtuoso first violins, but the one which develops every instrument, even the humblest, toward perfection. The best athlete is not the man who concentrates on running or boxing, but the man who develops *all* his muscles to the acme of physical perfection. Just so the best store is not the one which concentrates on its striking, most interesting, always appealing lines of merchandise, but the one which develops *every* department, even the dullest and seemingly insignificant, to the ultimate degree of usefulness.

Unceasing effort and unrelaxed vigilance in the pursuit of an all-round development have marked the progress of the Jordan Marsh store. Here you will not find that lavish outlay to secure the latest, ephemeral, eye-attracting novelties has been at the expense of the solid, necessary, always-with-us staples. Our merchandising system makes the most spectacular and desired article in any line and the most commonplace, every-day necessity, equally easy to secure. The All-Round Store must have an All-Round Development. Such a development has made this store a New England Institution.

Jordan Marsh Company

Be a Morning Shopper

Jordan Marsh Company

*Notes Around the Store*
Store Hours 8:30 to 5:30

* * *

Q.—Who is the "boss" in our store?
A.—The Customer.

* * *

Shop by mail.
Our Mail Orders are handled by people of long experience in merchandise and consequently of dependable judgment.

* * *

You can rely on their immediate and painstaking attention to your wants, whether the articles desired have been recently advertised or not.

* * *

Time is money today as never before, and the easily accessible store is indeed fortunate. Our customers are reminded that we have entrances on Washington, Summer, Avon, Chauncy and Bedford streets.

* * *

Kitchen gardens will solve the food problem and win the war, we are told. Our Book Store maintains a large table piled with Garden Books, arranged for quick selection.

* * *

The new Easter Novelties make our Toy Store one of the brightest spots here. Mothers really owe it to the kiddies to bring them to see these Bunnies and Ducks.

* * *

Ninety-nine War Dish Recipes have been compiled by Dorchester High School Girls, and are on sale at 25c at a special booth, street floor, Main Store. Another way to help—the proceeds go to war service work.

* * *

The return to normal opening and closing hours does not mean that all congestion problems are conquered. Women will still find it more satisfactory to Shop Mornings.

* * *

The "flowers that bloom in the Spring-tra-la" will look even more alluring in the proper jardinieres and pots. We are showing some really beautiful pieces in Rosecraft and Roma Ivory wear.

* * *

Increased cares and heavier work in war times are often productive of eye strain. Why not drop into our Optical Goods Section on the street floor, New Building, to settle the matter of glasses?

* * *

The New England Surgical Dressings Committee has appealed for 30,000 dollars to buy materials for the next three months. The need for dressings is imperative—you can contribute service as well as money by joining the workers at the store branch, Sixth Floor, New Building.

* * *

Our best grade heavy Gray and Khaki Yarns, for Army and Navy Knitting, are on sale this week at 65c a skein. This will make it easier for many patriotic women to
—Knit Socks
—Knit Sweaters
—Knit Helmets
for the boys in the service.

* * *

*Shop Before Noon*
Jordan Marsh Company

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY—The House of Reliable Merchandise—JORDAN MARSH COMPANY

*With Spring days just around the corner—**NOW** is the time to select your new suit—particularly when we have arranged several **Special** Groups at **Special** Prices*

Women's and Misses' Suits

Each one brimming with style attractiveness and good value

*Women's Suit At 29.50*
*Women's Suit At 33.50*
*Women's Suit At 25.00*
*Misses' Suit At 33.50*
*Misses' Suit At 29.50*
*Misses' Suit At 25.00*
*Women's Extra Size Suit, 75.00*

Flare, belted, plaited and strictly tailored styles developed in serge, gabardine, silvertone velours and tweeds

25.00—29.50—33.50—39.50

—Women's Suits—
at 25.00
One of 15 styles; tailored enough for street wear, yet also appropriate for semi-dress wear; navy and black serge only.

at 29.50
One of 22 models; tailored and semi-tailored styles; model sketched has ripple back with chain stitching, and Sammy over-collar of faille silk.

at 33.50
Style sketched—One of 25 styles; in silvertone velour and serge, smartly tailored; other smart styles with short ripple backs and directoire fronts, also button through tailleur styles.

—Misses' Suits—
at 25.00
Navy serge and check suits on strictly youthful tailleur lines; ripple coat, notched collar, straight line skirt with belt and gathered back.

at 29.50
One of the newest belted styles, with white linen waistcoat, snug fitting sleeves fastened with straps, and bone buttons. A choice of serge or gabardine in navy and light shades.

at 33.50
The "Peggy" Blouse Suit, reproduced from an imported model; note the becoming draped collar, one sided effect peplum and pocket. In navy and rookie gabardine.

Women's Extra Size Suits at 29.50
Notably attractive new Spring suits for the woman of large figure, in smart tailored lines, of fine quality serge, braid trimmed; in black and navy.

Extra Size Suits 39.50
Attractive new suits of Poiret twill and fine black and white check all wool materials; a reproduction of a Worth model, with ripple back and pointed front.

*Sketched—A French Gray Suit of Tricotine, with collar and vest of Monaco Blue Moire Silk ............75.00*

*Hundreds of Other Snappy Models from 25.00 to 100.00*

Jordan Marsh Company

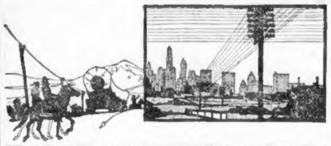
*Buy Smileage Books*
All Mail and Telephone Orders Given Prompt Attention
*Buy Thrift Stamps*

## 1,500,000 HENS LAY TO HELP U. S. WIN THE WAR

Chicago, March 11.—More than 1,500,000 hens and pullets, appreciative of the lease of life given them by order by Food Administrator Hoover, are laying eggs to the utmost of their ability. In consequence, storage warehouses are likely to receive shipments in April that will break all records, State food administrator said yesterday.

## FRENCH WAR NURSE TELLS OF WORK AT WAR FRONT

Miss Alice Thorpe, a French military nurse whose work in surgical hospitals was within the firing lines, addressed the members of the Medford Business Women's Unit at which a fund was raised and presented toward the purchase and care of one of the portable surgical outfits. The meeting was in charge of Miss Marie A. Beaudet.



**The Past That Makes The Present Possible**

Year after year since 1851 the Western Union Telegraph Co. has gone ahead, growing in scope and public usefulness. Now it uses one million, five hundred thousand miles of wire—goes into twenty-six thousand cities, towns and hamlets—and gives work to fifty thousand employees.

Today under war conditions, thousands of our boys in khaki are safer, happier, better clothed, better housed and better equipped because there is such a thing as a world-wide telegraph system.

**THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.**

We Give and Redeem Legal Stamps

**HOUGHTON & DUTTON Co.**

We Give and Redeem Profit Sharing Stamps

**Double Legal Stamps ALL DAY TUESDAY**

Our customers may now have their choice of either **LEGAL STAMPS** or Brown **PROFIT SHARING** Stamps.

# Y. M. C. A. IS TO AID MAN IN OVERALLS

### Plan to Establish Hut at Every Munitions Plant to Counteract "Labor Blues"

By International News Service.

New York, March 11.—Men in overalls "over here" need as much encouragement as the men in khaki "over there."

With this slogan the Y. M. C. A. announced the launching of a huge campaign to sustain the morale of the workmen of the United States to the point of victory in the war.

Industrial conditions, it was announced, have changed radically in the past year, and some of the biggest minds of the country have been grappling with the problem.

"Labor blues" has been one of the psychological developments, and it is to counteract this and other aspects of the question that the Y. M. C. A. has now set itself the task of establishing, within a year, a hut at every munitions plant, shipyard and every other essential industry site in the country.

The "safety valve" of recreation and conditions approaching those in the homes of workmen is the fundamental object. Success already achieved at the mushroom town of Hopewell, Va., lends every encouragement.

Summarized, the Y. M. C. A. plan proposes to provide shelter, recreation, educational opportunities, friendly encouragement and all the other things the organization is now giving to the soldiers in Europe, and in the camps in this country.

The new plan, announced here at the international headquarters of the Y. M. C. A. is the result of a series of conferences which have been going on here for the past few days, under the direction of the newly appointed committee of the War Work Council on work in war industries. Sessions have been almost continuous, and attended by representatives of labor, by employers and by social workers, thoroughly in touch with conditions. The Federal Department of Labor was specially represented.

"The soldiers of industry are going to be given the same recognition and the same stimulus to win the war as their brothers in khaki," the report said.

Further conferences are to be held in the West and in New England.

## CHARGE NIGHT RIDERS WAR ON NEGRO FARMERS

Paris, Tex., March 11.—Seventeen white men of Red River County were brought to jail here by Federal agents arrested as alleged night riders and accused of terrorizing negro farmers of that county, causing many to abandon their farms. The men were arrested on warrants charging violations of the national defence act. They waived preliminary hearing and were held on bonds ranging from $1,000 to $5,000.

MERCHANTS LEGAL STAMPS

**GILCHRIST'S BASEMENT STORE**

STORE OPEN 8:30 to 5:30

*HERE IS YOUR CHANCE!*

**Smart Spring Coats For Women and Misses**

**$14.98**

Splendid assortment of up-to-the-minute styles in new Delhi and wool poplin coats. Colors are: infantry blue, sand, navy and black. Fashion and quality and the low price make these coats a leading value, and they will sell rapidly.

**Extraordinary Sale!**

**Girls' Dresses 89c**

Good quality plaid gingham, prettily trimmed with white soutache braid, white pique collar, lacing at front and smart plaited skirt with pouch pockets. Sizes 6 to 14.

**Hosiery Bargains**

**Women's Colored Stockings 25c**

Mercerized lisle in all the new Spring colors. Sizes 8½ to 10.

**Boys' School Stockings 27c**

Extra heavy rib black cotton, fast colors. Sizes 8 to 11. First quality.

**Unusual Values!**

**New Model Corsets $1.19**

Of rich silk brocha strips, pink, with elastic top, latest and most desirable models.

**Corsets 79c**

Latest model, low bust, elastic tops, dainty pink.

**Brassieres 29c**

Latest models, perfect fitting and beautifully made, trimmed with fine embroidery, also models in pink mesh.

$2.50 in gold will be paid to any customer who calls to our attention any case in which we fail to take a self-acting reduction when due.

The price tag on every piece of merchandise is dated when first placed on sale. If it doesn't sell out before 12 days the first price is reduced.

**SELF-ACTING REDUCTION**

25% Reduction after 12 Selling Days.
50% Reduction after 18 Selling Days.
75% Reduction after 24 Selling Days.
GIVEN AWAY after 30 Selling Days.

Mail Orders in Basement Store Filled as Long as Advertised Lots Last

# HAPPENINGS IN SOCIETY

### Miss Eleanor Brigham's Second Recital and War Aid Ball Open Social Week

*Miss Irene Armes, who recently went to France to take charge of the social work of the Y. M. C. A. in Paris. Miss Armes is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wilard O. Armes of Lexington, and a granddaughter of the Rev. P. C. Headley, the historian.*

By KATHARINE ALDEN.

Miss Eleanor Brigham today gives the second in a series of recitals at her studio, No. 82 Chestnut street, for the benefit of the "Practice Club Wool Fund." The studio will be decorated with posters representing the English, French and United States war service. The program will consist of children's music, with Miss Bertha Wesselhoeft Swift, soprano, and Miss Eleanor Brigham, pianist. Miss Brigham is a niece of Mrs. McPherson LeMoyne of No. 31 Massachusetts avenue, and a cousin of Mrs. Thomas G. Stevenson of No. 10 Fairfield street and Mrs. Stafford Wentword, of Dudley lane, Milton, Mass.

A few of the patronesses for this function are Mrs. Charles B. Barnes of No. 111 Marlboro street, Miss Elizabeth B. Ely of No. 297 Beacon street, Mrs. Edward Jackson Holmes of No. 296 Beacon street, Mrs. Arthur F. Nazro of No. 12 Myrtle street, Jamaica Plain, Mrs. Henry Hillman Nichols of No. 282 Commonwealth avenue, Mrs. William G. Nickerson of Dedham, Mass., Miss Cornelia Warren of Cedar Hill, Waltham, Mass., Mrs. Daniel Page Wheelwright of No. 785 Center street, Jamaica Plain and Mrs. Stephen Townsend.

* * *

[illegible] at the Copley-Plaza for war relief work by All Souls' Lend a Hand Club is held tonight. The ushers will be Davis H. Judd, head usher; Wesley Jones, [illegible] Edward Jackson, Earle Appleton, Russell Partridge, T. L. Johnson, Harry C. Grafton, Jr., U. S. N. R., Barron Brainard. Governor Samuel W. McCall and Mrs. McCall and Mayor Andrew J. Peters and Mrs. Peters have been invited and are expected to occupy one of the boxes.

## BIG WAR CAMP DRIVE AGAINST MOSQUITOES

Washington, March 11.—Uncle Sam's fighters will have a mosquitoless Summer if the Spring drive of the Public Health Service meets with the success promised today.

The Public Health Service has prepared to wage a bitter war against every form of malaria-carrying insect in and around army camps and cantonments and to make each as free of malaria as the Canal Zone.

An area is to be established about each camp, and by the wholesale use of oil, drainage, mosquito-eating minnows, and the screening of quarters the mosquito is doomed to starvation or sudden death.

**FOR LUMBAGO**

**Try Musterole. See How Quickly It Relieves**

You just rub Musterole in briskly, and usually the pain is gone—a delicious, soothing comfort comes to take its place.

Musterole is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Use it instead of mustard plaster. Will not blister.

Many doctors and nurses use Musterole and recommend it to their patients. They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frosted feet, colds of the chest. Always dependable.

30 and 60c jars; hospital size $2.50

**MUSTEROLE** WILL NOT BLISTER

**26,000**

Wireless Operators now needed by the Government

15,000 FOR ARMY
10,000 FOR AVIATION
1,000 FOR NAVY
SECOND DRAFT ALMOST HERE!
PREPARE NOW!
SPECIAL CLASS STARTS MARCH 18th.
DAY AND EVENING CLASSES AND PRIVATE INSTRUCTION.
RATES REASONABLE!

Call, write, or phone for illustrated prospectus.

**EASTERN RADIO INSTITUTE**

899D Boylston St. Tel Back Bay 5964, Boston, Mass.

# GALLI-CURCI IN FINE VOICE AT CONCERT

Galli-Curci, reigning favorite coloratura soprano, came back Sunday afternoon to Boston, scene of her recent operatic triumphs, and gave a concert in Symphony Hall. Only a star of the first magnitude could have drawn such an audience, especially on so stormy a day. The hall was filled to capacity, even standing room being crowded.

The singer gave no evidence of the strain of her long and busy operatic season. Her voice maintained through a protracted program its exquisite freshness, buoyancy, [illegible], color and tone.

Several familiar numbers and a few novelties comprised her program. Opening with Giordani's "Caro mio ben," and Hook's "Pretty Creature," she then launched into two operatic numbers, from Mozart's "Marriage of Figaro" and Rossini's "Barber of Seville," which she sang with true artistic fervor.

A group of modern French songs, including the placid "Watteau Pastorale" by [illegible], [illegible] "Papillon," and Sibella's "La [illegible]," gave her range for [illegible] singing, and a group of ancient French airs afforded contrast in quiet tones, slow movement and thoughtful expression.

She sang Thomas' mad scene from "Hamlet" with masterly interpretation. In this her birdlike notes were sustained and contrasted by flute obbligato, efficiently rendered by M. Berenguer. He also led her upper tones through a [illegible] of prolonged top notes in Benedict's "La Capinera." This flute test, one of the hardest for sopranos, she met with the ease and [illegible] that have marked her voice as wonderful.

Mr. Berenguer gave additional variety to the program by several flute solos, warmly received. Homer Samuels was the accomplished pianist.

Mme. Galli-Curci was gracious with her smiles and thanks in response to many recalls that compelled her to walk a prodigious distance back and forth across the deep stage, and was generous with encores.

After the concert was over the audience remained clamoring for more, and would not depart till the singer had seated herself at the piano and, to her own accompaniment, rendered "Home, Sweet Home" in the haunting melodic style that makes that song immortal. This was hailed as a triumphant finish to one of the most satisfying of Symphony Hall concerts.

Next Sunday afternoon Jascha Heifetz, the new discovery in the violin world, is to be the soloist.

# BOSTON IN NEW MUNITIONS DISTRICT

### Ordnance Department to Get in Close Touch With Producing Plants

By International News Service.

Washington, March 11.—The army ordnance department will get in closer touch with its producing plants.

Brigadier-General Charles B. Wheeler, acting chief of ordnance, announced a plan designed to bring about a decentralization and more intimate contact with the munitions manufacturers.

The United States has been divided into munition districts, with headquarters for the several zones at Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Rochester, Boston, New Haven, Detroit, Cincinnati, Chicago, New York and Philadelphia.

**A LOGICAL DEVELOPMENT.**

The new plan was declared to be one of the logical developments of the reorganization of the ordnance department several months ago. In addition to bringing the department into direct connection with the industries so that the work of turning out war material may be followed up more closely, it also assures better inspection facilities, quicker payment for work done and more exact information as to the progress on all the [illegible] of war.

The department's announcement clearly outlines the areas covered by the several districts. The few factories making munitions not embraced in these districts will be handled directly from the production division in Washington as heretofore.

Similar plans will be followed by the finance division and by the inspection division. Their field forces will be established in the same district headquarters with the production division.

**NAMES DISTRICT CHIEFS.**

The department's co-ordinator will be Colonel Samuel McRoberts, head of the procurement division. He will co-operate with the district chiefs who have been appointed as follows:

Pittsburgh district—Ralph [illegible] Dravo, steel constructor.

Cleveland—Samuel Scovill, Cleveland Illuminating Company.

Rochester—F. S. Noble, Eastman Kodak Company.

Boston—Levi H. Greenwood, Wakefield Rattan Company.

New Haven—Waldo C. Bryant, Bryant Electric Company, Bridgeport, Ct.

Detroit—Fred J. Robinson, Lewis & Robinson Lumber Company.

Cincinnati—Charles L. Harrison, Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce.

Chicago—E. A. Russell, Otis Elevator Company.

New York—Samuel G. Allen, Lima Locomotive Works.

Philadelphia—John C. Jones, Harrison Safety Boiler Works.

# *Wants Providence to Save Money for People*

Providence, March 11.—"I want the city to borrow $200,000 for the purpose of buying necessaries of life which can be sold to the people at cost," Alderman Vito A. Famiglietti told the members of the Board of Aldermen and says he will see that the resolution is not buried in committee. The alderman caused a near riot in the board by what he terms "humane measures" and he told the brother members that the money can be used for the benefit of the people, [illegible] would be a revelation if carried out. He said:

"That potatoes and [illegible] number of home necessaries can be bought by the city and I believe it is the duty of the city to provide for the people."

# 20,000 MEN ARE SOUGHT FOR MARINES

By International News Service.

Washington, March 11.—More aggressive use of the Marines in the war is indicated in the "Naval" appropriation bill, the chief provisions of which have [illegible].

The measure, which will appropriate $[illegible], [illegible] the Naval fighting force from 120,000 to 187,000 men, and to enlarge the Marine Corps from 30,000 to 50,000 men.

Total personnel of the Navy on this basis will be close to 230,000.

Despite the fact that this is vastly larger than any former proposal for the Naval establishment, Republicans will fight on the floor to increase the bill's provisions still further.

Representative Britten of Illinois favors a Marine Corps of 80,000 men.

"I favor also," he said, "the creation of a separate Marine division to go to France.

"Our enlistment posters have been headed with the slogan 'First to fight in France for freedom.' As a matter of fact, the marines in Europe have been doing police duty in the army camps, and the army and navy men seem to think this is the proper activity for them.

"Hearings before our committee have indicated that the marines are probably the best equipped and best prepared of American fighting men. They are in order for a real fight. I believe in giving them their opportunity."

Placing of the marines' strength at 50,000, administration Congressmen pointed out, [illegible] is a concession. A few months ago Secretary Daniels opposed a [illegible] of [illegible] for them.

# PRAISE FRANCE FOR ZION ASSISTANCE

### Hundreds of Jews Attend Big Gratitude Meeting at Cambridge Synagogue

Hundreds from all [illegible] Cambridge and [illegible] praised the [illegible] of Great Britain and France for [illegible] their efforts for the establishment of a national Jewish [illegible] in Palestine at the Beth Israel [illegible], No. [illegible].

**PRAISE FRENCH.**

[illegible] the synagogue was crowded and many were turned away. It was decorated with the American, British, French and [illegible] flags.

[illegible] the recent official declaration by the French government favoring the restoration of Palestine to the Jewish people, [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] government [illegible] a Jewish [illegible] in Palestine.

[illegible] New York [illegible] referred to the [illegible] campaign for $1,000,000, [illegible] in the United States. He also referred to the [illegible] commission which will [illegible] the establishment of the new Jewish State and arrange for the rebuilding of the Jewish colonies destroyed by the war.

**PLEDGE MONEY TO FUND.**

He said that British and Russian members of the commission have already been appointed and the provisional executive committee will soon announce the names of the American members of the mission.

Addresses were also delivered by Dr. [illegible], director of the Bureau of [illegible] of New England; Rabbi [illegible] of Cambridge, Mr. [illegible] and others. A large sum of money was pledged to the Restoration Fund.

## CONVICTS WOULD TAKE PLACE OF RICH IN ARMY

Chicago, March 11.—[illegible] reformed [illegible] is working for an amendment to the draft act which would permit wealthy youths to pay $[illegible] and have their places in the army taken by convicts who want to redeem themselves. An open letter to [illegible] was made public here today by [illegible], who now calls himself [illegible].

*Save Food—Food May Win the War*

Fifty Million Dollars for Good Will

The Good Will of one of America's largest mercantile enterprises is valued at *fifty millions* and so printed in their general balance sheet.

Nothing new, to be sure, but seldom recorded as a *tangible asset*, in a cold, dry financial statement.

Then who says there is no *sentiment* in business?

To so conduct their business as to foster the good will of the purchasing public has been for eighty-three years the constant and invariable aim and practice of the Paine Furniture Company.

No service too small nor too large to receive their most painstaking care in all matters of home furnishing and decoration.

The sketch suggests a smart Bedroom Suite in Old Ivory enamel, decorated in colors: Bureau, twin beds, dressing table and chair, the five pieces for $150.

*Unusual Rugs and Draperies at relatively moderate prices.*

**Paine Furniture Company**

Arlington Street, near Boylston Street

# BAY STATE WILL NOT LAG BEHIND ON SUFFRAGE, DECLARES LEADER

## MRS. CATT TELLS WHY VOTES FOR WOMEN ARE COMING

By MRS. CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT,

President of the National American Woman Suffrage Association.

### WHAT MASSACHUSETTS KNOWS.

MASSACHUSETTS knows that nation-wide woman suffrage is coming.

It knows that it is ludicrous for a woman to be able to vote on one side of a State boundary line and not on the other.

It knows that women are voting to the north of us in Canada, to the south of us in Mexico, to the west in half our territory, and in the big Empire State as well.

It knows that with the choice before it of passing the Federal Suffrage Amendment now or letting woman suffrage become a live issue in the Congressional and Senatorial elections this Autumn, the Sixty-fifth Congress has not been disposed to beg the question.

It knows that even if it were not settled by the Sixty-fifth Congress it could not possibly be evaded or avoided longer than 1920, when the amendment will be written into the platforms of all parties.

### EVERY PARTY PLEDGED

It knows that every political party, either in its platform adopted in 1916 or by resolution of its National Committee within the month, is pledged to the amendment.

It knows that the acknowledged leaders of both parties in the North and West are outspoken for it.

It knows that the chairmen of both the dominant National Committees are favorable to it.

It knows that what every voter is beginning to realize and is asking of himself and of other voters is "How can I, how can you stand out against votes for women yet expect women to stand out with votes to support my party?

It knows that Great Britain and Canada have given British women the vote as a war measure. It knows that the President of the United States and his Cabinet have espoused the Federal Suffrage Amendment as a war measure, and that by a two to one vote Republicans and Democrats in the House have gone on record for it as a war measure.

### MAKES COUNTRY RIDICULOUS

It knows that a country is placed in a ridiculous position which boasts in press and on platform that it is fighting for world democracy yet excludes from the democracy within its own confines one-half its own people.

Knowing these things is Massachusetts to let British men, Canadian men, Mexican men, New York men be more generous in the advancement of democracy than the men of Massachusetts? Is it to concede that Massachusetts women are less worthy of confidence than New York women? Is it to hold back while the whole world presses forward toward the goal of full democracy?

An American who paid a recent visit to France tells the following story:

"One of our boys, returning to camp from an afternoon off, was stopped by a sudden 'Halt!' from a sentry. 'Halt?' exclaimed the soldier, 'don't halt me, I'm half an hour late as it is.'" So to the cry of "Halt!" to suffrage we are replying today, "Great Heavens, men, our nation is half a century late with this thing now."

MRS. CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT.

## SUFFRAGISTS PLAN BIG DRIVE

### Malone to Open Boston Campaign With Address in Park Square Theatre March 24

By ELIZABETH ELLAM.

Massachusetts suffragists are making plans to begin a tremendous suffrage drive, for the purpose of sending the Federal Amendment, or the Susan B. Anthony Amendment, as it is frequently known, "over the top."

Boston's particular part in the campaign will begin on Sunday, March 24, when Dudley Field Malone will give a stirring suffrage address in the Park Square Theatre.

The interests of all suffragists now are centering upon the passage of the amendment through the Senate. Having gone through the National House of Representatives with flying colors, it next goes to the Senate. Pressure is being brought to bear upon obdurate Senators, who have not yet given their promise to a "yes" vote for the measure that means so much to the woman's party.

The National Woman's party is the outcome of the congressional committee of the National Woman Suffrage Association. It was organized, in the first place, to work directly upon Congress, and to that end it has bent every energy. It was this party that picketed during the early months of the year at the White House, and it was members of this party that suffered imprisonment, martyrlike, for the sake of the principle involved.

### MANY MADE INVALIDS.

Dignified white-haired women, women of national prominence such as Mrs. Harvey Wiley, stood for hours with suffrage banners in their hands and were marshaled off by the police for doing it. These women went to the workhouse at Occoquan, where they suffered treatment that has practically put a number of them on the invalid list for life.

But the efforts of the women did not cease, even then, and the result was that the suffrage amendment finally went through the House. The fact that the National Democratic and the Republican parties have since incorporated a suffrage plank into their platforms gives members of that intrepid party faith to believe that the amendment will meet with success through the Senate.

Dudley Field Malone, selected by the party to open the Massachusetts campaign, was the counsel for the members of the National Woman's Party, during the Washington trouble. The Court of Appeals has since handed down a decision that the picketing was not a crime, thus publicly acknowledging a victory for the women. The man who is to speak in Boston was Collector of the Port of New York, but resigned that position because of his suffrage interests.

### TO HOLD MEETINGS.

Meetings throughout Massachusetts, personal work with members of the Massachusetts Legislature, and even flying campaigns throughout the State, in an effort to educate the rural communities to the importance of the suffrage issue, are promised by members of the National Woman's party, to follow close upon the opening meeting.

The passage of the Federal Amendment does not mean that suffrage is thereby granted to women, it means only that it is thereby automatically referred back to State Legislatures for ratification. Ratification by three-fourths of the States will give the suffrage clause a permanent place in the constitution.

Ratification means that if thirty-six out of forty-eight States vote yes, the vote will be granted to women. It is this point that the Massachusetts women are working for.

They hope to make the March 24 meeting a victory meeting, but if that is not possible they will make it the beginning of one of the most stirring suffrage campaigns the State has ever known.

## RICH SONS FIND IT HARD TO 'COME BACK'

### Henry Hull Declares Acting Same Role for Two Years Fails to Cloy

By FRED J. McISAAC.

Henry Hull is the actor who comes back in "The Man Who Came Back." He has been coming back every night with matinees twice a week, for about two years, and if anybody is an authority upon that hoary proverb, "They Can't Come Back," he ought to be the man.

Now, said I, Henry Hull ought to have some ideas upon the business of shinnying up the ladder that would be of value to the rest of the crowd. Supposing I go to see him on behalf of those who are down and ask him how they can get up.

To be sure the Salvation Army and other organizations are busily engaged in repointing down and outers, but Mr. Hull has done the stunt himself so many times that he ought to have an important viewpoint.

### ENGAGING ACTOR.

By good luck I got to the theatre after the fourth act. If I had arrived after the first, second or third, I would have found him "soused," but the climate of Hawaii has sobered him up by the end of the fourth and he is all ready for the apotheosis in the last.

Not, you understand, that Mr. Hull is such a realistic actor that he has to get drunk to play a drunk, but he might hate to step out of the role.

Henry Hull is an engaging young man who hasn't been in the actor business long enough to get bored and wrinkled. He is full of enthusiasm, tempered with common sense. He immediately admitted that despite his long experience he didn't know whether they ever did come back, but there is no reason why some of them shouldn't.

### PLAYS COMMON TYPE.

"This fellow that I am playing isn't an unusual type. New York is full of rich men's sons who never draw a sober breath. Take almost any of them and withdraw their income and they would shoot straight into the gutter. Yet they come of able, intelligent parents, and some of them must have some nerve and stamina somewhere waiting for something to awaken it.

"Mr. Goodman, the author of 'The Man Who Came Back,' awakens his hero's conscience through a girl. That's old stuff, of course. But this girl does not try to lift him up and reform him. He reforms himself in order to save her from the depths. That is a different twist and that is why this show hits the public so hard.

"Now there have been any quantity of cases where women married men to reform them, and nearly always the reform doesn't last over the honeymoon. But if a man loved a girl and she insisted in following him down into the mire, into such places as the opium den of our play, I believe that his love for the girl and his wish to rescue her, not himself, would likely bring about just what happens in our play. Anyway, it's probable, and it's a lot more likely to happen for this reason than for any other."

"Doesn't it harrow you to play a role like this for a couple of years?"

### ACTING HARD WORK.

"No. I don't let it get me. It's just darn hard work, every minute of it, but I frankly admit that I do not actually live the sufferings of that boy. Nobody could stand it, no matter what they say. It is my job and I do it the best I can, and when it is over I forget it."

"How do you like drinking cold tea?"

"We don't. We drink only water. But I have to take an awful lot of it. I drink ten glasses of water in that cabaret scene. And that's all I drink all day. It's a funny thing what habit does. Nights when I am not playing at all, I find a sudden thirst coming on at 9:30, the time of the cabaret scene, and I have to drink a lot of water to satisfy it."

HENRY HULL, talented young actor who has played the same role in "The Man Who Came Back" for two years.

### Fire Sweeps Southern Town

St. Stephens, S. C., March 11.—Fire practically wiped out the business section of this town. Nine business houses and seven dwellings were consumed. The total loss is between $100,000 and $125,000. Insurance small.

### WOMAN ARRESTED AS KIDNAPER OF GIRL

Syracuse, N. Y., March 11.—Word was received here of the arrest in Oneida, N. Y., of a woman, believed to be the mysterious Sadie Kimble, alleged kidnaper of ten-months-old Dorothy Hartin, who disappeared last Thursday, and was returned to her frantic parents thirty hours later by Mrs. John C. Lovine, to whom she had been entrusted by Sadie Kimble as her "son." Police officers commented regarding the similarity between the Dorothy Martin kidnaping here and that of Lillian Rosner, who was discovered in Brooklyn, N. Y. In each case the woman who stole the child looked carefully after its comfort and had no apparent desire to extort money for its return.

### PLENTY OF SHAMROCKS FOR ST. PATRICK'S DAY

Although other sections of the country complain of a shortage of shamrocks, there will be plenty here for next Sunday, St. Patrick's Day. According to florists and others in a position to know, there is a good quantity of the Emerald Isle's emblem here now, and more are expected during the week. Captain John H. Dillon of the park department stated that he has 1,800, and as far as he knew there is no material shortage.

To Cure A Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets) It stops the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 30c.—Advt.

All Your Purchases Made Here on
TUESDAY
Are Entitled To
Double Legal Stamps
ALL DAY
Which Means an
Extra 5% Saving
THE STORE OF PROGRESS
GILCHRIST CO.

### MAN AND WOMAN FOUND DEAD IN BED FROM GAS

A man, believed by the police to be John H. Hayes of South Acton, and a woman, said to be his wife, were found dead in bed from gas in the lodging house at No. 10 Dwight street, South End, where they had spent the night.

They were discovered by Edna Cutliff, the housekeeper, who forced the door.

### CHICAGO WOMAN IS KILLED BY POISON

New York, March 11.—Mrs. Pearl Jackson of Chicago, who was taken to a hospital here from the Grand Hotel suffering from bichloride of mercury poisoning, died today. The body was taken to the morgue. Assistant Medical Examiner Schwartz said he would investigate the case thoroughly and perform an autopsy.

### N. Y. State Hotel Man Dies

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., March 11.—Horatio S. Bain, sixty, owner and proprietor of the Nelson House here and widely known as a hotel man and horseman, died unexpectedly at his hotel.

### STORROW IS TO PROTEST COAL JOBBERS REMOVAL

New England Fuel Administrator Storrow is going to Washington to fight against the removal of New England coal jobbers. A delegation of manufacturers, representing all of the leading industries throughout the six States, is also planning to go to the White House to protest the elimination of the jobbers.

Mr. Storrow and the manufacturers believe that if the jobbers are removed New England will face a coal famine next Winter.

### AMERICANS NOW PLAY BASEBALL AT THE FRONT

With the American Army in France, March 11.—The baseball season has opened in the "doughboy league." The first real warm dry baseball weather of the season has set in, and there are games every day back of the American lines.

### DANIELS GIVES NAMES OF NEW DESTROYERS

By International News Service.

Washington, March 11.—Secretary Daniels announces the names of five new destroyers, as follows:

The Thatcher, in honor of Rear Admiral Henry Knox Thatcher, native of Maine, who, in 1862-63 commanded the Constellation in the Mediterranean, watching for Confederate cruisers and in '64-65 commanded a division of the North Atlantic blockading squadron.

The Palmer, for Rear Admiral James Shedden Palmer, native of New Jersey.

The Lamberton, in honor of Rear Admiral Benjamin P. Lamberton, a native of Pennsylvania, Dewey's chief of staff at the battle of Manila bay.

The Tattnall, for Captain Josiah Tattnall, native of Georgia.

The Kennison, for Acting Volunteer Lieutenant William W. Kennison, who received his title in 1862 for conduct in the battle between the U. S. S. Cumberland and the Confederate ironclad Merrimac.

### THANKS RED CROSS FOR SUPPLY OF SWEATERS

Boston Metropolitan Chapter of the American Red Cross has received from Colonel Wildun Willing of the Twenty-fifth U. S. Engineers his personal thanks and that of his regiment for the supply of knitted goods furnished through the Boston Metropolitan Chapter.

Every man has been equipped with sweater, helmet and socks, and most of them also have been given wristlets and mufflers.

### DORCHESTER GIRL IS DYING FROM BURNS

Ebbea Nelson, four, of No. 15 Tiverton road, Dorchester, is dying at the City Hospital from burns about the legs, arms and body which she received when her night clothing caught fire while she was playing in the kitchen of her home.

Final
CLEARANCE SALE
Every Winter
Coat—Suit—Dress
At $8.75
Former prices $25, $30, $40—up to $65
Nothing reserved. Not more than 2 garments to a customer. No dealers wanted. Every sale final.
Sale Ends Tuesday, 7:00 P. M.
IMPERIAL MFG. CO.
Room 1001—10th Floor
59 Temple Place - BLAKE BLDG.
Make no mistake as to name and place. Look for name on door.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED
R. H. WHITE Co
Save 25% to 30% and Get a Rug That You Can Scarcely Tell From a Perfect One
We have received from a well-known rug mill a lot of
No. 1 Mill Seconds in
Fine Domestic Rugs
They'll Move Out Fast—As Always
For This Entire Week
Beautiful assortment of Oriental designs and colors. The prices of the "regular" rugs are at least 25% higher than the prices in this sale, possibly the last of its kind this season.
Seamless Tapestry
Brussels Rugs
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. $17.95
9 ft.x12 ft., $15.65
9 ft.x12 ft., $17.95
Heavy Grade Seamless
Axminster Rugs
27 in. x 54 in. $2.65
36 in. x 70 in. $4.65
4 ft. 6 in. x 6 ft. 6 in. $3.95
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. $28.95
9 ft. x 12 ft. $29.95
9 ft. x 15 ft. $48.75
Seamless Wilton
Velvet Rugs
Extra Quality
7 ft. 6 in. x 9 ft., $27.95
9 ft.x12 ft., $37.95
11 ft. 3 in. x 12 ft., $49.50
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. Seamless Velvet Rugs $24.75
9 ft. x 12 ft. Seamless Velvet Rugs $27.95

BAD BREATH
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.
People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.
All the benefits of nasty, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or any disagreeable effects.
Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.—Advertisement.

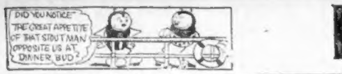
DO YOU WORK INDOORS
Then you need a winter tonic to keep up your blood-strength and nerve-force. For nearly fifty years physicians have prescribed
SCOTT'S EMULSION
because it is a true food and an active tonic, easily digested and free from alcohol. If you are run-down, if night finds you tired and sleep is not refreshing, by all means get Scott's Emulsion today. YOU NEED IT.
Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 17-31

Amusements.
MAJESTIC Direction of Messrs. Shubert
Eves. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15
At Last—Tonight!
First Performance of
Jack Norworth's
Charming Musical Revue
ODDS AND ENDS OF 1917
HARRY WATSON, JR.
LILLIAN LORRAINE
JACK NORWORTH
A Real Revue at Last
Exquisite—Exhilarating
PARK SQ.
A. H. WOODS offers
POTASH & PERLMUTTER IN SOCIETY
Eves. 8. Wed. & Sat. 2:10
LAST 7 DAYS
NEXT MONDAY SEATS AND MAIL ORDERS NOW
The GREAT NEW YORK & CHICAGO TRIUMPH
A. H. WOODS offers
CHEATING CHEATERS
BY MAX MARCIN
WITH A SUPERLATIVE CAST
B. F. KEITH'S
AMUSEMENT CENTRE OF BOSTON
Twice Daily 2 and 7:45. Tel. Beach 1724
ANNETTE KELLERMANN
AND HER BIG SHOW
30 DIVERS, DANCERS, SINGERS, COMEDIANS—10 BEAUTIFUL SCENES
Surrounded by
ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE
BOSTON THEATRE CONTINUOUS
ROMANCE OF THE LUSITANIA
Rita Jolivet in "Lest We Forget"; Hickey Bros.; Mazie King & Co.; Gruet, Kramer & Gruet; Nevens & Louise; J. B. Gordon & Co.; Others.
PARK THEATRE
FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN 6 ACTS
IN "THE BRASS CHECK"
PEGGY HYLAND IN 5 ACTS "PERSUASIVE PEGGY"
WALDRON'S CASINO
2:15—BENDINI'S PARISIAN NOVELTIES—8:15
MODERN
MARY PICKFORD in "Amarilly of Clothes Line Alley," ANN PENNINGTON in "Sunshine Nan."
BEACON
MARY PICKFORD in "Amarilly of Clothes Line Alley," ANN PENNINGTON in "Sunshine Nan."

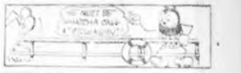
Amusements.
COLONIAL Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2
Charles J. Rich .......... Manager
Curtain Will Actually Rise Eve'gs. 8
KLAW & ERLANGER'S
Newest Musical Comedy Success and Exquisite Production
A SPRING FRESHET OF NEW FUN SONG MUSIC DANCE
The RAINBOW GIRL
BY RENNOLD WOLF AND LOUIS A. HIRSCH
Founded on a Comedy by Jerome K. Jerome
FOLLOWING A SUN DRESSED STORY OF GOOD TASTE AND GOOD NATURE, AND SHOWING MORE OF THE SWEETNESS OF YOUTH, GRACE OF HUMOR, AND JOY AND SOUL OF SINGING AND DANCING THAN HAS BEEN SEEN IN BOSTON IN A SCORE OF YEARS.
SHUBERT Direction of Messrs. Shubert
TONIGHT at 8
Mats. Wed. and Sat. at 2:15
"The very idea for which theatre-goers in these war-wracked times are waiting."—American.
THE VERY IDEA!
By WILLIAM Le BARON
WITH
ERNEST TRUEX RICHARD BENNETT
"A Splash of Laughter Every Minute"
The Man Who Came Back
NOW at the PLYMOUTH
Direction of Messrs. Shubert
TONIGHT AT 8
Mats. Thurs. and Sat. at 2:15
"DOWN TO HELL AND BACK AGAIN"
Take the Thrilling Trip With Henry Hull
12th WEEK OF THE BIG HIT
ORPHEUM
Loew's
6 GREAT VAUDEVILLE ACTS, Headed by "When We Grow Up," With Eddie Tanner & Co. CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG in "The House of Glass."
SCOLLAY SQUARE OLYMPIA
"The German Curse in Russia"
What the Kaiser would like to do here
U. S. WAR PICTURES—VAUDEVILLE
GAYETY BURLESQUE MATINEE EVERY DAY
DAVE MARION "SNUFFY" OWN SHOW
GORDON'S OLYMPIA WASH. ST.
CHARLOTTE NEW YORK SENSATION
World's Greatest Skater—in "The Frozen Warning"
U. S. WAR PICTURES—VAUDEVILLE
HOWARD
Military Maids Burlesque, Pretty Girls and Vaudeville. Always something doing 1 till 10:30.

Amusements.
TREMONT THEATRE
TONIGHT AT 8
MRS. FISKE
In a New Play
SERVICE
By HENRI LAVEDAN of the Academie Francais
(English Version by William C. Taylor)
PRECEDED BY LORD DUNSANY'S
"A NIGHT AT AN INN"
PATRONS ARE REQUESTED TO BE SEATED AT 8 PROMPTLY
NEXT MON. NIGHT
Joyous Return of the Most Buoyant, Beautiful and Best Beloved Musical Comedy Ever Seen in Boston
KLAW & ERLANGER'S DELIGHTFUL
Two Weeks Only
Miss Springtime
Seats Thursday
ORIGINAL NEW YORK CAST OF 80
Including George MacFarlane, Else Alder (first times in Boston), John E. Hazzard, Frances Cameron, John E. Young and Charles Meakins.
KALMAN'S MUSIC—BOLTON'S BOOK—URBAN'S SCENERY
HENRY JEWETT PLAYERS
MATINEE TOMORROW at 2:10
FIRST TIME IN BOSTON
Bernard Shaw's Brilliant Comedy
THE PHILANDERER
Personal Direction Henry Jewett
EVENINGS AT 8
Mats. Tues., Thurs. and Sat., at 2:10.
PRICES, TAX PAID: 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50
Seats Down Town Filene's & Jordan's
Next Week
"Eccentric Lord Comberdene"
COPLEY THEATRE
HOLLIS Curtain will actually rise Evgs. 8. Wed. & Sat. Mats. 2.
"Mr. Arliss' vivid portrayal delights"—Traveler.
GEORGE ARLISS
As Alexander Hamilton, First Secretary of the Treasury, in
"HAMILTON"
CASTLE Continuous 12:30-10:30
Prices (till 6) 10c Eves. 10, 20 & 25c Mon. Tues. & Wed.
Souvenirs All Day Monday. W. S. HART in "Blue Blazes Rawden." MARY MILES MINTER in "Powers That Prey." CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "The Rink." CASTLE SQ. PLAYERS in Scottish Songs, Dances.
GLOBE Beach 445 Twice Daily 2:10 and 8:10
Herbert Brenon's Master production
THE FALL OF THE ROMANOFFS
With Iliodor, former confidant of Rasputin
Mats. 15c & 25c. Eves. 15c, 25c & a few at 50c
Ye WILBUR Evenings at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15
MR. WILLIAM GILLETTE
In "A Successful Calamity"—Third Week
LOEW'S ST. JAMES
REFINED VAUDEVILLE and Photo Features, CHARLES RAY in "The Family Skeleton."
10:30 to 11
Lancaster NORTH STATION
GLADYS BROCKWELL in "The Moral Law," CARLYLE BLACKWELL in "His Royal Highness."
FRANKLIN PARK THEATRE
DOROTHY PHILLIPS in "PAY ME" Vaudeville.

THE MAN WHO ROLLS UP HIS SLEEVES ACCOMPLISHES MORE THAN ONE WHO TURNS UP HIS TROUSERS


DID YOU NOTICE THE GREAT APPETITE OF THAT STOUT MAN OPPOSITE US AT DINNER, BUD?

# BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTS


HE MUST BE WHATCHA CALL A "[illegible]"

# FULLERTON HAS IT HUGGINS WILL HAVE HIS HANDS FULL WITH NEW YORK YANKEES

By HUGH S. FULLERTON.

The New York Americans and St. Louis Cardinals are two teams in rival leagues opening the season under strangely similar circumstances, and with the similarity extending to their chances of victory. Each team has a new manager—each team in the past has been hampered by ineffective management, or interference with that manager.

Each team is re-made from last year in vital respects; each team for the first time in many years has serious championship aspirations and hopes that may come through if the management can extract the best efforts from the teams.

Jack Hendricks, the new Cardinal manager, makes his debut, taking the place of Miller Huggins, promoted to New York. Hendricks is, and has been for many years, a great manager; a manager of men, a student of the game, a master in field strategy.

**Huggins has risen from the ranks of the common players. He became a manager almost through accident, and for two seasons handicapped himself and his team by failing to drop the player viewpoint and take that of the manager.**

Perhaps he figured that his position was temporary. But with each season he has improved.

Last season with makeshift material Huggins accomplished wonders by his own resourcefulness. This season he has a wealth of material—a great team that has been badly handled. He has men who are hard to handle.

Last year little was expected of him—and he did much. This year, perhaps, too much is expected of him.

**HOW THE YANKEES DOPE.**

**Lost to military service, 4.**

**Liable to conscription, 2.**

Last year the American League feared New York more even than it did Chicago or Boston. The team was strong. The dopesters had to deduct from its strength because of the management. Donovan had not proved a success and there were those on the team who took advantage of his easy good nature. Some of his "friends" imposed on his good nature until they lost him the management.

The owners set about getting a new manager, and got Miller Huggins. I have known and been personally interested in Huggins ever since he was a kid; long before he ever aspired to play major league ball, and I wish him well. But the fact remains that the only basis of hiring him to manage the Yankees is that he did well with the Cardinals last season.

There are some on the Yankee team who are hard men to manage; not bad men, but players who have had their own ways so long they want to keep on running things to suit themselves. There is not a doubt but that Huggins is a capable field leader, a well liked man, and that he has learned to manage men.

**A PAMPERED LOT.**

**The question is whether he can get good work out of players spoiled by flattery and by being pampered in the face of the insidious knocking and undermining that goes on in the New York club most of the time; can resist the power of outside interference and handle the club to suit himself.**

It is a tough proposition. Already there have been voiced some neat knocks and sneers at Huggins. He has a fight on his hands, but if he can get the best out of the ball club he has a big fighting chance to battle the Giants for the championship of the world next Fall and make the series a New York monopoly.

The team was hit fairly hard by the war. Fisher, Smallwood, Kane and then Pipp—but the loss is not vital. The team is a strong and well-constructed one.

**PRATT A SNUG ADDITION.**

If you remember its fatal weakness (on the field) has been around second base, and securing Pratt ought to correct that. Pratt is a corking ballplayer and one who ought to be better this season than he ever was. He has a chance to vindicate himself and to avenge himself on the St. Louis club.

When we come down to real dope, the study of figures, man for man, we will see how well constructed this team is and what a lot of strength there is concealed about it. Huggins already has done well.

The team has had the strength for two years, but it never was able to utilize its full strength because too much of it was on the bench and could be used only one man at a time. Huggins made the big deal with the St. Louis Browns—a deal which gave St. Louis men who chiefly ornamented the New York bench, and for this excess and unused strength he got Derrill Pratt.

**PLANK IS ABOUT THROUGH.**

He also got Eddie Plank, but the chances are that this grand veteran is at the end of his wonderful career. Last Summer late Plank pitched a wonderful fourteen-inning game against Washington. At the finish he came to the bench. "I'm done," he said, clasping his body. "I don't think I ever can pitch again. Every ball I have pitched for two innings was like tearing my abdomen apart."

His tremendous effort racked his body, never strong, and he suffered intensely for days. He may try, but if he does he probably will pitch only a few ball games.

**The loss of Pipp will hurt some, but the team is well balanced and well fortified. Very little depends upon Huggins' selection of the team that will start the season, because Huggins shifts his teams fast to meet emergencies.**

The big problem will be in handling the pitching staff, and in this Eddie Plank, even if he never pitches, would earn his salary.

ST. LOUIS TOMORROW.

(Copyright, by the Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

## BOB FISHER AND JAYNES JOIN SOX PARTY

By HENRY L. DAILY.

St. Louis, March 11.—After a forced stopover here of over twelve hours, the Red Sox today headed south on the last lap of their journey to Hot Springs. The Arkansas Spa should be reached some time tonight.

A severe snow and sleet storm, which held the special in its grasp all the way from the Berkshires to Cleveland, together with engine trouble at Buffalo, was the cause of losing more than four hours' time.

The special reached the Mound City four and three-quarters hours late, missing the Vapor Valley special which would have brought them into the Springs early today.

**The Red Sox have signed Infielder Bob Fisher, who played last year with the Rochester (International League) club. This year will be Bob's third appearance in big league company.**

**IN TWICE BEFORE.**

In 1912 he played with Brooklyn, and in 1915 he was signed by Roger Bresnahan, then manager of the Cubs. While with the latter club he hit the sphere for over .280 and much surprise was shown when he was released. He is a right-handed batter.

Another youngster secured by President Frazee is Pitcher Lona Jaynes of Morganton, N. C. He has been working as a machinist at Buffalo. When a telegram reached him ordering him to report, a delegation of the boys, headed by Coach Dan Howley, sat up until 2 a. m. to welcome Jaynes.

Jaynes has played on the Montreal and Buffalo (International League) clubs. He is a right-handed pitcher, weighs about 150 pounds and stands five feet ten. He is dark-featured and owns a fascinating Southern dialect. He also has a wealth of bushy black hair.

**TAKEN SOUTH BY McGRAW.**

Last year Jaynes was taken South by Manager McGraw of the Giants for a workout.

Several conferences have taken place en route between Manager Ed Barrow, Johnny Evers and Dan Howley.

**When the team reaches Hot Springs it is expected that the policy of Manager Barrow will be announced. With the addition of Jaynes and Fisher, the Red Sox list of players reached twenty-two, with several more yet to report.**

Hank Eibel, Richmond recruit, has wired from Brooklyn that he will report Wednesday. "Hank" is a machinist by day and runs a pool room at night.

Players Bush, Schang, Wyckoff, Mayer and Leonard joined the party here.

## FLINT'S OLD BATTERY MATE DEAD AT NEWARK

Paterson, N. J., March 11.—Jim McCormick, veteran pitcher of Pop Anson's old Chicago White Sox, died at St. Joseph's Hospital here. He was a teammate of Billy Sunday and old Silver Flint. McCormick was more than sixty years old, and had been suffering from liver trouble for some time.

Under the management of Anson, in the early eighties, McCormick and Flint were considered the best battery in baseball.

## CARDINALS' BEST BET REMAINS OUT OF FOLD

St. Louis, March 11.—Rogers Hornsby, Cardinal shortstop, who landed second place in the batting averages of the National League last season, is still a hold-out. Still, Manager Hendricks said today, that he expected to have the young star's contract before the team starts for the Spring training camp, the last of the week.

## JIMMY ARCHER SIGNS TO CATCH FOR PIRATES

Pittsburgh, March 11.—Jimmy Archer, veteran catcher of the Chicago Cubs, has signed with the Pirates, announces President Barney Dreyfuss. Archer started his big league career here back in 1904. He was given his unconditional release by the Cubs last year.

## NEW HAVEN BOWLERS LAND IN THIRD PLACE

Cincinnati, March 11.—H. Steers and F. Thoma of Chicago won the two-man championship at the American Bowling Congress tournament. Their score was 1,335. J. Porto and M. Lindsay of New Haven, Ct., with 1,282, finished third.

FEATURES OF New Jersey's new boxing law: Eight-round bouts; eight-ounce gloves—curses!—and no liquor.

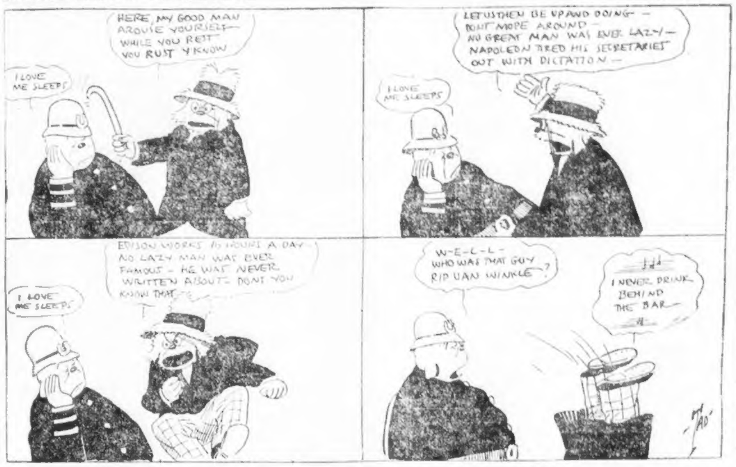
## Revere Tigers Out With Defi

The Revere Tigers, 14-16-year-old class, are getting ready for the approaching baseball season. They seek games with all strong outfits in Greater Boston. Only uniformed teams need apply. Address Manager J. Marie, No. 68 Arcadia street, Revere.

## SILK-HAT HARRY

By TAD

Copyright, 1918, by International News Service.


HERE, MY GOOD MAN AROUSE YOURSELF— WHILE YOU REST YOU RUST Y'KNOW
I LOVE ME SLEEPS
LET US THEN BE UP AND DOING— DON'T MOPE AROUND— NO GREAT MAN WAS EVER LAZY— NAPOLEON TIRED HIS SECRETARIES OUT WITH DICTATION—
I LOVE ME SLEEPS
EDISON WORKS 18 HOURS A DAY NO LAZY MAN WAS EVER FAMOUS – HE WAS NEVER WRITTEN ABOUT– DONT YOU KNOW THAT
I LOVE ME SLEEPS
W-E-L-L– WHO WAS THAT GUY RIP VAN WINKLE?
I NEVER DRINK BEHIND THE BAR—
TAD

## 'I'M A HOLD-OUT,' WARBLES ED KONETCHY

St. Louis, March 11.—Firstbaseman Ed Konetchy of the Braves has declared himself a holdout. He said to the AMERICAN'S correspondent today:

"I guess I have played my last game of ball. I am not saying this to try to scare anyone, but it looks as if President Haughton of the Braves and myself cannot agree on my salary for this season."

Then Konetchy explained a few incidents concerning his stand. He reports that he received a letter from Haughton, asking him to consider the unfavorable conditions in baseball. Later Big Ed wired Haughton asking the magnate to route him through to the training camp at Miami, Fla., as he wanted to visit a relative in the South before joining the Braves.

"Mr. Haughton told me that my transportation would be sent me as soon as I wired him my signed contract was on the way to Boston," continued Konetchy. "I answered by saying I could not do this, as his offer did not suit me.

"So here I am and here I guess I'll stay."

## If Herzog Doesn't Report at Miami, Jess Barnes and Doyle Revert to the Braves

President Haughton of the Braves let it be known today that Charley Herzog has not been heard from since his demand to have his $10,000 contract, which terminates next Fall, run through the 1919 campaign as well, with the Boston club tossing in an extra $5,000 to boot, was tabled at the wigwam.

Jess Barnes and Larry Doyle will revert back to the Braves, states Haughton, if Herzog should make good his threat and stay out of the game. Anyhow, it is a lead-pipe, copper-riveted cinch the Braves will not give him the terms he is seeking.

Haughton considers them exorbitant. He says it was agreed at the time the Braves went after Herzog that Buck would come here if the Boston club would take over his old New York document. This was agreed to, but just as soon as McGraw was satisfied, Herzog tacked on his P. S.

As for Jimmy Smith, young Giant infielder, he was bought outright by the Braves and did not figure in the Herzog deal, as originally reported.

## Stallings Drops in for a Visit on Miller Huggins; May Get Red Leg Player

Macon, Ga., March 11.—Miller Huggins, manager of the Yankees, had a squad of ten men to start Spring training work with this morning. Other players were expected to arrive during the day.

George Stallings, manager of the Boston Braves, visited the camp and the Yankee manager held a lengthy conference with the National Leaguer. Both refused to inform the war correspondents what the dope was. Stallings' visit gave rise to the rumor that the player Huggins is entitled to draw from the Cincinnati Reds, in the Lee Magee deal, may be turned over to Stallings.

JAMES J. CORBETT.

## "JOHN L." AS I KNEW HIM"

BY JAMES J. CORBETT.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN

**This is the nineteenth chapter of a series which James J. Corbett is writing on "John L. as I Knew Him." It relates many heretofore unpublished incidents in the life of the great warrior. The next instalment will appear tomorrow.**

Under a blistering Summer sun and with the thermometer registering beyond 100—such were the weather conditions when John L. Sullivan and Jake Kilrain fought their never-to-be-forgotten bare knuckle battle on July 8, 1889. The bout was staged in Richburg, Miss., in a sequestered spot far removed from police interference.

Both fighters started off at top speed with the first call of time. The big champion, smarting under the taunts of Kilrain and his supporters, was a rushing fury.

Backed by the new-found strength that had come from training under Billy Muldoon's orders, the big Bostonian went at Kilrain like an avalanche, hoping to crush "Fighting Jake" by the sheer force of his attack. But Kilrain made it a give-and-take affair.

Realizing that this was perhaps the only chance he would ever have to win the championship and all the gold that comes to a prize ring warrior, Kilrain fought as never before in his career.

**Rarely did he back from the Sullivan onslaughts during the early rounds and the battle resolved itself into a merciless slugging match.**

Toe-to-toe those giants stood, smashing away at each other with all the power in their massive frames.

**ACCUSED OF FOUL TACTICS.**

After a time, Sullivan's superiority as a ringman began to show. And then Kilrain, in desperation, resorted to foul ring tactics.

He roughed Sullivan whenever the chance came; he hit low, and it is said he attempted gouging tactics in clinches. When those tricks failed to stop the champion, Kilrain went farther—to the extreme limit of foul ring work in that era. He used his spikes!

Under London prize ring rules, when battles were staged on the turf, a fighter was permitted to wear spikes under the ball of his foot.

That was merely to prevent him from slipping on the turf. To use them in gashing an opponent was considered the foulest of ring tricks.

**Jake Kilrain, unable to stem the furious attack of John L. Sullivan by any other means, used those spikes to rip the legs of the champion. And he made a ghastly job of it.**

For a time John L. submitted to Kilrain's foul work without retaliation. But at last John L. protested to the referee, who paid no attention to him. Then John L. decided to do a little rough work himself.

Three times in succession, after he had beaten Kilrain to the turf, John L. jumped on his prostrate foe, going down with his knees sinking into the pit of Kilrain's stomach. Then John L. jumped upon the chest of Kilrain "for good measure."

**BOTH CLAIMED FOULS.**

Kilrain made protests against Sullivan's rough tactics, but the referee, who had not paid any attention to Kilrain's fouling, evened up matters by ignoring the claims of "Fighting Jake."

The whirlwind pace at which the men traveled in the early fighting wearied them. After the thirtieth round they began to slow down.

Along about the thirty-fifth, nausea seized Sullivan and the big champion was near collapse from the heat. But gamely he answered the call of "time" for the next period of fighting and floundered through, but continued on the aggressive until the attack of nausea had gone.

Along about the fortieth, Kilrain, then more weary and more battered than Sullivan, wanted to call off the fight and have it declared a draw, but Sullivan refused.

"This fight was to be to a finish and it's going to be," bellowed John L.

**STALLING FOR A REST.**

Along about the fiftieth round the hands of both men were in fearful condition, but they fought on. And it became obvious that the superior condition of Sullivan would be the deciding factor. He was weary in arms, in legs and in body, but Kilrain was more so.

Kilrain decided to play the "stall" game through the fifties and sixties. So round after round he came from his corner, got within striking distance of Sullivan and then went down before John L. could hit him.

Under the rules then, a knockdown constituted a round. Immediately after each feigned knockdown Kilrain would go to his corner and rest for thirty seconds as the rules provided. Then he would repeat the performance in the next round.

**Along about the seventy-first round Kilrain's condition, due to the beating which Sullivan had given him, and made worse by the fearful heat, became pitiful.**

Even the "stalling" had not helped him much. At the end of the seventy-fifth round, Kilrain, almost at the point of exhaustion, had to be carried to his corner and supported in his second and the end was in sight.

**With the bong of the gong for the seventy-sixth round Sullivan came from his corner and toed "scratch," but the backers of Kilrain took a final look at their man and tossed in the sponge.**

It was the taking of Kilrain's defeat and John L.'s victory in the last bare knuckle championship fight in the United States.

And, when all is said and done, that triumph over Kilrain stands out as perhaps the greatest in the entire career of the great champion.

(Copyright, 1918, by the King Features Syndicate, Inc.)

## BIG IRA THOMAS IS ON JOB AT WILLIAMS

Williamstown, March 11.—Coach Ira Thomas, Connie Mack's old catcher, has a difficult task ahead of him turning out a winning nine at Williams College this Spring. Only a few veterans were on hand when the candidates were called out for their initial practice in the cage the past week.

The fact that the southern trip has been called off makes the task of Coach Thomas all the more discouraging.

What Williams lacks most of all is a star twirler. A year ago, [illegible], Young, Foster and Smith all took a hand during for the varsity, but all four have left school. [illegible] seems to be the most promising of the lot of rookies.

Williams is not much better off in the other positions. Captain [illegible] Kinsella, regular shortstop last season, [illegible], while [illegible], the [illegible], graduated last Spring.

[illegible] will probably hold down second base, as he did a year ago, while [illegible] likely choice for work on third. Roth and Shann, in the outfield, complete the list of old men.

## BILL BRENNAN GOT IT GOOD FROM J. DEMPSEY

From Milwaukee comes word that Bill Brennan, so-called Kayo King, is still on the disabled list as a result of his recent Queensberry rumpus in that city with Jack Dempsey, Salt Lake City's sensational young heavyweight.

It appears that when the battle came to a close in the sixth round, the referee stopping it to save Brennan from a certain [illegible], [illegible] been hammered so badly his old [illegible] felt it, and he suffered a twisted ankle.

He's been forced to cancel all the dates such had shape to be in [illegible].

## HARVARD OARSMEN TO START LABORS TODAY

The Harvard varsity and freshman crews were expected to have their first trial on the rowing machines in the Newell boat house this afternoon. The varsity quarters will not be heated. The men will dress in the locker building and run from there to the boat house for a short spin on the machines.

## TOM COWLER "OPPOSES" FRED FULTON TONIGHT

St. Louis, March 11.—Fred Fulton, Rochester, Minn., heavyweight, who is hot on Jess Willard's trail for a championship [illegible], meets Tom Cowler in a ten-round battle here tonight. The Britisher lasted almost one full round with Fulton when they met in the East a year or so ago.

## CADETS CLOSE SEASON BY BEATING TAR FIVE

West Point, N. Y., March 11.—The Army finished its basketball season by scoring a victory over the Brooklyn Naval Reserves, 42-14.

## Moonstone Bought by Tolon

Havana, March 11.—S. T. Tolon has purchased the mare Moonstone and will ship her to his plantation to be bred to Sir Wellons.

## TURF INFORMATION

COLLYER'S SELECTIONS.

AT HOT SPRINGS.

1—Headmaster, Kama, Ian Kay.

2—Hasty Mabel, Harry Burgoyne, Gilligan.

3—Kezlah, Upright, Eleanor H.

4—Frolius, Mistress Polly, Marasmus.

5—Jocular, Sciatic, Sam Slick.

6—Waterproof, Billy Stuttsboner, Blue Thistle.

Most probable winner—FROLIUS.

## MYSTIC VALLEY FIXES DATES FOR 1918

The Mystic Valley [illegible] League has arranged [illegible] for [illegible] Fall and baseball schedules for 1918. Arlington High, [illegible], [illegible] High [illegible] [illegible] schools will [illegible] next Fall.

The baseball [illegible]:

[illegible]

The football schedule:

[illegible]

## ZBYSZKO CONSENTS TO GIVE LEWIS HIS WAY

New York, March 11.—[illegible] Lewis [illegible] Zbyszko, Polish [illegible], in Madison Square Garden March 19 [illegible] defeat his rival through the aid of that head-lock hold.

This hold [illegible] the Lexington [illegible] is probably the most [illegible] in the history of wrestling.

It is a grip around the head [illegible] by powerful [illegible] that renders the [illegible] when it is applied properly.

In his first meeting with Zbyszko, Lewis managed to apply this powerful grip on Wladek after an [illegible] strenuous battle. Then he pinned Zbyszko properly. The [illegible] was helpless and forced [illegible] fear.

Lewis repeatedly tried to [illegible] another match with Zbyszko, but [illegible] he must be [illegible] to use the head-lock. He started out [illegible] campaign of publicity, denouncing Zbyszko as a [illegible]. The [illegible] at last aroused the pride of Zbyszko and he [illegible] to meet Lewis under any conditions.

The Strangler accepted the terms and the [illegible] at Madison Square Garden on March 19.

## CRACK PITT A. A. TEAM DUE BACK THIS WEEK

Captain Gaynor [illegible] and his [illegible] Navy Yard hockey seven will be [illegible] disappointed if they fail to win at least one game from the [illegible] Pittsburgh A. A. team in their two National League [illegible] at the Arena this week. The visitors [illegible] Tuesday [illegible] and the games are [illegible] for Wednesday and Saturday nights.

The Navy [illegible] gave the Pittsburgh A. A. [illegible] on the same [illegible]. Pittsburgh [illegible] ing that the [illegible] the [illegible] at the end of the [illegible].

[illegible] the Boston [illegible] and [illegible] of the Arena [illegible].

## MIKE YOKEL TO NAME RULES FOR MAT MATCH

Mike Yokel, world's middleweight champion, will have the final say as to whether or not the toe-hold is to be used in Thursday night's match with John Kilonis at the Grand Opera House, and until the [illegible] the [illegible] matter will be [illegible]. Matchmaker Tookey is opposed to the hold, as are many [illegible], but the issue will not be pressed until the champion arrives.

## VERMONT TITLE TAKEN BY MIDDLEBURY FIVE

Burlington, Vt., March 11.—Middlebury College claims the State basketball championship as a result of its victory over the [illegible] Vermont five Saturday night. The score was 32-21. The Middlebury boys [illegible].

## ROBSON, IN CHICAGO, SEEKS EAGAN AS FOE

Chicago, March 11.—Tommy Robson, Boston middleweight, is here today seeking matches with Bryan Downey, Jim [illegible] and other men of his division. He may get a chance to box in Milwaukee or at Fort [illegible].

## Yankees Start Training.

Macon, Ga., March 11.—Miller Huggins and ten members of his Yankees today entered upon the 1918 baseball season by starting training work here. Ray Caldwell was the only veteran on hand.

## LEO HOUCK AND WILSON CLASH AT CHELSEA

### Slugging Middleweights Top Douglas A. A. Card—Owens On With Johnny Rosner

**CARD AT DOUGLAS A. A.**

**Final Event:** Johnny Wilson of Charlestown, vs. Leo Houck of Lancaster, Pa., twelve rounds.

**Semi-Final:** Johnny Rosner of New York, vs. Paddy Owens of Cambridge, ten rounds.

**Second Preliminary:** Eddie Flynn of Peabody, vs. Billy Burke of Lynn, eight rounds.

**Curtain-Raiser:** Bull Jones of Revere, vs. Frank Chaney of Beachmont, six rounds.

**Referee:** Dick Fleming.

**Starting Time:** Eight p. m.

By RINGSIDE.

A banner week's boxing for this section, probably the banner one of the whole Winter season, will be ushered in at Chelsea tonight. The Douglas A. A. card is a good one, a [illegible] good one.

In addition to the twelve-round final event between Johnny Wilson, formerly of New York and now of Charlestown, a slashing middleweight who has passed his last three rivals via the knockout route, and Leo Houck, veteran Lancaster, Pa., battler, a near-championship bout will be fought in the semi-final, Johnny Rosner of New York, American flyweight champion, vs. Paddy Owens of Cambridge.

[illegible] of the [illegible] in [illegible] the [illegible] He [illegible] all of the [illegible] and [illegible] New York during the 1916 and 1916-1917 campaigns and [illegible] over [illegible] with [illegible] world's [illegible].

[illegible] who [illegible] will [illegible] in [illegible].

**DUNDEE AND CARLSON.**

[illegible] A. A. Winter headquarters, the Grand Opera House, brings together Johnny Dundee, [illegible] New York lightweight, and Harry Carlson of Brockton, former New England [illegible] in the [illegible] and whose recent good work indicates that he's [illegible] the best of the [illegible] in other [illegible].

**Dundee treated Young Chaney, scrappy Baltimore milksmith, to considerable of a lacing at Philadelphia Saturday night. Hence, he is figured [illegible] for Carlson by Manager Monteith, who has always claimed Dawn steps his fastest when working regularly.**

The Commercial A. A. has built a [illegible] card for [illegible] night. Paddy Owens and [illegible] of New Bedford are down to battle for the New England [illegible] championship. They have [illegible] to make 118 [illegible].

[illegible] of [illegible] and Young [illegible] of [illegible], George Robinson of [illegible] and Panama Joe [illegible] Young [illegible] of East Boston [illegible] Wilson of New York [illegible] who will mingle in the other [illegible]. Each [illegible] is slated to [illegible].

## FAST WESTFIELD FIVE COMING FOR TWO GAMES

The Institute A. A. basketball five will entertain the Westfield White Five at Institute Hall, East Cambridge, Wednesday night. The visiting quintet ranks as one of the strongest in the [illegible] district. It performs at [illegible] Thursday night.

Manager Hart of the Institute A. A. team states that Flynn, Chapman, Christie, Emmons and Mitchell are to [illegible] from for Wednesday night's [illegible].

## PECKHAM IS DRILLING CONCORD HIGH TOSSERS

The Concord High battery candidates, under the direction of Submaster David W. Peckham, faculty coach, is getting in some early indoor work in the old armory on Walden street. Coach Peckham has two veteran [illegible] in Captain Dick Loftus and Sherman Reed, but he has not discovered a satisfactory catcher to date.

There are only two other letter players, David Hayes, left fielder, and John [illegible], right fielder. Outdoor practice will begin as soon as the weather permits.

## ENTRIES POUR IN FOR AMATEUR BOXING SHOW

Entries close Wednesday for the New England amateur boxing championships. The big show takes place at Mechanics Building next Monday night. The committee in charge reports that the entry list bids fair to [illegible] all records on record.

## JOCKEY PITZ ANNEXES TWO FIRSTS AT HAVANA

Havana, March 11.—Jockey Pitz, who had the mount on Wenonah, also brought [illegible] home in front. The little lad has been improving since he came to Cuba and should have a good season this year in the States.

## Hot Springs Turf Chat

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 11.—Jockey Frankie Robinson and Lawrence Lyke are again staging an interesting battle for riding honors. Robinson has ridden ten winners so far at Oaklawn, while Lyke has scored nine times.

JOCKEY GEORGE MOLESWORTH is sought by the firm of [illegible] & Weir to ride their horses this season. The rider will likely go East soon to join the stable now at Gravesend.

# Attention, Semi-Pros and Amateurs

**Greater Boston's vast array of crack amateur and semi-professional baseball teams, premier for all sections, are getting ready for the 1918 season. So is the AMERICAN.**

**The AMERICAN will gladly publish all challenges and all lineups, together with newsy personals about the future greats. Send in your defis; mail your squibs. Address all communications to the Sporting Editor BOSTON AMERICAN.**

**Every Wife Should Read Beatrice Fairfax's Article on This Page**

### Venus Very Brilliant Now

VENUS is now very brilliant in the morning sky, rising about 4 a. m. She is in conjunction with the waning moon this morning. She will continue to gain a brilliancy for a few days yet, and will attain her greatest brightness on the 16th.

# Magazine Page

Monday, March 11

### This Day in History

THIS is the anniversary of the burning to death at the stake in 1314 of Jacques de Molay, the last Grand Master of the Templars. Philip IV. of France, in dire need of money, resolved to confiscate the order's wealth and secured the Papal aid.

# The Four of Hearts

A SERIAL OF YOUTH AND ROMANCE

## Cynthia Receives a Box of Roses, but Can Only Guess Who Sent Them to Her

**By Virginia Terhune Van de Water**

CHAPTER XXVII.

Copyright, 1918, by the Star Company.

DORA peeped into Cynthia's room on her way down stairs.

"I will send Marie up with a tray of dinner for you," she informed her cousin when she saw that she was awake.

"No, dear, please don't!" Cynthia began. "I am not hungry."

"But you must eat something," Dora insisted. "If you won't eat a regular dinner I will bring you some soup later on. I will be glad to have an excuse for coming back here, for I fancy mother is a bit displeased with me, and it will not be hilarious down here alone with her and father. She took me at my word, for I heard the front door close awhile ago, and there has been silence below ever since. Which proves that Milton and Gerald have gone away."

"Mr. Van Saun expected them back to dinner, you know," Cynthia reminded her. "That is probably the reason they left."

"I hope so, and that mother did not deliver my peevish decision verbatim to Milton."

"He would not be vexed with you if she did," Cynthia consoled her. "He would not misunderstand you."

"Perhaps not," Dora agreed dubiously. "Anyway, if he was vexed he can get over it—that's all. I should worry!"

With which bit of slang she ran on downstairs, leaving Cynthia alone to her thoughts.

Cynthia had spoken truly when she expressed the belief that her aunt would say nothing to vex Milton. The girl knew that Mrs. Livingstone approved too thoroughly of her daughter's engagement to introduce a note that might be discordant. In fact, Cynthia had been sure that the match had been aided and abetted by both families.

If this were so, was Edward Van Saun beginning to doubt if, after all, Dora was as much in love with his son as the father had supposed her to be? Cynthia might be fanciful, but surely he had looked a bit disappointed at Dora's light mention of her coming marriage.

How could she talk so flippantly of marrying Milton Van Saun? Yet Milton himself—in spite of his tender, sympathetic nature—showed no depth of sentiment when he referred to his betrothed. Were they suited to each other?

### Rather Homesick

Cynthia recalled unwillingly her aunt's teasing remark about Gerald Stewart. Did Mrs. Livingstone imagine she could bring about a marriage between her niece and this man? Dora was certainly not in accord with the idea. Indeed, Dora seemed to resent her mother's scheme.

Cynthia lay, her eyes closed and her lips compressed, as a great wave of homesickness swept over her. How different was all this kind of thing from the simple yet comfortable life she had led with her father! In her girlhood's home the things that were of the spirit mattered more than the things of the world. There had always been peace, comfort, plenty, but no strivings after [illegible] or worldly advancement.

It was surely a sign of the ravages disease had wrought in the mental condition of her father that in his last days he had yielded to the temptation to increase his fortunes by one grand coup. Or had it been because he wished to protect his child from the very conditions she was now facing—dependence upon others or the necessity of making a marriage of convenience?

Tears welled through her closed lids and rolled down her cheeks. She would not allow herself to cry violently, but she was miserable.

A knock at the door startled her. "Come in!" she called, wiping her eyes swiftly.

"A box of flowers for you, Miss Lenox!" Marie announced, entering.

"Lay it on the table, please," Cynthia ordered.

"Will I not turn on the light, ma'am?" the girl asked. "Then you can see better."

"No, let it wait for a while, Marie," Cynthia told her. "My head aches."

She was afraid that the merciless glare might reveal to the curious maid that she had been shedding tears. Yet, when the girl had gone away, Cynthia arose and turned on the electric light, then looked at the box lying on the table. It bore the name of a fashionable florist. Who could have sent it to her?

### Merely a Surmise

Unfastening the string she removed the lid, revealing a mass of huge pink roses on their bed of cotton.

There was no card to show from whom they came. The address on the box was evidently written by the florist's clerk, for the handwriting was unfamiliar.

As the girl bent to inhale the delicious fragrance of the flowers, there arose before her mental vision a face she knew well—fair, with blue eyes.

"He sent them!" she whispered.

She drew in her breath sharply. If he had sent them he had no right to do so, and she had no right to receive them.

"Oh," she murmured, pushing the box from her and turning out the light again. "I wish they had not come!"

A half hour later the door opened to admit Dora, carrying a tray on which was a plate of steaming soup. Her mother accompanied her. Evidently any quarrel between the two had been forgotten.

"I smell roses!" Dora exclaimed, as she turned on the light. "Why, Cyn, who sent them to you?"

"No card accompanied them," Cynthia evaded.

"But I can fancy who sent them," her aunt said smilingly. "Can't you, Dora?"

"Yes," Dora admitted, bending to sniff at the roses. "I suppose I can. It was either Milton or Gerald."

Her face was in shadow, but there was a tense sound to her voice that made Cynthia uncomfortable. Was Dora jealous—and, if so, was it of Milton or of Gerald?

(To Be Continued.)

# Anecdotes of the Famous

An amusing story, illustrating the good-fellowship existing between English officers and their men, is told by the Rev. William Ewing in "From Gallipoli to Bagdad."

There was not one of them (writes Mr. Ewing) but brightened up at the coming of the colonel, who had a word of greeting for each of them by name as he passed.

At the junction of several trenches he hailed a smiling-faced youngster as follows:

"Hallo, Allison, what's wrong? You're rather white about the gills."

"Ay, sir, I hae just washed masel'," was the reply, spoken in all seriousness, followed by loud laughter along the narrow ways from men who knew how completely a good wash alters the aspect of the trench dweller.

A reliable, safe skin treatment

You need never hesitate to use Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap in the treatment of severe or simple skin-troubles. There is nothing in them to injure the tenderest surface.

Resinol

is a doctor's prescription which, for years, has been used by other physicians for eczema and other itching, burning, unsightly skin affections.

They prescribe Resinol, knowing that its remarkable soothing, healing action is due to ingredients so gentle and harmless as to be suited even to a baby's delicate skin.

All druggists sell Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment. For sample write Dept. 5-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

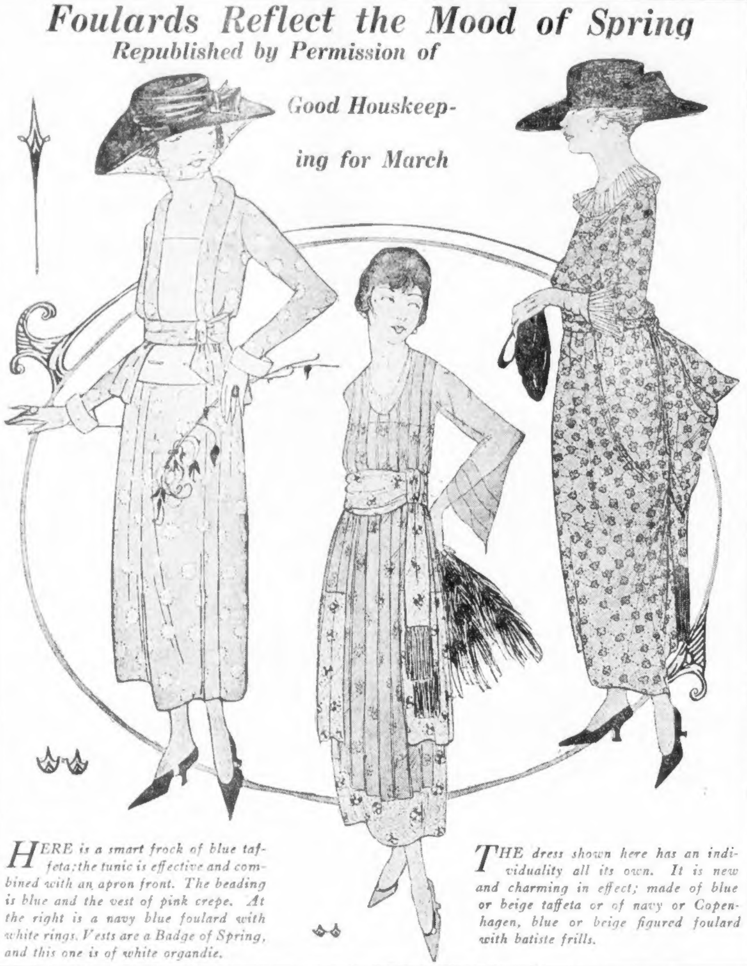
SPECIAL NOTICE.

No More Rough, Red, Chapped Hands

It is an old saying that a woman's hands tell her age and social standing better than her face. There is no excuse for any woman to have rough, red, chapped hands, no matter how much housework she may do. A specialist has perfected a preparation that keeps the hands wonderfully soft and youthfully white. It is called La-may (French, Creme L'Amei). You get enough for weeks for only a few cents from any of the big stores. All you do is to apply it after you wash your hands or before you go outdoors. You will be delighted to see the quick improvement in your hands. It is also wonderful for the complexion, for rough skin, wrinkles, crow's feet and enlarged pores. Better than cold cream, because it cannot grow hair; guaranteed not to contain glycerine, which dries and ages the skin. There is also a delightful La-may Face Powder that is guaranteed absolutely pure and that stays on better than any other face powder. Save this notice.

# Foulards Reflect the Mood of Spring

*Republished by Permission of Good Houskeeping for March*



*HERE is a smart frock of blue taffeta; the tunic is effective and combined with an apron front. The beading is blue and the vest of pink crepe. At the right is a navy blue foulard with white rings. Vests are a Badge of Spring, and this one is of white organdie.*

*THE dress shown here has an individuality all its own. It is new and charming in effect; made of blue or beige taffeta or of navy or Copenhagen, blue or beige figured foulard with batiste frills.*

# Beatrice Fairfax Answers a Forlorn Bride

**By Beatrice Fairfax**

THE other day this letter came in my mail, and it seems typical of the grievance of so many women, I feel inclined to answer it at length:

"Dear Miss Fairfax:

"Up to the time this country went to war, I was the happiest woman in the world. I had been married about a year and my husband seemed to live only to please me. He did what I wanted, went where I wanted, and thought everything I did was perfect.

"But now he seems to care about nothing but reading of the war; he is thirty-eight and a bad heart keeps him from enlisting. He rushes for the morning paper before it is light, reads till breakfast, props it against the coffee pot and reads during breakfast. At night he brings home a pile of papers, books, magazines, and reads and reads and reads. If I ask him a question he absent-mindedly says, M-m-m-m without knowing what I've said. What would you do about it, Miss Fairfax? Yours,

"DISCONSOLATE."

### It Is Not the Garden of Eden

In the first place, Miss Disconsolate, I'd try to realize that a year is a good, long, generous honeymoon, and that it's about time to wake up and realize that life is made up of more serious things than living only to please a little lady, and regarding everything she does as perfect.

I believe that it has already spoiled you and made you a bit unreasonable. This, alas, is not a Garden of Eden, but a work-a-day world where women must face facts and take their share of the burdens as well as the men, if they are worthy of the name of women. Of course there are parasites who do none of these things, but we are not discussing them at present.

If your husband is absorbed in war news, why not put aside the papers till you have arranged your household matters for the day and then read them to a finish.

If he says, "Um-m-m-m-m" to your questions I grant you it is trying and a little rude, but he won't say that if you are capable of discussing his hobby with him. If you meet him on his own ground and talk about the war with him intelligently it will open up vast new avenues of comradeship that are going to prove the finest asset of your life together.

I can't imagine his saying "Um-m-m-m-m" if you ask him, for instance, what he thinks of German diplomacy in Spain, and then show you know something about it.

The war has been a tremendous boon to families whose dinner tables have been dull and silent—and dull, silent, gloomy meals are the end of digestion, the death of inspiration, the morgue of family life. No wonder men frequently rush off to some one who has a fresh point of view, to some one who can discuss their hobby with them, or some one from whom he can get a little mental recreation.

As a wise Frenchman once said: "Life is so daily," and it's up to the woman who presides over the destiny of some man, to provide interest, refreshment and amusement.

But, alas, in addition to having nothing interesting to say, thousands of them save up all the disagreeable details of the household and fire them, in a broadside, at the poor bread winner as he returns from his day's toil.

Little Johnnie will have to have an operation for adenoids and the cook takes things home; the price of provisions is steadily going up, the bleached-haired lady in the adjoining flat seems "queer" and shouldn't a complaint be made right away; possibly a few tears accompany this dismal recitative and the lady who has been home all day must be consoled by the man who has been out pursuing the elusive dollar.

### Pleasant for "Himself"

Maybe such things have to be discussed in solemn family conclave; personally I'm for going ahead and doing things on my own responsibility, and not troubling "himself," as the head of the house is always spoken of by the Irish.

But, if they must be talked over, don't take the moment the "tired business man" enters the door, or at meal times, either, for such grim domestic debates.

At meals discuss his hobby, whether it be war or cheese-mites, get books from the library and read up. Don't, my dear Disconsolate—and there are thousands of you—sit around and expect to be worshipped like a bronze statue of Buddha. Climb off your pedestal and be an interesting and companionable wife.

# Puss in Boots Jr.

**By David Cory**

NOW let me see where we left off in the last story. Oh, yes, now I remember. Mr. Ulysses with Puss Jr. had just left the island of the Sun God's daughter, who had warned them before setting sail of the beautiful nymphs called sirens who lived on some islands in the sea.

"Now we must follow her advice," said Mr. Ulysses, and he went down into his cabin and got some wax and filled the ears of his sailor boys with it so they couldn't hear the sirens songs, and then he told them to bind him to the mast, for somebody had to have the use of his ears, you see, and Mr. Ulysses was afraid that perhaps the songs would be so sweet that he would not be able to resist them.

And it was a mighty good thing that he was bound to the mast for when they neared the island the songs that came across the waters were so sweet that Mr. Ulysses tried to get loose, but he couldn't, for a sailor knows how to tie a pretty fast knot, you know. And, anyway, Puss was at the tiller and he wouldn't have turned the boat toward those islands for anything in the world, let me tell you.

Well, by and by the lovely music grew fainter and fainter, and the boat sailed on faster and faster, and after a while they came to a narrow strip of water that ran between two high cliffs, where lived two monsters, one on the top in a cave just underneath the blue sky and the other in a cavern deep underneath the water, but on the opposite side. And just as the ship passed by the monster who lived on the top of the cliff stretched forth her necks, for she had six heads, and tried to catch up six of the sailor boys, but Puss Junior gave her six rats which he had caught and she went back into her cave.

And then the other monster sent forth from her cavern a great immense wave that nearly upset the ship, and I guess it would have if Puss hadn't held on to the tiller and steered the ship safely through the boiling waters. And by and by they came to another island which belonged to the Sun God, where he kept his cattle, which were watched over by his two other daughters. So Mr. Ulysses landed his ship at the wharf and went ashore.

Now the Sun God had given commands that no one should touch the cattle, even if he were starving, and as Mr. Ulysses knew of this he made his sailors promise that they would not harm them. But, oh, dear me, one day when all the food on the ship was gone one of the sailors killed a cow, and then they all had to run back to the ship and set sail as fast as they could.

But they had only gone a little ways when a terrible storm came up and a shaft of lightning broke off the mast and then the vessel went to pieces, and if Puss and Mr. Ulysses hadn't clung to some planks they would have been drowned with the other sailors.

Well, by and by, they drifted onto an island, where Puss helped Mr. Ulysses make a raft, and then they set sail once more for their destination.

(Copyright, 1918, David Cory.)
To Be Continued.

# Savagery in the Boy

DON'T BE ALARMED IF HE IS WILD

## Let Him Dress as an Indian and Go Off With Him on a Hike in the Country

**By William A. McKeever**

One of the Nation's Foremost Authorities on Children's Problems.

IF your boy has a wild streak in his make-up—as the majority of boys have pronouncedly—this rough-riding disposition will manifest itself most actively at about ten or twelve years of age. And when this inner call to the wild comes you are advised not to curb it very suddenly, but to give it a certain amount of guarded indulgence. For, remember, you are not merely dealing with an individual boy, you are also dealing with a racial instinct.

It is not necessary to argue that we human beings are all sprung from a race of savages and that certain great crises like war tend to throw us back into that unhappy state. Civilization has never changed our barbaric nature, but has merely submerged it under an intricate network of higher concerns.

### An Example

Recently a twelve-year-old city boy came racing down a side street riding a bare-back astride an Indian pony. He was flourishing an air rifle, was dressed in the garb of a cowboy of the by-gone Western plains, and was yelling in a sort of unison with a dog which hung at the heels of his pony. It was really a charming spectacle.

As a matter of fact, this young American is neither wild nor wicked. He is a good, four-square young school boy, and was merely acting out gloriously a racial trait which tends to dominate briefly those of his age.

But how can we indulge properly the wild streak in our boys? How can we give them the right forms and the right amount of rough-and-ready experience so that their physical stamina and moral courage may benefit thereby? Some suggestions may be in point here.

First of all, provide your boy with the clothes and the implements suitable for the innocent but savage-appearing experience through which you would have him pass. It is disheartening and almost pathetic for one who knows the game to see a boy going out on a hike dressed in a suit of flimsy Sunday school clothes.

Such is no time for your child to look angelic. Provide a hickory shirt, a red bandana handkerchief to tie about his neck or hang out of his hip pocket, an old slouch hat cocked a la cowboy and a pair of coarse high-tops, and thus make him feel the right thrill. These boy togs are inexpensive.

Next, provide for your boy's brief descent into the realm of savagery some suitable implements or weapons — nothing refined or modern—but something which suggests an ancient age. A crude stone axe, a bow and arrow of his own make, a home-made javelin, a leather sling, a big jack-knife, a copious water bottle — this is the class of goods which now tops the market in the mind of your wild boy. Load him down with some of these and throw in a dog for extra measure if you can borrow one.

### Take Half a Day Off

Now, take at least a half-day off and make for the hills with your boy. It is not a mere matter of a day's outing, not a question of the fun you will have. It is the red blood of the nation of tomorrow we are thinking about. It needs an early stirring to the depths. Our boys have been growing too tame and soft. Their course of training has been to effeminate. Their gentlemanly conduct has been acquired too early, so that the coarse, strong young fibre has not had enough opportunity to be woven into courageous manhood.

Doubtless the great war will finally bring us many valuable suggestions for overcoming this error in our boy training. Meanwhile, let us give every young American boy his due, insofar as we know what it is.

# The Hidden Hand

**By ARTHUR B. REEVE**

### EPISODE 13.

### "The Tiger's Jaws"

Copyright, 1917, Star Company.

"DON'T jump," he cried. "Everything is settled. I have made a mistake. I will not come another step."

Nor did he, as Doris, poised on the window ledge, waited for the next move.

The Hidden Hand reached into his breast and plucked out a long dagger, the exact replica of the one held by the Spanish cavalier. Before Doris could understand his intent he took it by the point and hurled it straight at her. She started to leap, but the dagger pierced through her hair and fastened in the side of the window, pinning her as securely by the hilt in her hair as if hands had reached across the room. In vain she tried to release the handle of the dagger from her hair. She could but struggle like a pinned butterfly as the Hidden Hand started toward her.

Pinned to the side of the window by the dagger which had been hurled at her by the Hidden Hand, Doris screamed as the criminal advanced. In desperation she wrenched at it to tear it free from her hair.

The Hidden Hand was almost upon her when she succeeded in loosening the dagger. At once she had freed herself and gained a weapon. She struck out at him, and he fell back, circling about her to gain an advantage again.

"Help! Jack! quick!" she screamed, turning for a second to the window, where below she could see Ramsay struggling.

Still holding the Hidden Hand at bay warily, Doris moved away from the window as he sought to interpose himself between it and herself. And, as she did so, she had to turn her back to the door.

Suddenly she felt a powerful hand on her wrist as she held the dagger ready to lunge instantly at the Hidden Hand. The Hidden Hand laughed harshly.

From the concealment of the doorway one of his emissaries had crept up on her, and she had neither seen nor heard him as he wormed closer and closer.

Slowly now, while the Hidden Hand mocked, the emissary, a powerful fellow, bent Doris' wrist back until the dagger pointed straight at her heart. In agony she felt his powerful grasp. Nearer and nearer, tantalizingly, he forced the dagger at her breast.

Doris managed to relax her fingers just enough to let the dagger clatter to the floor.

But she was a prisoner, and overpowered by the emissary and the Hidden Hand himself now, she was carried from the room.

"At last I have you and I'll compare your handprints with those in the packet," hissed the Hidden Hand, as she was borne, struggling, out into the hall.

In the back yard of the furnished room house Ramsay battled with the emissaries who had attacked him, as he heard Doris calling from the window above.

At that moment one of them leaped on him and they went down, Ramsay beneath, but struggling fiercely, for the fellow had him by the throat. With a superhuman effort Ramsay gathered all his strength and, although still held by the fellow, managed to rise from the ground, slowly twisting and squirming until he had the right hold.

"Get him," cried his antagonist to the other, who started forward.

But Ramsay was too quick for him. He had his grip and, with the leverage he wanted, threw his assailant over his shoulders. The man's body and legs whirled through the air, describing a giant swing, and, as he swung, his heels struck full in the face of the emissary coming to his help. The second reeled in pain and rage as Ramsay tossed the first backward. Leaving both in a heap on the ground and not stopping even to look back, he darted for the door of the house where he had seen Doris.

To Be Continued Tomorrow.

Advertisement

FAT WOMEN LINGER OVER NELL BRINKLEY PICTURES

Nell Brinkley, wonderful line artist, draws solid fleshed girls, who also are purely aristocratic in line. In so doing she is the despair of all artists and fattish ladies. The point she illustrates is that aristocracy of figure is not founded on skinniness, but on proportion. In this there is hope for "dumpy" fat folks.

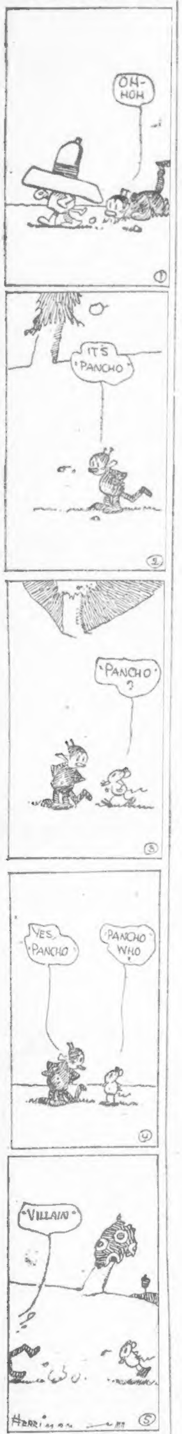
Under your fat is a fine, firm-flesh figure. It is you, the fat is an overgrowth. Uncover that firm flesh and your lines will be pure and fine—compelling as Brinkley's girls are.

Prove this by melting off that foolish garment of fat. The process is simple. Take only one Marmola Prescription Tablet after each meal and at bedtime. This will do you good, as well as drop off the fat a half to a pound a day. It will touch the eye with the sparkle of fascination, point your wit, etherialize your movements. Be yourself—elevate your self-esteem.

Marmola Tablets (made from the famous fashionable formula, ½ oz. Marmola, ¾ oz. Fl. Ex. Cascara Aromatic, 4½ oz. Peppermint Water) are safe to use—absolutely noninjurious. They are, also, reasonable in price, a large case (from the makers direct, the Marmola Co., 864 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.), or of any druggist, costing only seventy-five cents.

## Krazy Kat

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

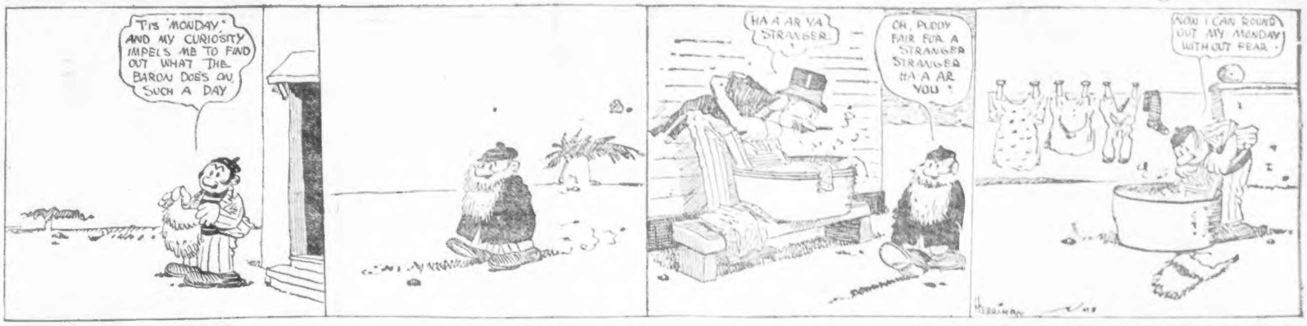


LIL' RAY
WHAT SLEEPY CHARACTER OF FICTION IS HE IMITATING TO-DAY ?
GOSH, I MUSSTA SLEPT ABOUT TWENTY YEARS. I WONDER WHERE MY DOG IS?

## BARON BEAN

Copyright, 1918, International News Service—Registered U. S. Patent Office.

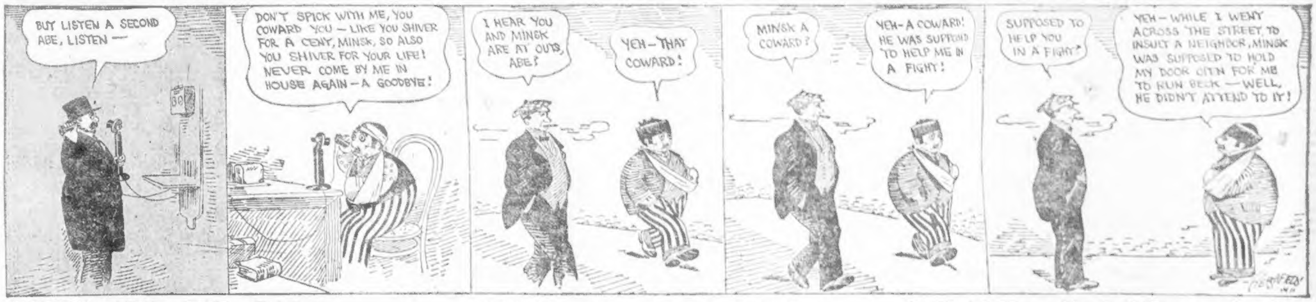
### It's Fair Enough All Round


T'IS "MONDAY" AND MY CURIOSITY IMPELS ME TO FIND OUT WHAT THE BARON DOES ON SUCH A DAY
HA A AR YA STRANGER.
OH, PUDDY FAIR FOR A STRANGER STRANGER HA A AR YOU ?
NOW I CAN ROUND OUT MY MONDAY WITHOUT FEAR.
HERRIMAN

## ABIE THE AGENT

Copyright, 1918, International News Service—Registered U. S. Patent Office.

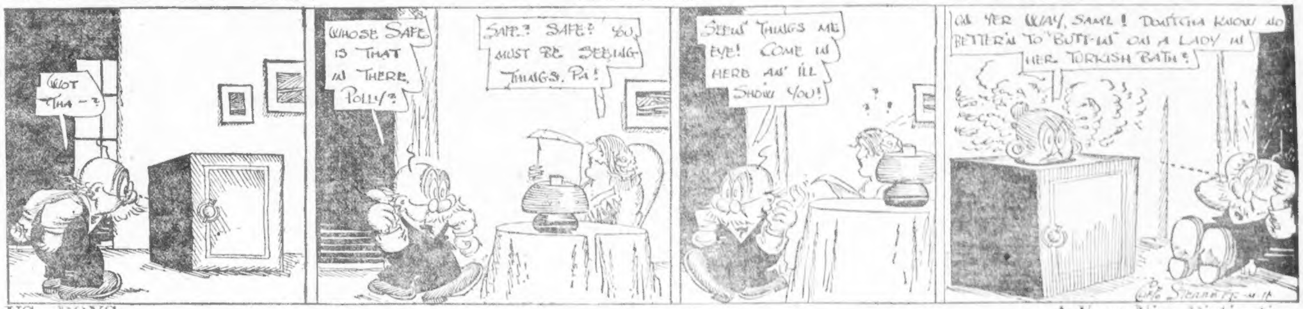
### And Abie Had a Doctor's Bill as Well


BUT LISTEN A SECOND ABE, LISTEN —
DON'T SPICK WITH ME, YOU COWARD YOU — LIKE YOU SHIVER FOR A CENT, MINSK, SO ALSO YOU SHIVER FOR YOUR LIFE! NEVER COME BY ME IN HOUSE AGAIN — A GOODBYE!
I HEAR YOU AND MINSK ARE AT OUTS, ABE?
YEH — THAT COWARD!
MINSK A COWARD?
YEH - A COWARD! HE WAS SUPPOSED TO HELP ME IN A FIGHT!
SUPPOSED TO HELP YOU IN A FIGHT?
YEH — WHILE I WENT ACROSS THE STREET TO INSULT A NEIGHBOR, MINSK WAS SUPPOSED TO HOLD MY DOOR OPEN FOR ME TO RUN BECK — WELL, HE DIDN'T ATTEND TO IT!
HERSHFIELD

## POLLY AND HER PALS

Copyright, 1918, Newspaper Feature Service, Inc.—Registered U. S. Patent Office. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

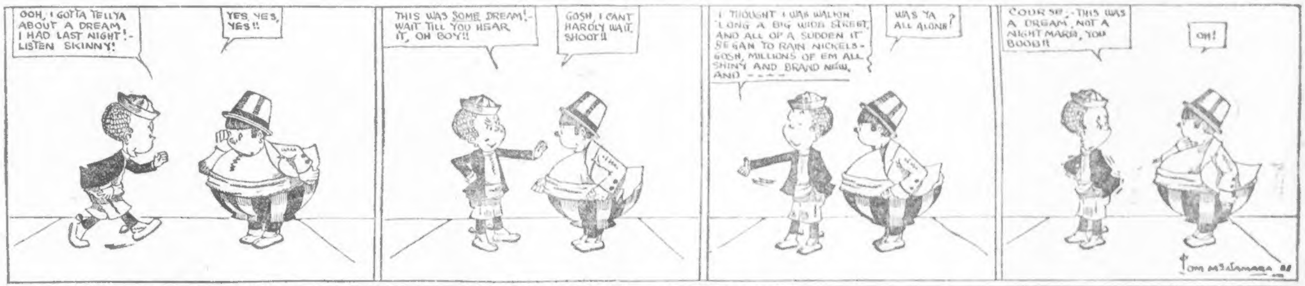
### It Would Have Fooled Even a Banker

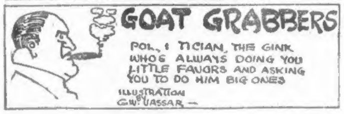

WOT THA — ?
WHOSE SAFE IS THAT IN THERE, POLLY?
SAFE? SAFE? YOU MUST BE SEEING THINGS, PA!
SEEIN' THINGS ME EYE! COME IN HERE AN' I'LL SHOW YOU!
ON YER WAY, SAM'L! DON'TCHA KNOW NO BETTER'N TO "BUTT-IN" ON A LADY IN HER TURKISH BATH?
CLIFF STERRETT

## US BOYS

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

### A Very Nice Distinction


OOH, I GOTTA TELLYA ABOUT A DREAM I HAD LAST NIGHT! - LISTEN SKINNY!
YES, YES, YES!!
THIS WAS SOME DREAM! - WAIT TILL YOU HEAR IT, OH BOY!!
GOSH, I CAN'T HARDLY WAIT, SHOOT!!
I THOUGHT I WAS WALKIN' 'LONG A BIG WIDE STREET, AND ALL OF A SUDDEN IT BEGAN TO RAIN NICKELS - GOSH, MILLIONS OF EM ALL SHINY AND BRAND NEW, AND - - - -
WAS YA ALL ALONE?
COURSE! - THIS WAS A DREAM, NOT A NIGHTMARE, YOU BOOB!!
OH!
TOM McNAMARA


GOAT GRABBERS
POL, I TICIAN, THE GINK WHO'S ALWAYS DOING YOU LITTLE FAVORS AND ASKING YOU TO DO HIM BIG ONES
ILLUSTRATION G.W. VASSAR —

WELL KNOWN SAYINGS ILLUSTRATED BY COGHLAN & RIVERS, FRISCO, CAL.
HE DOESN'T WANT TO GO IN, HE'S GOT A NEW SUIT ON
HELP!

Answer to Saturdays

WHY IS THE LETTER A LIKE TWELVE O'CLOCK? BECAUSE IT IS IN THE MIDDLE OF DAY

WHOOPS!

Get This!

FROM HENRY ROBERT, — BROOKLINE

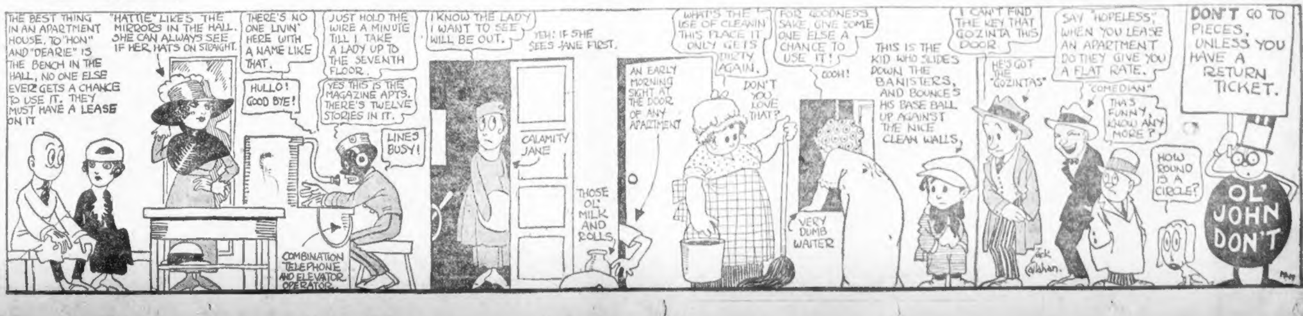
WHY IS A TEAR SHED IN SECRET LIKE A VESSEL OF WAR?

ANSWER TO MORROW

## OVER HERE

Copyright, 1918, International News Service.

### A Part of the Apartment House


THE BEST THING IN AN APARTMENT HOUSE, TO "HON" AND "DEARIE" IS THE BENCH IN THE HALL, NO ONE ELSE EVER GETS A CHANCE TO USE IT. THEY MUST HAVE A LEASE ON IT
"HATTIE" LIKES THE MIRRORS IN THE HALL. SHE CAN ALWAYS SEE IF HER HATS ON STRAIGHT.
THERE'S NO ONE LIVIN' HERE WITH A NAME LIKE THAT.
HULLO! GOOD BYE!
JUST HOLD THE WIRE A MINUTE TILL I TAKE A LADY UP TO THE SEVENTH FLOOR.
YES THIS IS THE MAGAZINE APTS. THERE'S TWELVE STORIES IN IT.
LINES BUSY!
COMBINATION TELEPHONE AND ELEVATOR OPERATOR
I KNOW THE LADY I WANT TO SEE WILL BE OUT.
YEH! IF SHE SEES JANE FIRST.
CALAMITY JANE
THOSE OL' MILK AND ROLLS.
AN EARLY MORNING SIGHT AT THE DOOR OF ANY APARTMENT
WHAT'S THE USE OF CLEANIN' THIS PLACE IT ONLY GETS DIRTY AGAIN.
DON'T YOU LOVE THAT?
FOR GOODNESS SAKE, GIVE SOME ONE ELSE A CHANCE TO USE IT!
OOOH!
VERY DUMB WAITER
THIS IS THE KID WHO SLIDES DOWN THE BANISTERS, AND BOUNCES HIS BASE BALL UP AGAINST THE NICE CLEAN WALLS.
I CAN'T FIND THE KEY THAT GOZINTA THIS DOOR.
HE'S GOT THE "GOZINTAS"
SAY "HOPELESS," WHEN YOU LEASE AN APARTMENT DO THEY GIVE YOU A FLAT RATE.
"COMEDIAN"
THAS FUNNY, KNOW ANY MORE?
HOW ROUND IS A CIRCLE?
DON'T GO TO PIECES, UNLESS YOU HAVE A RETURN TICKET.
OL' JOHN DON'T
Jack Callahan.

# ARMY AND NAVY AMERICAN

DEMOCRACY BOSTON, MONDAY, MARCH 11, 1918. LIBERTY

## TO PICK ACTORS FROM PIER'S ROSTER

### Amateur Night Will Reveal the Bluejackets as Thespians

By PAUL WHELTON

Aboard the Receiving Ship, Commonwealth Pier, Mar. 11—A real "amateur night" is the next bit of excitement scheduled for "seaside theatre" aboard the "Motionless." Every man who has, who thinks he has, or has ever been told that he might have tendencies toward the calling of Thespis is requested to hand his name in to Chief Instructor Ralph A. Dunning in the Y. M. C. A. room aft.

No more than ten minutes will be allowed each man in which to get his "stuff" across the theatric footlights, but each act will have the same fair chance as the next. No remarks tending to reflect on the merits of any act will be allowed by any contestant during the performance, and Lieutenant Carlton's recent dictum in regard to the interruption of an entertainment by illegal applause will be strictly enforced.

If he can sing, play, dance, jig, talk, make faces or do a specialty of any sort whatsoever, the receiving ship tar is requested to put his entry with Instructor Dunning. There will be three judges, who will be selected later, probably from among the officers, and their verdict will be final. Prizes will be awarded to the best act, the next best act, the worst and perhaps for the act worse than worst.

The "big night" is scheduled for the first week in April and will afford a chance for all men aboard possessing the germ of theatrical talent to show their wares. Each division aboard ship believes that the talent in that particular section is far and above that of any other section, and a warm night is expected when the curtain goes up on the first contribution.

Everything goes, stage harmony, song and dance, acrobatic stunts, feats of magic, eccentric turns, acts in one, two, three or any number the stage will hold.

* * *

The United States Naval Radio basketball team with its big string of victories goes to Newport, R. I., this week for two matches, playing the Second District team on Friday evening, and opposing the Fort Totten five from New London on the same floor Saturday.

* * *

G. A. LaForrest of the 37th Company at the Radio School has been promoted to officer of the deck in Russell Hall.

## 3,000 WORKMEN TO ERECT AYER BUILDINGS

### "Rookies" Released from Quarantine Thursday; New Howitzers Arrive

By William Flynn.

Camp Devens, Ayer, March 11.—Three thousand skilled workmen are expected here soon to start construction of the new buildings to be added to the base hospital group and the work is to be rushed ahead as quickly as possible.

New buildings are also to be erected for each of the division schools which are now being held in officers quarters, squadrooms, mess halls, mule sheds and other equally unsatisfactory places. The program of construction will probably last through the Summer.

Ground is soon to be broken for a new Jewish welfare building, to be erected on a site close to the library and theatre. The building is to be in charge of Carl Dreyfus of Boston, chairman of the Jewish board of welfare work in the army and navy, Dr. Morris Waldman, head of the Federated Jewish Charities, Albert Hurwitz of the Associated Young Men's Hebrew Associations, and Julius Eiseman, treasurer of the State branch of the Jewish Welfare Board.

Twenty-five hundred Jewish soldiers have been here since the camp opened and there are 1,800 here now. The new building will be a one-story structure with a balcony and will contain a special lounging room for officers.

When completed all Jewish religious services which are now held in the Y. M. C. A. huts will be held in this building. The welfare work among the Jews will be conducted by Field Secretary Max M. Fritz, who is here now, and four secretaries.

The new "rookies" will be released from quarantine on Thursday and orders have been issued to all unit commanders to reduce all fatigue work as much as possible and rush the training of the men in the cantonment. The new spring training program calls for a vigorous working day from 7 o'clock in the morning until noon and from 1:30 in the afternoon until 5 o'clock in the evening.

Two 4.7 howitzers have arrived and have been turned over to the men of the 302nd field artillery under Colonel A. S. Conklin. These are the first heavy pieces to be sent to this cantonment and the men have already started gun practice. Actual firing by the artillery is not expected to be started on the range for several weeks.

## DRYDOCKED

## Editorial

The transfer of illiterates and men otherwise mentally or physically unfit for military service into non-combatant ends of the service should aid the government in solving the increasing labor shortage problem. It should also prove a means of relieving the government of the embarrassment of strikes at a time when movement of war materials means much to General Pershing and his men overseas.

There is a large number of these men called in the draft who would never be of any use in the fighting units of the army and the authorities at Washington are seeking ways to use them in non-fighting war work instead of turning them back into civil life.

It is a branch of selective service to which little attention has been paid until lately, but by the time the next draft is called to the colors the problem of handling these men is expected to have been worked out.

## Among the Boys at Camp Devens

Major-General Hodges has been invited to be one of the speakers at the April meeting of the Fitchburg Chamber of Commerce.

* * *

One member of the City Hospital Unit which came to camp last week is at the Base Hospital with measles and five others in the same unit are also said to be on the sick list.

* * *

Lieutenant Guy Kimball of the Supply Company of the 302nd Artillery was bitten in the face by a horse and was also sent to the Base Hospital for treatment.

* * *

Army field troops, corps troops and replacement units are being mobilized as quickly as possible to carry out the program decided upon when the American forces take over a complete sector of the battle line in France.

## NAVAL NOTES

Chief Koster, famed as the leader of the celebrated Naval Radio Jazz Band, after twenty years of active service, has retired and joined the Fleet Reserve. He will remain, however, on duty at Harvard and continue to lead his jazzers.

* * *

The first Soldiers' Field inspection of the Radio School since Fall was made Sunday forenoon. Ensign Arps, the regimental commander, lead the long string of sailors to the field.

## SYSTEM OF ECONOMY AT DEVENS

### Reclamation Depot to Save U. S. Millions; 2 per cent. Rookies Rejected

By WILLIAM FLYNN.

Camp Devens, Ayer, March 11.—Everything of value at this cantonment is to be saved hereafter. Nothing which can possibly be utilized will be thrown away and the one road to the dump heap leads through the reclamation depot, a new institution inaugurated under the direction of the War Department to prevent unnecessary waste in the cantonments throughout the country.

The reclamation depot here is under the temporary command of Captain Frederick A. Pates and comes under the supervision of Major Charles L. Stevenson, assistant division quartermaster.

According to Major Stevenson, all clothing that is believed to have outlived its usefulness will be sent to the reclamation depot, and there repaired, washed, cleaned, or used and, if feasible, put back into service.

Shoes and other equipment are to be treated in a similar manner, and later the work is to be extended to include machinery and all other materials used in the camp activities.

The reclamation idea is patterned upon the method by the French and British armies to prevent waste, and which has saved both of those countries millions of dollars since the start of the war.

All of the work is to be done by enlisted men, and before long is expected to develop into one of the most important branches of the army. Many of the new "rookies" who came here in the last draft have been outfitted with materials saved from the scrap heap by the reclamation depot.

Only 2.6 per cent of the "rookies" in the last fifteen per cent of the first draft assigned to this cantonment were rejected because of physical or othr reasons, according to the latest figures issued by Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Powell, division surgeon. This is largely due to the numerous minor operations that have been performed at the base hospital upon selects to cure them of defects which hitherto would have barred them from the service.

Between 1000 and 2000 of the new men who have failed to meet the required standard of intelligence or physical fitness are expected to be used as stevedores at various points of embarkation and in similar pursuits of advantage to the army.

# NAVY ATHLETICS SPEED UP IN AMERICA

### New England Stations Represented by Many Strong Sport Organizations

Under the peerless leadership of Walter Camp, United States Navy Commissioner on Training Camp Activities, athletics in the various naval training stations throughout the country have taken a decided boom.

College men now wearing the blue of Uncle Sam's sea employes are joining hands with major and minor league ball players in the coming Spring drive for the diamond championship of the country, and with them, also, are hundreds of amateur and semi-professional ball tossers.

In the First Naval District, Director George V. Brown of the B. A. A. has been chiefly engaged in whipping an excellent program into shape.

Camp Plunkett at Wakefield, and the Portland, Me., training stations are two additional camps in the First Naval District to go in strong for the athletic game. At Camp Plunkett there is a decided leaning toward the formation of a cross-country team. In fact this movement has already been started and Paul Bentley, the old Dorchester Club runner, has been placed in charge. The plodders under his charge are now training for the annual B. A. A. grind on April 19 from Ashland to Boston. Boxing, too, at Camp Plunkett is attracting a large number of fans.

At Portland, "Pat" French, the old University of Maine baseball star, has been appointed captain of the diamond crew, among the members of which is Joe Burns, former Portland (Eastern League) centre fielder. Portland, from the large amount of first-class material at its command, will put a formidable array of ballmen on the field when the opening bell rings.

Many college and professional stars are hanging their sea-going hats at this point, and weekly smokers have done considerable to boom the baseball stock.

Portland also has a real, "honest-to-goodness" polo team, and it has already cleaned up its first game by a score of 6 to 3.

## MORE THAN THOUSAND SEEK NATURALIZATION

More than 1,000 persons, the majority British subjects, were at the Federal Building today awaiting their final naturalization papers. Two courts are granting these papers. The United States Court of Appeals will continue this work for the rest of the week. The United States District Court assisted today.

## FINANCIAL

### BOSTON STOCKS.

Following is the range of prices for leading Boston stocks to 12 o'clock.

| | Saturday's close. | High. | Low. | 12.00 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. T. & T. | 100½ | 100½ | 100 | 100 |
| Am. Wool pf. | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 |
| Am. Zinc | 15½ | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Bingham | 10¾ | 10½ | 10½ | 10½ |
| Booth Fisheries | 24½ | 24¾ | 24½ | 24⅝ |
| Davis-Daly | 6⅞ | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ |
| Isle Royale | 22 | 21½ | 21½ | 21½ |
| Mass. Gas | 81½ | 81 | 81 | 81 |
| Nipissing | 8½ | 8½ | 8½ | 8½ |
| Trinity | 3¾ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ |
| Tuolumne | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ |
| Un. Shoe | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 |
| Utah Cons. | 11½ | 11½ | 11½ | 11½ |
| Ventura | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7½ | 7½ |

### NEW YORK STOCKS.

Following is the range of prices for leading New York stocks to 12 o'clock.

| | Saturday's close. | High. | Low. | 12.00 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Allis-Chalmers | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ | 25⅝ |
| Am. Can | 40½ | 40¼ | 40¼ | 40¼ |
| *Am. Car & Fdy | 79 | 77½ | 77 | 77½ |
| Am. Locomotive | 66⅜ | 66½ | 66½ | 66½ |
| Am. Smelting | 81⅞ | 82½ | 81⅞ | 82⅜ |
| Am. Sumatra | 92 | 91½ | 90½ | 90½ |
| Am. Linseed | 32⅞ | 33½ | 33⅛ | 33⅛ |
| Am. Woolen | 55 | 55 | 54⅝ | 54⅝ |
| Anaconda | 63¼ | 65 | 64⅝ | 64⅝ |
| Atch. T. & S. F. | 85½ | 85⅝ | 85½ | 85½ |
| Atl. Gulf | 112½ | 113½ | 113½ | 113½ |
| Baldwin Loco. | 77 | 77⅛ | 77 | 77⅛ |
| Balt. & Ohio | 54⅝ | 55½ | 54½ | 54½ |
| Beth. Steel B | 79½ | 80½ | 80 | 80½ |
| Beth. Steel pf. | 101¼ | 101⅝ | 101½ | 101⅝ |
| Butte & Sup. | 22¼ | 23¼ | 22⅝ | 23⅛ |
| Cent. Leather | 71⅛ | 71½ | 70⅝ | 70⅝ |
| Ches. & Ohio | 57⅝ | 59¼ | 58 | 58⅛ |
| Chic. & St. Paul | 43 | 44¼ | 43 | 43 |
| Chic. & R. I. | 21⅛ | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| Chile | 16 | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ |
| Col. Fuel | 39⅝ | 39⅝ | 39½ | 39½ |
| Columbia Gas | 33¼ | 33½ | 33½ | 33½ |
| Corn Products | 35 | 35⅜ | 34⅞ | 34⅞ |
| Crucible Steel | 63⅝ | 64⅛ | 64 | 64 |
| Dis. Securities | 39⅛ | 38⅝ | 38⅝ | 38⅝ |
| Gen. Electric | 139¼ | 139½ | 139½ | 139½ |
| Gen. Motors | 124½ | 126 | 124½ | 125 |
| Gt. Northern pf. | 91⅞ | 91¾ | 91¾ | 91¾ |
| Gt. Northern Ore. | 29⅛ | 29¼ | 28⅝ | 29¼ |
| Inspiration | 44⅝ | 45¼ | 45 | 45¼ |
| Int. Paper | 33⅝ | 34¼ | 33¼ | 33¼ |
| Kennecott | 32 | 32⅝ | 32¼ | 32½ |
| Lack. Steel | 80¼ | 80⅞ | 80 | 80¼ |
| Lehigh Valley | 60⅛ | 61¼ | 60½ | 61 |
| Mer. Marine pf. | 97½ | 97⅝ | 97¼ | 97⅝ |
| Mex. Petrol | 95½ | 97½ | 96⅝ | 97¼ |
| Miami | 31¼ | 31¼ | 31¼ | 31¼ |
| Midvale Steel | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Mo. Pacific | 23⅜ | 23¼ | 23¼ | 23¼ |
| N. Y. Central | 72⅞ | 73 | 72⅞ | 73 |
| N. Y., N. H. & H. | 28⅞ | 29½ | 29 | 29⅝ |
| No. Pacific | 85⅞ | 86 | 86 | 86 |
| Ohio Gas | 39⅛ | 39½ | 39½ | 39½ |
| Penn. Ry. | 45⅛ | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Pitts. Coal | 55⅞ | 56⅝ | 56 | 56⅝ |
| Pitts. & W. Va. | 28⅞ | 29⅛ | 28⅞ | 28⅞ |
| Pressed Steel | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| Ray Cons. | 23⅝ | 23⅞ | 23⅝ | 23⅞ |
| Reading | 81½ | 82½ | 81⅞ | 82 |
| Rep. I. & Steel | 80 | 80½ | 80 | 80½ |
| Sinclair Oil | 34⅛ | 34⅛ | 33½ | 33⅞ |
| So. Pacific | 87 | 87½ | 87¼ | 87⅛ |
| So. Railway | 24¼ | 24½ | 24½ | 24½ |
| Studebaker | 46¼ | 46¼ | 45⅞ | 46 |
| Texas Co. | 152 | 153⅞ | 152 | 153¼ |
| Tobacco Products | 50½ | 50⅞ | 49¼ | 50½ |
| Un. Pacific | 120⅞ | 121⅛ | 120⅞ | 121¼ |
| U. S. I. Alc. | 120½ | 121½ | 120⅛ | 121 |
| U. S. Steel | 91⅝ | 92 | 91½ | 91⅞ |
| Utah Copper | 81 | 81¼ | 81 | 81¼ |
| Westinghouse | 41⅝ | 42⅛ | 41 | 41 |
| Willys-Overland | 18⅜ | 18⅜ | 18¼ | 18⅜ |

*Ex-dividend.

## COMMITTEEMEN RETURN TO MEDFORD BOARD

At a meeting f the Medford Public Safety Committee a unanimous vote of confidence in Chairman Irwin O. Wright, Secretary James A. Cotting and Treasurer Sylvester G. Sweat was passed. Then then withdrew their resignations.

# 4-MINUTE MEN START INCOME TAX DRIVE

### 25,000 Volunteers in Nation-wide Campaign; Slogan Is "Don't Delay."

Washington, March 11.—Twenty-five thousand Four-Minute Men started today on a nation-wide campaign to impress upon the American public their patriotic duty promptly to file income tax returns and pay the taxes.

The period for filing ends April 1. Taxpayers have seventeen days, not counting Sundays, in which to comply with this provision of the law. The penalty for failure is a fine of not less than $20 nor more than $1,000, and an additional assessment of 50 per cent. of the amount due.

The Four-Minute Men will appear in theatres, moving picture houses and at public gatherings. Special meetings will be held by chambers of commerce, boards of trade, rotary clubs, luncheon clubs and business organizations to hear the addresses.

"Don't delay" is the warning that will be given by the speakers. Taxpayers will be urged to protect themselves and aid the government by being prompt. It will cost the government money and trouble to hunt down the man who dodges the income tax, but the word has gone forth from headquarters that this will be done. The slacker will be shown no leniency.

DON'T PROCRASTINATE.

The man whose intentions are good but who is inclined to put off until tomorrow what should be done today will be urged not to procrastinate.

In every address the Four-Minute Men will lay stress upon that provision of the law which requires a return from every unmarried person whose net income for 1917 was $1,000 or more and from every married person whose net income was $2,000 or more. They will be supplied with facts and figures to show that the rich man and the man of modest income alike are made to bear a just share of the common burden.

Tables will be produced comparing the rates of tax in the United States and Great Britain. Here the married man with an income of $2,500 pays $10. In Great Britain the man with an income of $2,500 pays a tax of $225 and $300 if his income is not earned but is from interest on bonds or the like. As the income increases the difference between American and British taxes become less and finally, when million dollar incomes are reached, the amount paid in this country is greater than in Great Britain.

ONLY 2 PER CENT.

The normal rate of tax under the war revenue act of 1917 is 2 per cent. on the net income of unmarried persons in excess of $1,000 and on the net income of married persons in excess of $2,000. Under the act of Sept. 8, 1916, which remains in force, the normal rate of tax is 2 per cent. on the net income of unmarried persons in excess of $3,000 and on the net income of married persons in excess of $4,000.

Incomes under the 1917 act are subject to a surtax which ranges from 1 per cent. on incomes between $5,000 and $7,500 to 50 per cent. on incomes in excess of $1,000,000. The surtax under the 1916 act ranges from 1 per cent. on incomes between $20,000 and $40,000 to 13 per cent. on incomes in excess of $2,000,000. The multi-millionaire is assessed 67 per cent. on his income in excess of $2,000,000, while the man with a $2,500 income pays 2 per cent. on his income in exl cess of $2,000.

These and other facts and figures will be used to refute the statement of German sympathizers that this is a "capitalists' war."

ALL ARE "CAPITALISTS."

"We must learn to realize," says a bulletin issued to the Four-Minute Men by the Committee on Public Information, "that all of us who pay our mite are really capitalists. A capitalist is simply a person who has a claim on a bit of the world's stored up wealth. The unmarried man and woman earning $1,000 a year is by no means 'poor'—with rare exceptions he or she has something laid by in a bond, real estate or a few dollars in a savings bank. An income of $1,000 is considerably above the average.

"And after all, what is a $4 tax, your share, if you are single and make $1,200, and what is a $10 tax to a married man earning $2,500? Surely we, as Americans, will pay that much cheerfully."

## BOSTON BOY TOO YOUNG, SENT FROM TRENCHES

Charles Toye, fifteen years old, of No. 128 Norwell street, Dorchester, believed to be the youngest United States soldier to have been in the trenches in the present world war, has returned home. He was sent back as too young to fight in the United States forces.

Charlie protested vigorously, but to no avail. Back home he had to go.

One fine July morning in 1917, Charlie went away from home, forgetting even to inform his parents of his move, and enlisted in the "Old Eighth."

When his mother heard of his enlistment, she took steps to have him discharged but before she could have anything done, Charlie had completed his training at Lynnfield and Westfield, and in October of last year, sailed with the "Old Eighth" for France.

# BAY STATE TO ABANDON 36 CAR LINES

### Specifies Those North and South of Boston That Don't Pay

Continued from First Page.

done, or given up. The receiver states that he hopes this legislation in some form will be passed, and before the actual taking out of the service that the wishes of the local communities may be thoroughly considered.

The lines in question are as follows:

NORTH OF BOSTON.

MELROSE HIGHLANDS-SAUGUS CENTRE.

Monument T. O. on Central street, Saugus, to the corner of Howard and Green streets, Melrose.

READING-WAKEFIELD VIA LAKESIDE.

Wakefield square, corner Main and Albion streets to Reading square.

DANVERS-PUTNAMVILLE.

Danvers square to Putnamville, from the corner of Maple and Locust streets to the end of the line at Putnamville.

SOUTH PEABODY-NORTH SAUGUS.

Corner of Walnut and Water streets, Saugus, to the centre of Washington street and Lynnfield street in Peabody.

WENHAM DEPOT-ASBURY GROVE.

Wenham depot to Asbury Grove.

PROSPECT ST. AND MONTROSE.

Prospect street and Montrose in Wakefield, one from the end of the line at Prospect street to the corner of Albion, and the other from the end of the line on Salem street to the corner of Water street.

NORTH READING.

North Reading, from the corner of Winter and Main streets, to the end of the line at Park street.

WAKEFIELD-RIFLE RANGE.

Wakefield Rifle Range, from the corner of Main street and Lowell street to the end of the line on Haverhill street.

READING-WOBURN.

Reading-Woburn, from the corner of Lincoln and Minot streets in Reading to the corner of Cedar and Pine streets in Woburn.

WILMINGTON DEPOT-PERRY'S CORNER.

Perry's Corner, from the corner of Church and Main streets, Wilmington, to the corner of Woburn and Lowell streets.

ARLINGTON STREET.

Arlington street in Haverhill from the corner of Main street.

GEORGETOWN-DUMMER ACADEMY AND NEWBURYPORT - IPSWICH JUNCTION.

Georgetown (North street T. O.) to Dummer Academy and Newburyport to Ipswich Junction.

LINES SOUTH OF BOSTON.

CHARLES RIVER-NEEDHAM.

Charles River-Needham from the end of Bay State track at Charles River to the end of the line in Needham.

OAKDALE.

Oakdale route from the corner of Grove and Washington streets, Boston, to the end of the line on Oakdale avenue in Needham.

FORT POINT.

Fort Point from the end of the line on Neck street to the corner of Bridge street.

NEPONSET—NANTASKET.

Neponet-Nasntasket, in the town of Hull, on Nantasket Road between the corner of Nantasket avenue and Nantasket Road and Sunset Point.

HINGHAM-QUEEN ANNE'S CORNER.

Hingham to Queen Anne's Corner.

MANN'S CORNER-QUEEN ANNE'S CORNER.

Queen Anne's Corner to Mann's Corner in Hanover.

ROCKLAND-ABINGTON VIA LANE'S CORNER.

Rockland-East Bridgewater: Union street, from the corner of West Water street, Market street and Central street to the corner of West Water street in Rockland.

ABINGTON-EAST WEYMOUTH VIA PLYMOUTH STREET.

From the corner of Plymouth and Central streets in Abington to the corner of Pleasant street and South avenue in Whitman.

WHITMAN-EAST BRIDGEWATER.

From the corner of South avenue and Washington street in Whitman to the corner of Bedford and Central streets, East Bridgewater.

EAST WATER STREET.

East Water street from the freight station to the end of the line in Rockland.

SOUTH BRAINTREE-RANDOLPH.

South Braintree-Randolph, from South Braintree square to the corner to North Main street, in Randolph.

SOUTH END OF MONTELLO ST., BROCKTON.

Montello street, Brockton, from the corner of Montello and Crescent street to the corner of Montello and Perkins avenue.

NORTH END MONTELLO STREET, BROCKTON.

Montello street, Brockton, from the corner of Spark and Howard streets to the Freight station.

BRIDGEWATER-HAYWARD'S CROSSING.

Bridgewater to Hayward's Crossing.

LAKEVILLE-NEW BEDFORD.

Middleboro-New Bedford, from the Middleboro-Lakeville line to Lund's Corner.

ALREADY DISCONTINUED.

The Bay State Company has recently discontinued service on the following lines or is awaiting action of the Public Service Commission hearing having been held regarding the discontinuance:

EAST LYNN.

East Lynn: from easterly end of double track on Mount Vernon street to the corner of Eastern avenue and Essex street.

KIRTLAND, MARION AND FEDERAL STREETS, LYNN.

Kirtland, Marion and Federal streets, Lynn, from the corner of Walnut street to Market square.

WAMESIT-PRIVATE LAND.

Wamesit, in Tewksbury, through the private land to Main street from Sprague avenue.

WILMINGTON-BILLERICA.

Wilmington-Billerica, from the corner of Main street and Burlington avenue in Wilmington to the corner of Andover and Main streets in Billerica.

NORTH ANDOVER.

Railroad street, from the corner of Water street to Essex Turnpike, at the corner of Andover street in North Andover.

MANN'S CORNER, ASSINIPPI.

Mann's Corner to the end of the line at Assinippi, Webster street, in Hanover.

CROW POINT.

Crow Point, from the end of the line on private land to the corner of Bridge street.

LAKEVILLE-ELLIOTT'S CORNER.

Lakeville-Elliott's corner, from the corner of Precinct street and Bedford street in Lakeville to the corner of Precinct street and Middleboro avenue in Taunton.

The receiver expects to turn over to the owners the property in New Hampshire which has been operated by the Bay State Company.

# LACY FROCK FOR SUMMER SEASON

This delicate afternoon frock is Summer in spirit and is ultra-modishly fashioned in fleecy filet lace and tan georgette crepe. The quaint sash at the side lends a charm to the garment. The general style of the frock is rich in simplicity and yields itself readily to almost any style figure.

Photo by Central News

## Must Pay His Wife $1 a Week More for Perfume

By International News Service.

New York, March 11.—Mere man may not deduct from his income tax assessment for the upkeep of his mother-in-law (this a recent decision), but he must pay for the esoteric articles which adorn his wife's boudoir and are necessary complements to her toilet.

Louis J. Whelan of Richford, N. Y., didn't protest against the income tax, but he believes it an unnecessary impost on himself to be called upon to pay his wife one dollar a week for perfume, powder, etc.

"They're trash," Whelan told the judge.

"Yes," the court rejoined, "they are trash—admitted—but they are a customary part of a woman's upkeep. Pay your wife $10 a week instead of $9 from now on."

Whelan, who is a foreman gardener, agreed to pay the sum, but he left court with his opinion of milady's dressing table unchanged.

## BELIEVE WOMAN DIES A SUICIDE BY FIRE

White River Junction, Vt., March 11.—Medical Examiner E. F. Drake of the Hyde Park district today declared he believed the death of Mrs. H. Lee Tucker by burning to have been deliberate suicide.

It was first thought that a lamp had exploded, scattering burning oil on the woman, who lived alone in a little cottage. Further investigation revealed the fact that the chimney of the lamp had been removed and the woman's dress saturated with kerosene.

A few months ago Mrs. Tucker's eight-year-old boy, the only member of her family left, was accidentally burned to death by the explosion of a lamp. It is believed that the woman brooded over his death.

## ARTHUR DALLIN SAFE ON SECOND WAR JOURNEY

Arthur Dallin, son of the famous sculptor, has arrived safely in Paris, according to word received by his parents Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus E. Dallin of No. 69 Oakland avenue, Arlington. This is the young man's second trip to the war zone. He is a student at the Artillery Officers' Training School at Fontainbleau.

## Declares Senate Will Vote for Suffrage

By International News Service.

Washington, March 11.—"The National Suffrage Amendment will come to a vote in the Senate within two weeks, probably sooner, and when it comes to a vote it will be passed."

This was the unqualified statement of Miss Mary Garrett Hayes, national vice-president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association and chairman of the New York Woman Suffrage party, who spoke for Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the association.

From the National Woman's party comes the announcement that suffragistic watchful waiting does not intend to watch or wait longer than a week. That week, beginning today, is to be one of considerable determined action by the party to get action in the Senate. The first twenty organizers and speakers of a nation-wide rally have been sent out by the party.

# SUPERVISE FOOD AT AYER CAMP MESSES

By WILLIAM FLYNN.

Camp Devens, Ayer, March 11.—Careful attention is being given to the food served to the men in this cantonment, and it was announced at division headquarters today that a nutrition survey board had been appointed to investigate and supervise the quality and kind of food served at the various units' messes.

The new board consists of four officers attached to the sanitary corps and hereafter all camp menus must conform to standards announced by the division surgeon.

Major-General Harry F. Hodges, accompanied by his aide, Captain W. W. Cowgill, today reviewed a calisthenic drill to music staged by members of the ammunition and sanitary trains, the ambulance corps and the military police. More than 1,000 men took part, under the direction of Captain Charles E. Salek.

Private Arthur J. Roderick of the medical detachment of the quartermaster's corps has been commissioned a first lieutenant in the medical reserve corps.

## HYDE PARK DRAFTEES GOING TO SAN ANTONIO

Four young men placed in the first class by the exemption board for the Hyde Park district leave tomorrow for San Antonio, Texas. Edward J. Ford of No. 701 Walk Hill street, Mattapan, and Frank H. White of No. 67 Rutledge road, Mattapan, have volunteered as chauffeurs; Edward J. Kunkel of No. 94 Sprague street, Readville, as a machinist, and William C. Daunt of No. 451 Norfolk street, Dorchester.

Amusements.

LIEUT. "PAT" O'BRIEN

Thrilling Narrative of Adventure

The Jump thru train window—The 8000 foot fall—The escape from the Hun.

Symphony Hall, March 19, 8:15 P.M.

Prices 50c to $2. Advance Sale Open.

# PRESERVATION OF SCHOOLS IN DANGER

### Shortage of Teachers Appalling Through Low Salaries, Says Cora Bigelow

"War conditions undoubtedly call for economy in city housekeeping as well as in every household," says President Cora Bigelow of the Boston Teachers' Club, in a statement. "It means choosing wisely between vital necessities and other things, perfectly legitimate but less vital.

"There can be no question in the minds of city officials or citizens as to the importance of the education of the children. This cannot be postponed till a more favorable time, for the children are growing older every day, and many are forced to leave school as soon as the law allows, to help support the family.

MUST BE ABLE TO LIVE.

"The teachers have no desire to embarrass the city, but they must have a salary upon which they can live and keep up to the requirements demanded by the city, if they are to continue to fulfill one of the greatest responsibilities of the municipality.

"Startling truths were made known at the convention of the National Education Association in Atlantic City early this month. It was stated that all over the country the shortage of teachers is appalling. They are leaving the profession in order to earn a living wage. **Schools are closed in many places, not because of lack of coal, but because of lack of teachers.** More than 100,000 teachers are now needed in the United States.

"It is no longer a question of justice to teachers, this increase of teachers' salaries, but it is a question of preservation of schools. No preparedness is more important than preparedness to keep schools going. We are headed toward serious unpreparedness in this matter. Measures must be taken, not for the teachers' sake solely, but for the children's and Democracy's sake.

ASK TO BE RECOGNIZED.

"Teachers continually see their recent pupils going to Washington and other places to fill far less responsible positions at far greater salaries. Even the day laborers receive more than teachers. We do not wish for a moment to have any of these wages reduced, far be it from our thought! We simply desire to be recognized in the scheme of things according to our real relationship and worth.

"In the twenty-seven largest cities in America,

"Boston is the fourth in wealth.

"Boston is the sixth in population.

"Boston is fourteenth in payment of teachers' salaries.

"The quality of teachers will deteriorate just as surely as anything else which is neglected. It is a fact that there are now 400 fewer students in the Normal schools of Massachusetts training to become teachers, than there were last year. Boston makes a mistake if she puts the education of her children low on her list of vitally necessary expenses."

## FILENE MINSTREL GIRLS PLAY FOR NAVY RECRUITS

The Filene Minstrel Girls, fifty-five strong, put joy into the hearts of the boys in training at the U. S. Naval Training Station, Bumkin Island, when they repeated their clever show which brought forth such encomiums at Commonwealth Pier last week. Under the leadership of Miss Nora Callahan and Katheryn Feeley, interlocutor, the bones and tambos, end girls and soloists made the hit of the season down the harbor.

The crowd was chaperoned by Mrs. Maud Brennan, floor manager, and T. K. Cory, store manager, assisted by William McLoud and Charles Cooper.

The usual array of clever skits, sidesplitters and jaw-breakers were "put over" by the girls in inimitable style.

## PORTSMOUTH HOTEL SUIT OF '98 DISMISSED

Portsmouth, N. H., March 11.—A case which has been before the Supreme Court in Washington since 1898 has just been dismissed, according to information received here today.

The Portsmouth Harbor Land and Hotel Company brought suit against the government for damages said to have been caused by the concussion and gases from coast defence guns at Fort Foster, to the Hotel Pocahontas at Gerrish Highlands on the Maine side of Portsmouth harbor. The guns were fied only nine times in 15 years. The hotel is now out of business, but at one time was the best in York County, Me.

## Concert for French Blind.

The Harvard Musical Club will give its annual concert tomorrow evening in the John Knowles Paine Hall, Cambridge. The club will have the assistance of Miss Hazel L'Africain, 'cellist, and Miss Anne Gardner, soprano. The proceeds will be given to the French Fund for the Blind.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—Girls for general housework, good pay, room and board, must be smart. Tel. Dor. 622.

The Boston American

PUBLISHED DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) AT 80-82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, MASS.

DISPLAY AND CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING MATTER FOR THIS PAPER RECEIVED AT 80 SUMMER ST., BOSTON; 1789 BROADWAY, AT 58TH ST., NEW YORK CITY, OR 504 HEARST BLDG., CHICAGO.

NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING COMPANY.

*Entered as second class matter June 4, 1907, at the postoffice at Boston, Mass.*

*Entered as second class matter at the Postoffice Department, Canada.*

THE BOSTON EVENING AMERICAN MAIL SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Within 75 miles of Boston:

One Month .......... $0.30

Six Months .......... 1.75

One Year .......... 2.50

The following rates apply to all territory outside of 75 miles of Boston:

One Month .......... $0.50

Six Months .......... 3.00

One Year .......... 6.00

Postage prepaid for the United States and possessions.

In the BOSTON POSTAL DISTRICT one cent extra per copy is charged for postage.

FOREIGN SUBSCRIPTIONS: Add postage at rate of one cent per copy.

SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

# SALE RECORDS BROKEN AT AUTO SHOW

Byy C. F. DONNOCKER.

At the conclusion of the automobile show, Saturday night, it was the consensus of opinion of all the dealers that this show has been productive of more actual cash business than any other exhibition held in Boston.

The attendance records were broken and it would have been possible to have continued the show for another week and even then the public probably would not have seen enough of the new cars. The interest displayed in machines this year was greater than ever and will undoubtedly continue.

There are several logical reasons why the dealers have taken so many orders during the show. Last October, when the country was in an unsettled condition as far as business went, and the Liberty Loans and other patriotic movements were before the people all the time the automobile business was stagnant.

Large government war loans were new to the people and this fact, coupled with the various enemy propaganda which warned the public against spending money, made people over cautious and since the growth of the automobile industry has been so rapid it was naturally the first one to be attacked when it was thought necessary for certain lines of business to be curtailed.

Of course there will be a curtailment of the manufacture of passenger cars. Every big manufacturer and dealer knew this long ago and discounted it in his plans for this year, but the trouble was that the public was led to believe that it was absolutely wrong to buy cars. Visions of financial panics were held up before them and they were told to hoard their money.

Fortunately sound business men saw the outcome of such a policy and the results of the auto shows all over the country prove that the people of this country have awakened to the fact that if the war is to be fought to a victorious finish business must be carried on and the people must have employment. Instead of labor wars and riots the country's factories are working to fullest capacity and the motor car industry has proven one of the biggest and most efficient organizations for carrying out the government's ideas in the manufacture of war munitions.

Since these facts have been brought to the attention of the public the interest in motor cars has increased by leaps and bounds and the public is now buying cars and buying in quantities as great, if not greater, than last year. If the output of the factories could be allowed to remain at normal or be increased there would be more autos bought this year than ever before in the history of the country.

## Travel Guide

**NEW YORK $2.95**

Via Rail and Boat Daily and Sunday.
"The only independent line operating between New England and New York."

**COLONIAL LINE** 297 Wash. St., Boston Phone F. H. 2786

**BAY STATE LINE** VIA RAIL & BOAT **NEW YORK $2.55**

Outside Staterooms, $1.00.
Steel Steamships, Georgia and Tennessee.
Daily, including Sunday. Improved Service. Telephone Main 1741.
Ticket Office, 288 Washington st., Boston.

## Used Cars and Accessories.

WHITE TRUCK, EXPRESS BODY Cheap. KELLEHER'S, 8 Columbus av.

10 RACING CARS CHEAP. KELLEHER'S, 8 COLUMBUS AV.

1917 Touring cars and roadsters, cheap. KELLEHER'S, 8 Columbus av.

FORD TOURING CAR—A BARGAIN KELLEHER'S FORD USED CAR PLACE, 8 Columbus av.

FORD ROADSTER CHEAP KELLEHER'S FORD USED CAR PLACE, 8 Columbus av.

FORD TRUCK—A DANDY KELLEHER'S FORD USED CAR PLACE, 8 Columbus av.

LONGFORD—Express body, cab front, cheap. KELLEHER'S FORD USED CAR PLACE, 8 Columbus av.

**SAXON SEDAN**

ALMOST new, [illegible] $800. DUBY, 1357 Blue Hill av., Mattapan.

**SAXON SIX TOURING CAR**

IN good condition, $500. DUBY, 1357 Blue Hill av., Mattapan.

WANTED—STANLEY STEAMER 1914 or later, with or without top, to convert into truck. CHARLES W. SCOTT, 93 Minot st., Neponset, Mass.

**FOREST HILLS GARAGE**

TAXI, LIMOUSINES and TOURING CARS FOR HIRE. Tel. Jam. 52731.

I'M DRAFTED—Will sell my car at sacrifice; Packard 30, 7-pass., newly painted and slip covers; tires in fine shape; call or phone between 8-3 p. m. 67 W. Holbrook.

REO CARS and parts bought and sold; expert repairing; also 3-ton trucks to let at $1.87 an hour; tel. Milton 1967.

## Motorcycles and Bicycles.

Ride a bicycle; Harley-Davidson and other leading brands on easy terms. Call (do not write) for catalog, open Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings.

**W. J. WALKER**

163 Massachusetts Ave.
Phone B. B. 2613
Boston

COME see our 1918 models, all equipped $24.98 up; 2nds $7 up. 53 Dover st. Tel. Beach 6026-M.

## Automobiles for Hire.

**DORCHESTER TAXI CO**

PACKARD Twin 6 cars for hire, day or night service; special price to Ayer Camp; try our cars and prices. 610 Columbia rd.; tel. Dorchester 6120, 72472.

5-PASSENGER DODGE, $2 per hour, or special rate. "STEEVES," Roxbury [illegible].

## Real Estate—Miscellaneous.

**PAINT $1.45 A GAL. 48 SHADES** Color card on request. Varnishes at ½ price.
FALVEY PAINT WAREHOUSE
Tel. Hay. 638. 59 Canal St., Boston

**WALL PAPER** | Brighten Up Your Parlor HICKEY'S, 180 Friend St. Near North Station

**COZY HOME—$545**

$45 DOWN, $10 a month, little beauty, 9,000 feet of land; 13c fare to Boston, 5c to Quincy; near everything. M 169, Boston American.

CLOVER LEAF FLAT WALL PAINT has a soft, velvety finish that cannot be excelled. It is durable and inexpensive. Alfred Peats Co., 118 Summer St.

EVERETT GIFT.

LITTLE 5-room house, some improvements; price $1,250, $100 down, balance $10 a month. Apply 10 Tremont st., room 29.

## Real Estate—Belmont.

TO BUY, sell or mortgage property, see WILLARD E. CHERRY. Camb. 633 or 5410.

## Real Estate—Medford.

WELLINGTON DIS., 2 apartment, 11 rooms, 2 furnaces, all new and modern, ass'd $5,000, rent $48 mo.; price $4,300; small amount down. J. D. BRUCE, 223 Dudley st., Roxbury.

## Real Estate—Quincy.

**VICTORY PLANT LOT**

NEAR Victory Plant, on street with sewers, water and gas; near car line; many buildings being erected, in restricted neighborhood; this Quincy lot contains about 5,000 square feet and goes cheap for cash. I. W. POLLARD, 2 Clinton st., Cambridge.

HOUGH'S NECK BARGAIN—6-room house, hardwood floors, gas range, sleeping porch, large lot of garden land; price $1,950; $150 down and $16 a month. Apply to LECAIN'S STORE, 1153 Sea st., Quincy; tel. 1152-W.

## Real Estate—Somerville.

**REAL BARGAIN**

MODERN 2-family bungalow style house, near cars, stores and schools, finished street, electric lights, gas and coal ranges, all improvements; rented $45 monthly; only $4,400, easy terms. BRAYLEY & KNOWLES, 660 Broadway, Somerville.

## Real Estate—Squantum.

**SQUANTUM HOUSE**

FOR SALE—Practically new 7-room house, all modern improvements, 6,400 ft. land; sightly location; price $3,900, $500 down. Address S 41, Boston American.

## Real Estate Wanted.

WANTED to rent, might buy, house with land for garden reasonable distance Harvard University. Call or write 269 Boylston st., Watertown.

## Farms.

BULLETIN of 100 farm bargains free. Dept. 4, P. F. LELAND, 31 Milk st., Boston.

## Real Estate Mortgages.

MONEY on first and second mtgs. F. E. DOVEY, 53 State st., rm. 315; tel. F. H. 5727.

## Business Property.

TO LET—Two greenhouses, 5 acres land. Tel. Arlington 543-M.

## Houses to Let and Wanted.

2-FAMILY, 15-ROOM HOUSE, all modern improvements, on Walnut av. E. Z. BOUNDREE, 8 Moreland st.

½ TWO-FAMILY house, 9 rooms. MRS. GATES. Tel. Brookline 4973-M.

## Storage.

NEW ENGLAND STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 82 George st., Roxbury (15 minutes from Winter st.)—Sanitary rooms, $1.50 per month up; only warehouse where furniture vans are taken direct to rooms, saving breakage and loss. Phone for estimate, 1160 Roxbury.

**MASS.** STORAGE WAREHOUSE CO., 2026 WASHINGTON ST. TEL. ROX. 31.

HUB STORAGE WAREHOUSE 549 Washington St. Tel. Beach 5 Rooms $1 a mo. up. Licensed and Bonded

## Apartments—Allston.

1082 COMMONWEALTH AV., ALLSTON. D. M. NOBLE. Apartments of all kinds; expert service. Telephone Brookline 1772.

1-2-3 AND 4 rooms, all impts., steam heat, janitor service, best locations, rents reasonable. COREY HILL REALTY CO., 1447 Commonwealth av., Allston; tel. Brighton 955.

## Apartments—Back Bay.

BACK BAY, Brookline, Allston apts., 1-2-3 and 4 rms., fur. or unfur., modern imps.; $25 to $55. Apply at once to E. WHITE, 841 Beacon st.; tel. B. B. 1210; auto service.

KITCHENETTE APTS., fur. or unfurn., 1, 2 and 3 rooms, rents $15 up. Apply 36 Batavia st., 21 and 59 Astor st.

## Apartments—Brighton.

5 ROOMS, bath, gas, new location; lowest rent in Boston; $16 month; 23 Herrick st.

## Apartments—Cambridge.

4 AND 5-ROOM suits, heated, janitor service, etc., $30 to $45. See JANITOR, 881 Mass. av., Cambridge.

## Apartments—Charlestown.

3 ROOMS, gas, hot and cold water, set range; $2.75 week. Apply JANITOR, 56 Russell st., Charlestown.

## Apartments—Dorchester.

DORCHESTER—4-room suite, vapor steam heat, continuous hot water, janitor service; 53 Washington st., near Grove Hall, Dorchester. F. J. ROCKWELL, owner, office 741 Washington st., Dorchester; telephone 808.

FURNISHED housekeeping apartments, 2-4 room; rent moderate; near Uphams Cor. O. O. EMERSON, 11A Everett av.; tel. Dor. 1608-M.

5, 6, 7-Rm. suites, best location, $20 up. HOPKINS, 449 Columbia rd.; phone 6441-M.

SAVIN HILL AV., 11—4 rooms, all improvements, rent $15. Tel. Dorchester 4540-W.

## Apartments—Medford.

300 APARTMENTS, $10 to $30; new air, new hopes, new friends, new life, new neighbors, new health. A. B. GAVIN, 450 Salem st.

## Apartments—Roxbury.

**COLORED TENANTS**

TO LET—3 rms., $10; 4 rms., $16; 5 rms., $19; 6 rms., $25; first week's rent free. E. J. PITT, 1061 Tremont st.

4 AND 5-ROOM tenements, $2 to $4 weekly. Apply store, 2002 Washington st.

## Clothing

**BUY AT THIS BARGAIN STORE**

Notice! We buy up fire and bankrupt stocks. Just received big stock; $50,000 stock to be sold regardless of cost. Men's suits and overcoats, $2.19 to $9.75; men's pants, 42c to $1.39; shoes, 35c to $1.39; raincoats, 39c to $1.59; boys' suits, 59c to $1.98; hats, 37c; overalls, 39c; bags and suitcases, 39c up; trunks, 98c to $4.98. More bargains every day; look 'em over.

**WOLF COHEN & CO.**
**2073—Washington St.—2073**

3 min. walk from Dudley st. L sta. Cor. Sterling st. Open 8 a. m. till 10 p. m. Sat. 12 p. m.

**MARKS & CHESTER**
The Wage Earners' Friend

The largest variety of custom made, slightly worn and misfit clothing in New England; suits and overcoats from $3 to $12; coats and pants from 75c to $3; coats and vests from $1 to $3. Far better than cheap new stuff. Look for the number, 105 Dudley st., cor. Dudley sq., near Dudley st. station. Open Tuesday, Thursday and Sat. 10 p. m., Wed. and Friday 6 p. m.

## Apartments—Winthrop.

UPPER apartment, 5 rooms, modern imps.; best American neighborhood. 75 Summit av.

## Furnished Apartments.

192 PLYMOUTH RD., Malden, tel. 553-W—Three connecting furnished rooms, street floor, piazzas, combination range, set tubs, hot and cold water, two beds, select neighborhood, [illegible].

FURNISHED and unfurnished. MRS. GATES. Tel. Brookline 4973-M.

## Female Situations Wanted.

MORNING WORK wanted, competent colored woman wants washing or day work. Address Y. J., 29 Warwick st., suite 2.

LAUNDRY taken home, family washing a specialty. MRS. [illegible]. Brighton, 829-M.

## Female Help Wanted.

**WANTED**
**Young Lady**

Large publishing house has a position open for a young lady who has had some outside selling experience. State age, experience and salary expected in first letter.

M 173,
Boston American

WANTED—Girls to pack fruit jar rings. Steady work, good pay. Apply at BOSTON WOVEN HOSE AND RUBBER CO., cor. Portland and Binney sts., Cambridge, Mass.

**Top Stitchers**
**WANTED AT ONCE**
Inquire of J. E. BOYLE
**RICE & HUTCHINS**
Main St. Factory, Marlboro, Mass.

**Girls Wanted**

FOR general factory work; steady employment; good pay. Apply at once to Superintendent THE WARNER & CHILDS CO., 15 Winchester st., Medford.

EXPERIENCED
**STENOGRAPHER**
IN ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT

Must be rapid and accurate. Apply C. H. TOBEY, Adv. Mgr., Boston American.

**WOOD HEEL COVERERS**

Apply GEORGE E. KEITH CO., 288 A st., South Boston.

**Stitchers Wanted**

Experienced on shirtwaists and middy blouses; steady work and good pay; come ready for work; see Mrs. Bird or Mr. Klein. COLONIAL WAIST CO., 55 Bedford st.

**Inspectors and Slopers**

Experienced on shirtwaists and middy blouses; come ready for work. See Mrs. Bird or Mr. Klein, COLONIAL WAIST CO., 55 Bedford st., city.

**LAUNDRY HELP**

MARKER wanted, experienced on starch work. Apply TAYLOR BROS. LAUNDRY, 10 Davenport st., Uphams Corner, Dorchester.

**LAUNDRY HELP**

5 EXPERIENCED girls for general starch work. Apply PILGRIM LAUNDRY CO., 85 Allerton st., Roxbury; take Edward Everett sq. car, get off at Lansdowne st.

**STITCHERS**
MEN OR WOMEN

ON Singer machines to make canvas coat fronts; paid while learning. BOSTON COAT FRONT CO., 31 Beach st.

OPERATOR ON
**Embroidery Machine**

WANTED. STAR EMBROIDERY WORKS, 34 Harrison av., Boston.

**LAUNDRY HELP**

SHAKERS, feeders and catchers. Apply CREAMER WING LAUNDRY, 59 West Newton st., Boston.

**CHOCOLATE DIPPERS**

ALSO EXPERIENCED GIRLS TO LEARN. Apply to MR. PUTNAM, between 9:30 and 11 a. m., Stolzenbach's Bakery, 112 Summer st.

GIRLS TO TRAIN AS NURSES
$25 MO. to start, room, board and washing. HOSPITAL AGENCY, 229 Tremont st., rm. 15.

DRAPER—Experienced on good custom work. MISS [illegible], 145 Boylston st.

FINISHERS. Experienced on good custom work. MISS [illegible], 145 Boylston st.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for a sanitarium; pay $22 a month, with board and laundry. Address S. LAIRD, Stamford, Conn.

POWER MACHINE STITCHERS. C. W. WHITE CO., 10 Court st., apply to Mr. Hunter.

PUPIL NURSES WANTED—Young ladies desirous of becoming trained nurses, having graduated from grammar school and having at least one year's high school work or its equivalent, can enter classes forming at Jersey City Hospital, Jersey City, N. J.

Jersey City Training School offers exceptional opportunities for young ladies desirous of entering this profession. Course consists of three years, and pupil nurses will be paid at rate of $15.00 month for first year and one-half and $20.00 month for second year and one-half. "Nurses Home," one of the finest in the country, accommodating 125 nurses, and is completely equipped with every modern convenience.

Jersey City is ranked among largest cities in country, having population according to last government census of approximately 340,000 people, and its institutions are second to none in the State. Present hospital building accommodates 350 patients, and new addition is now under construction which will have facilities for 650 beds.

Educational course and lectures will be supervised by some of the leading professors of the country, and our graduates will become specialists in such branches of public service as public health nurse, dental hygienists, school nurses, social service workers, dietitians, assistants and institutional heads.

To those contemplating the study of nursing it would be well to investigate more fully what Jersey City has to offer, and to all those desiring further information same will be gladly furnished on application either in writing or in person to MISS ELLA M. BREDE, Supt. of Nurses, Jersey City Hospital, Jersey City, N. J.

SALESLADY for dry goods store. DAVID WANLESS, Magoun sq., Somerville.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER for three adults in Cambridge; no heavy work; wages $7; many privileges. Address M 168, Boston American.

YOUNG LADY between 25 and 35 wanted to help out part time in Boston business school in exchange for shorthand or secretarial course; also teacher of bookkeeping wanted 2 evenings a week. Address S 3, Boston American.

## Female Help—Miscellaneous.

DRESSMAKER
WANTED—Experienced. MME. FRANZBLAU, 88 Wyoming st., Roxbury, near Humboldt av.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—If you want to go in moving pictures or vaudeville call or write 100 Boylston st., room 402; stamp for reply.

WANTED—Nurses to enter training in April class at the General Stephen Gale Hospital in Haverhill; 2 years high school required. Apply to the Superintendent.

## Male Help Wanted.

WANTED
**SHOE CUTTERS**
BY HAND
APPLY
**LEONARD & BARROWS**
MIDDLEBORO, MASS.

WANTED
**SIDE LASTERS**
**NO. 5 BED MACHINE OPERATORS**
LEONARD & BARROWS
MIDDLEBORO, MASS.

**TOP STITCHERS**
**CLOSERS**
**SKIVERS**
—AND—
All Kinds of Experienced or Inexperienced Stitching Room Help Wanted
—AT—
**RICE & HUTCHINS**
Curtis Factory, Marlboro, Mass.

**OPERATOR**
ON OLD GEM INNERSOLE TRIMMING MACHINE
WANTED AT
**CURTIS FACTORY**
Marlboro, Mass.

**MACHINISTS**
And Machinists' Helpers Wanted.

EXPERIENCED machinists at rates of 42½c to 45c per hour, and machinists' helpers at 31½c per hour, to work at New Haven, Waterbury, Danbury, East Hartford, Willimantic and Springfield. Apply to C. H. PERKINS, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., room 41, Railroad Station, New Haven, Conn., or at Portland st., Boston, Mass.

A SUPERINTENDENT to take charge of a large brass foundry. State experience, reference and salary. Adress S 6, Boston American.

**TURN LASTERS**
**TRIMMER and SLUGGER**

ON wood heels. Apply GEORGE E. KEITH CO., 288 A st., South Boston.

**Automobile Tester**

WANTED—First-class automobile tester, one having had experience on Cadillac motors preferred; must be industrious, honest and temperate. Apply to MR. WARING, CADILLAC AUTOMOBILE COMPANY of Boston, 70 Brookline av.

**Machinists Wanted**

ON MARINE WORK for U. S. Government; highest wages and overtime to first-class men; no labor troubles. Apply to F. B. [illegible], Gen. Mgr., Baker Yacht Basin, Quincy, Mass.

**Warehousemen Wanted**

STEADY work for able-bodied men, of good habits, who can furnish satisfactory references from previous employers. Apply Room 9, Adams Express building, Atlantic av., foot of Kneeland st., Boston, 10 a. m. to 12 noon.

**2-3 WANTED**

TWO-THIRDER compositor with knowledge of job stone work preferred. See MR. MITNICK, Boston Index Card Co., 153 Purchase st.

**Moulders Wanted**

ON machine foot work; come ready to work. R. B. NOYES CO., Greenfield, Mass.

**CUTTERS**

EXPERIENCED on shirtwaists and middy blouses. Come ready to work. See Mr. Klein, COLONIAL WAIST CO., 55 Bedford st.

**Blacksmith's Helpers**

WANTED on automobiles and general work, to the right men steady work, high wages. SARGENT & HAM CO., 24 Brooker st., Boston.

**PAPER BOX MAKERS**

STRONG boy wanted, experienced tying boxes. THE WILKINS PAPER BOX CO., 65 Beverly st., Boston.

**LAUNDRY HELP**

MAN in the washroom. Apply CREAMER WING LAUNDRY, 59 West Newton st.

**PAINTERS' UNION No. 11**

SPECIAL MEETING Tuesday for discussion of wages and proposed agreement. [illegible] McINTYRE, Pres.

**VAMPERS**

TWO EXPERIENCED vampers wanted by A. G. WALTON CO., Spruce and Heard sts., Chelsea.

**PAINTERS.**

CARRIAGE and automobile painters wanted. Apply KING & Co., Waltham, Mass.

HOSPITAL ATTENDANTS.
$30 MO. to start; room, board, washing. HOSPITAL AGENCY, 229 Tremont st., rm. 15.

AM. BOY, 16 yrs. or over, [illegible] work. BELL & BROWN, 231 [illegible].

BOOKBINDERY—Experienced book [illegible] wanted. Write BOOKS, [illegible], 1 Broadway, New York city.

EXPERIENCED FITTERS wanted in box shook mill, good pay and steady work for good men. Apply at MERCHANT BOX & COOPERAGE CO., Gloucester, Mass.

FURNITURE TEAMSTER wanted, steady work and good pay. Apply ready for work Monday morning, 53 Mystic av., [illegible].

JOB COMPOSITOR—Permanent position to reliable, experienced man. Write full details SENTINEL PRINTING CO., Keene, N. H.

MACHINISTS wanted—Lathe hands, planer hands, slotter hands, vise hands and all round machinists; eight-hour shop, government work. Drawer 25, New Haven, Ct.

MAN wanted to work in automobile paint shop. Apply E. W. SMALL, [illegible] st., West Roxbury.

SHIPFITTERS WANTED FOR THE PANAMA CANAL—80c hour; must be thoroughly experienced in laying out and doing all lines work on hulls, decks, bulkheads, watertight compartments and all kinds of sheet iron work in shipyards; also armature winders. The men must be American citizens (final papers) under 50 years of age, in good health. Free steamship transportation furnished from New York, wages beginning date of sailing. Write "CHIEF OF OFFICE, The Panama Canal, Washington, D. C."

WANTED—Boy to work in office and learn the oil business. High school graduate with some knowledge of stenography. Chance for advancement. JAMES S. BENT, 117 First st., So. Boston.

WANTED—Steam cleaner on fancy work, spotters, dyer, pressers, sorters and packers; good pay and steady work to those proving themselves capable. BOSTON DYE HOUSE Inc., Malden.

WANTED—Man and wife for inside work. Apply DR. W. O. HUNT, 324 Newtonville av., Newtonville; tel. Newton North 71.

WANTED—All around electrician for plant work. Apply in person. MERRIMAC CHEMICAL CO., No. Woburn, Mass.

## Male Help Wanted.

**WANTED**
**YOUNG MAN**

Large publishing house has a position open for a young man who has had some outside selling experience. State age, experience and salary expected in first letter. T 73, Boston American.

**TOOLMAKERS and MACHINISTS**

FIRST-CLASS toolmakers and all-round machinists on government contracts. Machinists capable on lathe, large machine tools, milling machine, vertical and horizontal boring mills, also pattern makers, brass molders and coremakers. Only first-class men need apply. Write, stating experience, wages expected, age and nationality, or call at Employment office at [illegible].

**Mason Machine Works** Taunton, Mass.

**AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS**

WANTED—First-class men for repairing automobiles. None but first-class men need apply. Apply to MR. WARING.
CADILLAC AUTOMOBILE CO.
of Boston.
70 Brookline Ave.

**PULLERS OVER SIDE LASTERS AND BED OPERATORS ON McKAY SHOES**

THOMAS G. PLANT CO., cor. Centre and Bickford sts., Jamaica Plain.

**BOX MILL HELP**

Experienced Cutting-Off Men and Fitters.
Steady work, good wages, new shop.
CHAMPLIN & HOBBS BOX CO.,
Fifth St., Medford, Mass.

**Shoe Help Wanted**
ON ARMY SHOES

WANTED—Pullers over, side lasters, 4 bed operators, [illegible] on [illegible]. [illegible] sewers, 6 [illegible] fitters, outside [illegible] top stitchers.

ISAAC PROUTY CO.,
SPENCER, MASS.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS
**All-Round Machinists**
STEADY WORK
WEST & DODGE
107 OLIVER STREET

## Male Situations Wanted.

AMERICAN, 35, [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—Back Bay.

[illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—Beacon Hill.

[illegible]

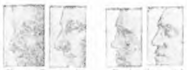
## Furnished Rooms—Brookline.

[illegible]

COMMONWEALTH AV., [illegible]. Large well fur. fr't rm. Tel. Brookline [illegible].

## Face Specialists.

**Nasal Defects Corrected**



Hump Corrected. Dent Corrected.

(All types) without cutting, pain or loss of time. Also Outstanding Ears, Thick Lips, Baggy Eyes, Frown Lines, Hollow Cheeks, Double Chin, Receding Chin, Moles, Warts, Wens, Red Veins, Red Nose, Scars, Pittings, Pimples, Blackheads, Oily Skin, Tattoo, Superfluous Hair, Wrinkles, Sagging Face and other traces of age removed permanently by the GIBSON PLASTO-COSMETIC METHOD.

**HAIR** The "[illegible]" Method. I have installed the New ALPINE SUN LAMP, as successfully used in City Hospital here. The rays created by this apparatus (ultra-violet rays) stimulate to grow HAIR, stop DANDRUFF, and relieve all scalp maladies; in these rays the

**SKIN** is quickly relieved of all eruptions and blemishes, as ACNE, BLACKHEADS, OILY SKIN, etc. LIQUID AIR always on hand for the removal of BIRTHMARKS, LUPUS and other blemishes, as moles, warts, etc.

**A. S. GIBSON, M. D.**

140 BOYLSTON ST. Phone 2810 Beach. Hrs. 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. Daily, 11-2 Sun. BEWARE IMITATORS. No other person or institution in New England is using similar methods or is equipped to do so. Estab. 22 yrs. Send six cents for new book.

## Male Help—Miscellaneous

**Buy at This Bargain Store**

[illegible]

BUY AT THIS BARGAIN STORE
**UNION HAT CO.**
139 Hanover Street
DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER
A Shop Cap Free With Every Suit of Overalls.

CARPENTERS, [illegible]

ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN instructed for license according to the state law. [illegible] STATE STEAM ENGINEERING SCHOOL, [illegible]

GOVERNMENT wants thousands of clerks immediately, $100 month; examinations [illegible]. Full information free. [illegible]

THOUSANDS government jobs [illegible]; $100 month. Write for list. FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. [illegible], Rochester, N. Y.

U. S. GOVERNMENT WANTS HELP—Men, women, 18 or over, $100 month; quick advancement; thousands war positions open. [illegible] FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. [illegible], Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Men, women, government war positions, $100 month. [illegible] FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. [illegible], Rochester, N. Y.

## Furnished Rooms—Allston.

BRIGHTON AV., [illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—Beachmont

WINTHROP AV., [illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—Dorchester

[illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—East Boston.

[illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—Roxbury.

[illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—South End.

[illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—Somerville

[illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—South Boston.

BROADWAY, [illegible]

## Furnished Rooms—Miscellaneous

**NOTICE MEN STOP**

[illegible]

## Board and Rooms

COLUMBUS AV., [illegible]

BOSTON DAILY ADVERTISER
Subscription Rates

Postage prepaid for the United States, Canada and Mexico.
In the BOSTON POSTAL DISTRICT add postage at rate of one cent per copy.

DAILY ONLY
Within 75 miles of Boston:

| | |
|---|---|
| One Month | $0.38 |
| Six Months | 1.75 |
| One Year | 3.50 |

The following rates apply to all territory outside of 75 miles of Boston:

| | |
|---|---|
| One Month | $0.50 |
| Six Months | 3.00 |
| One Year | 6.00 |

BOSTON SUNDAY ADVERTISER AND AMERICAN

| | |
|---|---|
| One Month | $0.38 |
| Six Months | 1.75 |
| One Year | 3.50 |

FOREIGN: Add postage at rate of one cent per copy daily and five cents per copy Sunday.

SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

N. E. Publishing Co.
80 Summer St., Boston, Mass.

## Pianos and Musical Instruments.

**THIS PLAYER OUTFIT, $150**

[illegible] Player Specialists.
181 BOYLSTON STREET

THIS WEEK | BABY GRAND PIANO | **$125**

[illegible] $65 $75 $50

181 BOYLSTON STREET

**NORRIS** Headquarters for PLAYER PIANOS
Send for Free Booklet and Terms.
We Take Your Piano in Exchange
**181 Tremont St., Boston**

[illegible]

## Dancing

[illegible]

## Music

**PIANOS TUNED, $1**

[illegible]

**RAGTIME** [illegible]

## Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry

**Illinois ROCKLAND** 17 Jewels **$22.50** [illegible]
LENOX JEWELRY CO. BOSTON 373 Washington St.

**$50,000 WAITING**

[illegible]

**Full Value for Diamond**

Gold, Silver, Platinum. Collateral Loan Tickets bought, large loans on same, low interest. J. ROY, 77 Summer st., Room 21, tel. Beach [illegible].

**READY SPOT CASH**

[illegible]

**$1 DOWN $1 WEEK** [illegible] [illegible] & CO., 5 Bromfield St.

## Business Opportunities

[illegible]

## Printing.

**500 BUSINESS CARDS, $1**

[illegible]

## Optical.

**EYES EXAMINED FREE**

[illegible]

## Store Fixtures

FOR GROCERS, MARKETS, RESTAURANTS [illegible] WHITTEMORE [illegible]

## Typewriters.

RELIABLE TYPEWRITERS $15 up, $3 down, balance monthly; rentals $2 up; repairs. THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO., 191 Devonshire st.

## Cash Registers.

[illegible]

## Dental

**TEETH FIXED**
**$1 DOWN; $1 PER WEEK**
DR. MARK ROMANOW
12 SCHOOL ST.

[illegible]

## Books, Stamps, Coins, Etc.

WANTED—To buy [illegible]. Paddock bldg., 101 Tremont st., Boston.

## Dermatologists.

**NASAL DEFECTS** All Kinds, Wrinkles, Frowns, Deep Lines, Sagging Face, Bagging or Receding Chins, Irregular or Imperfect Eyebrows, Thick Lips, Superfluous Hair, Moles, Warts, Freckles, Moth, Scars, Red Veins, Red Nose, Birthmarks, Tattoo Marks, Pimples, Blackheads, [illegible] Corrected Painlessly and Permanently. [illegible] wrinkles, baggy eyelids and traces of age; lasts 10 to 25 years. Dr. Reid's LIFTING OPERATION corrects sagging faces permanently. Consultation Free. Hours 10 to 6 Daily; Sundays 10 to 1. Tel. Beach 867

DEFECTIVE **NOSES** CORRECTED **Facial Blemishes** REMOVED

**E. P. REID, M.D.,** FACIAL EXPERT **100** BOYLSTON ST. Room 829 **BOSTON**

Oldest and best equipped establishment of its kind in New England. Beware imitators.

## DEATHS

[illegible]

## Lost and Found

[illegible]

## Legal and Public Notices

**Justice of the Peace, Notary**

[illegible]

## Information Wanted

[illegible]

## Petitions

TO THE HONORABLE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS [illegible]

## Proposals

PROPOSALS FOR ROCK EXCAVATION—U. S. Engr. Office, Boston, Mass. Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 m., April [illegible], 1918, and then opened, for rock excavation in Weymouth Fore River, Mass. Further information on application.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING—U. S. Engr. Office, Boston, Mass.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 m., March 12, 1918, and then opened, for dredging in Malden River, Mass. Further information on application.

## Lawyers.

ALBANY LAW OFFICE, 28 School st., specialists in [illegible] marriage troubles and other cases [illegible] in all States; advice free; [illegible]. Rm. 21. Main 1250; [illegible] estate matters. Probate [illegible].

## Detectives.

BOSTON'S [illegible] woman detective; [illegible], licensed, bonded; family troubles, evidence secured. [illegible] Bldg., 43 Tremont st.; [illegible] 1398.

EDITORIAL PAGE OF THE
BOSTON AMERICAN
MARCH 11, 1918.
BOSTON.

# What Any American City Can Do for Its People

"Let Us Start Now by Adopting the Plan Devised and Recommended to the Legislature by Our Public Service Commission for Taking Public Control of the Boston Elevated Street Railway"

Last week the **AMERICAN** told a wonderful story of what the people of Glasgow, Scotland, accomplished when they bought a rundown, wretchedly managed street railway in Glasgow that gave miserable service and was the source of constant public discontent and trouble without any corresponding profit to the private company itself.

We told our readers how the unexpected, surprising success of what was then regarded as a bold experiment by the people of Glasgow in the operation of their street railway caused Glasgow's example to be followed by seventy-two other cities in Great Britain, and with like success, so that nobody in the big cities of Great Britain would now think of going back to the wretched system of private management under which the policy was to charge the public all the traffic would bear and give as little service as would permit the people to ride on the cars at all.

Now we shall relate the experiment of a people in a German city inspired by their observation of Glasgow's success.

The city of Dusseldorf, Germany, twenty years ago, was in very much the same intolerable situation as to street car service that many American cities are in today. Like all the other German industrial cities, its growth since the Franco-Prussian war has been even more rapid than that of any of our commercial or industrial centres of population. In 1875 its population numbered only 80,000. In 1910 there were 356,773 inhabitants within the city limits alone, and its suburban population, formerly wholly rural, has expanded at a corresponding rate.

In the later nineties its privately-owned street railways were breaking down, as so many American privately-owned transportation systems have broken down, under the task of handling a rapidly increasing traffic. The cars were overcrowded and outworn, the tracks were out of repair, city congestion was increasing at an alarming rate because the wretched transportation service checked the development of the suburbs for home-building, **AND THE PRIVATE COMPANIES COULD SEE NO REMEDY FOR THESE EVILS BUT INCREASES OF FARES.**

But the progressive citizens of Dusseldorf had watched the experiment of Glasgow in public operation of her street railways, and had noted the uniform success of Manchester, Leeds, Dublin and the other British cities that followed Glasgow's example by taking control of their street railways. And so, in 1900, after six years of unbroken and increasing success had removed all their doubts of the wisdom of Glasgow's step, Dusseldorf took over her car lines, with a liberal, not to say lavish, compensation to their private owners, and unhesitatingly met the heavy outlays needed for new equipment, replacement and repairs.

**IN SPITE OF THIS HEAVY INITIAL BURDEN, AND IN SPITE OF THE FACT THAT THE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS CARRIED INCREASED FOUR-FOLD IN THE NEXT EIGHT YEARS,** requiring great annual increases in transportation facilities, the municipal street railways of Dusseldorf, with fares of only 2½ cents, not only carried their passengers with a comfort, speed and safety unknown under private management, but after the first year or two of public ownership turned the private companies' annual deficit into **A NET ANNUAL PROFIT WHICH IN A FEW YEARS LONGER, IF PEACE CONDITIONS HAD NOT BEEN DISTURBED, WOULD HAVE WIPED OUT THE ENTIRE CITY DEBT INCURRED IN TAKING OVER AND REJUVINATING THE LINE.**

The municipal street railways are not the only venture in public ownership that Dusseldorf has undertaken with conspicuous success. Its gas and electric light and power plants, taken over at a cost of nearly seven millions, are supplying light and power at rates which are low even for Germany, and very far below our own, and still they have been showing net profits of half a million a year. For the relief of tenement congestion it employs a revolving fund of $5,000,000, loaned at low rates for the building of workers' homes, and uses another fund of $6,000,000 in purchasing land which it sells for building purposes at a narrow margin of profit, thereby checking land speculation and turning into the public treasury a large share of the "unearned increment" in land values resulting from the city's rapid growth.

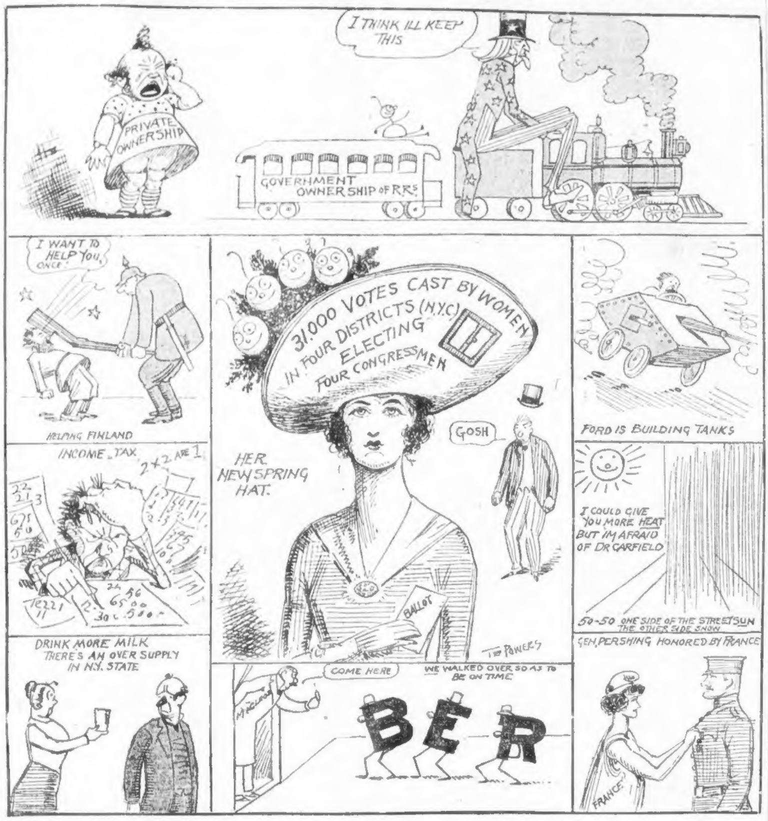
Among many other provisions for the health, comfort and happiness of its industrial population, Dusseldorf maintains a city pawn shop and loan office, a municipal employment bureau, and a city theatre where special popular attractions are provided at very low admittance rates. For its own army or 4,800 city employes, which the municipalization of so many public functions has created, its care is especially thorough and far-seeing. It provides them with liberal sickness, accident, and old age insurance, with retiring allowances for the uninsured, and with pensions for the widows and orphans of employes dying in the service. **BETTER THAN ALMOST ANY OTHER CITY, DUSSELDORF ILLUSTRATES THE TRUTH, SO OFTEN REITERATED BY THE AMERICAN, THAT UNDER PUBLIC OWNERSHIP PUBLIC EMPLOYES AS WELL AS THE CONSUMERS ARE GREATLY BENTFITED, AND THE ONLY LOSERS ARE THE EXPLOITING PROFITEERS.**

The citizens of Dusseldorf have not been deterred from these municipal undertakings by the mere fact that the city's liabilities have necessarily been increased thereby. They have only required proof that the increase in nominal debt would be more than offset by the increase in productive assets, and this has been most satisfactorily the case.

In 1910 the city's debt had risen to twenty-nine millions, or more than eight dollars per inhabitant, and its annual budget of appropriation was only a million dollars less. **BUT OVER AGAINST THE DEBT WERE FORTY MILLIONS OF PRODUCTIVE ASSETS, AND THE REVENUE FROM THEM NET OVER 87 PER CENT. OF THE ANNUAL BUDGET, LEAVING ONLY $2,875,000, OR 80 CENTS PER INHABITANT, TO BE RAISED BY TAXATION.** And even this small sum was raised mainly by taxation of land values and of large incomes, leaving the great body of Dusseldorf's workers and home-owners practically tax-free.

Surely it is high time for the American people to profit by the example of progressive cities like Dusseldorf, and like Dusseldorf by taking over under public ownership and public operation the transportation service, **the most important public utility of all.**

# Views of the News -:- By T. E. Powers


I THINK ILL KEEP THIS
PRIVATE OWNERSHIP
GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP OF RR'S
I WANT TO HELP YOU, ONCE
HELPING FINLAND
31,000 VOTES CAST BY WOMEN IN FOUR DISTRICTS (N.Y.C.) ELECTING FOUR CONGRESSMEN
HER NEW SPRING HAT.
GOSH
BALLOT
T.E. POWERS
FORD IS BUILDING TANKS
INCOME TAX
2×2 ARE 1
I COULD GIVE YOU MORE HEAT BUT IM AFRAID OF DR GARFIELD
50-50 ONE SIDE OF THE STREET SUN THE OTHER SIDE SNOW
DRINK MORE MILK THERE'S AN OVER SUPPLY IN N.Y. STATE
COME HERE
WE WALKED OVER SO AS TO BE ON TIME
BER
GEN. PERSHING HONORED BY FRANCE
FRANCE

# ELIZABETH JORDAN'S ARTICLE

## Scandalmongers May Be Such Without Knowing That They Are Doing Themselves an Injustice and Others Much Harm—Easy to Breed Suspicion

### By Elizabeth Jordan

We were returning from Europe, six weeks after the outbreak of war.

The conditions on shipboard were abnormal. The big liner was carrying almost twice her proper number of passengers. The passengers were more or less panicky. Their common danger from mines and raiders drew them together, made them intimate and confidential.

Wild stories swept among us. No tale was too wild to be believed. On the third day out a young American diplomat dropped into a vacant steamer-chair beside me.

"The gossip on this ship is appalling," he began. "Make the simplest statement and it grows like a prairie fire. Today I'm trying an experiment. I've told some one, in strict confidence, that the sister of a big German general is among the passengers. Let's see what this crowd does with that by night!"

After dinner that evening he brought up a fussy little man and solemnly presented him.

"Mr. Blank has just been telling me something very startling," he said. "I've asked him to come and tell it to you, knowing that you would be interested."

### A Scandalmonger

The chest of Mr. Blank swelled with importance.

"It's this," he began, pompously. "One of the women passengers is the sister of General von Blank. She is in disguise. She represents herself as a Danish woman, but she is really going to America to do secret service work. She has had several cables from her brother since she started. The last came today, and announced that the Germans have just entered Paris."

"That's very interesting," I said. "Which of the passengers is she?"

"No one is sure of that," he admitted. "But we think it's the woman with white hair that sits near you at the captain's table. Has she talked to you at all?" he added, yearningly.

"That woman," I told him, "happens to be the widow of one of our American generals. I know her very well."

His face fell.

"Oh!" he said, blankly. "Well—then it must be someone else. I'll tell you who I believe it is! It's that odd little creature down there on the left. See? The third one on the second row of steamer chairs. There's something very suspicious about her — don't you think?"

"She is a Brooklyn school teacher," I was able to tell him.

"Oh!" He looked blank again. Then he toddled off—probably in search of another unsuspecting woman to fasten his story to.

My diplomatic friend made other experiments. He started a dozen stories. Each grew on every tongue that repeated it. The cumulative effect was startling.

The whole episode was highly educative. It proved afresh how strong is the tendency to gossip and how almost impossible it is to repeat gossip exactly as one hears it.

Consciously or unconsciously, one colors it—one touches it up, puts in a high light here and there.

The same thing happens in business offices. Gossip starts and runs like a prairie flame. It happens in clubs. It happens in professional and social circles.

The impulse that urges one to repeat it is, in most cases, the social impulse to interest, to please.

"Have you heard about So-and-so?" you ask. The eyes of your friend light up.

"No!" she cries eagerly. "What about her?"

Your remarks do not always evoke that flash of interest. It is unmistakable. It is exhilarating. With unction you tell all you know. Unless you are very careful you end by telling considerably more than you know. You are not exaggerating. You are merely suggesting and surmising. The trouble is that your friend repeats your suggestions and surmises as facts when she tells the story.

Sometimes no harm is done. The gossip is idle gossip— about changes of positions; about what the "chief" has said or left unsaid; about what someone is planning to do.

### A Woman's Way

Where that gossip takes on a personal tinge, where it concerns the actions and characters of our associates, the matter becomes serious. It behooves us to reflect well before we pass it on.

Very few human beings are deliberately malicious. Very few deliberately blacken the characters of their friends. But an appalling number of human beings are very thoughtless. And one who thoughtlessly repeats harmful gossip quickly becomes a dangerous influence in the community.

Her thoughtlessness is no excuse for her. It is her duty to govern her tongue—to see to it that what it repeats harms no one.

What we all need is to get a clear comprehension of the fact that no remark we make about others is wholly unimportant.

To some extent, large or small, it colors the opinion of those who listen to it then, or hear it repeated afterwards. It does this to a degree that few of us realize.

In other words, an apparently harmless bit of gossip may develop into a deadly endless chain. **It is the duty of every one who hears it to try to break that chain.**

# "SEMPER FIDELIS"

## A MARINE IS PASSING BY

### By Harvey L. Miller

Assistant Paymaster, U. S. N., R. F., Twelfth Naval District.

Sure, I joined the old Marine Corps just to do my little bit.
Here's the square-head's ball what got me—keep it right here in my kit.
No, it's not a really dum-dum, just his nose off on the sly.
It's the only one what got me. I've heard others passing by!
You can bet your little pay day I've heard others passing by!

*Passing by, passing by, with a whistling, hissing sigh:*
*Nearly got you that time, leatherneck, a little bit too high!*
*Or a "crack," a "smack;" lay low there, stand from under, mind your eye!*
*Hell, they're gone and far behind you when you HEAR 'em passing by!*

There I lay from Thursday morning until Friday afternoon;
Pershing's dough boys took our places, waked me up from out a swoon.
I was burning—burning up with thirst—mad with pain and fit to cry;
But I cheered them as they trampled on me, passed me—passing by!
Hell, they're gone and far behind you when you hear 'em passing by.

*Passing by, passing by, tripping, falling with a sigh,*
*Getting nearer to the trenches and you'll hear some Sammy cry:*
*"Don't forget that our Old Glory floats forever; do or die!"*
*God! I'd hate to be a German as those boys go passing by!*

Then they gathered us together and they sorted out the worst—
The Doc, he called 'em "stretcher cases"—and they tended to us first
They were overworked and crowded, and the Doc—he gave a sigh:
"Hopeless that case—also that one," speaking softly—passing by.
So they watched him silent, suff'ring—watched as Hope went passing by

*Passing by, passing by. Cry of agony and muffled sigh.*
*This ain't no place for "willie-boys," and a man has got to die.*
*But I thought I heard the chaplain answer gently in reply:*
*"Greater love than this hath no man," cheering some one—passing by.*

# Boston's Big U. S. Warehouse and "Cost-Plus" System

The controversy which has arisen over the award of the contract for the building of the fifteen or twenty million dollar warehouse of embarkation for the War Department in Boston illustrates the scandalous features of the "cost-plus" system of making contracts by the government.

By this method a man undertakes to boss a job for the government on a percentage of the total cost. If it costs twenty million dollars and the percentage is ten the profit or the fee would be two million dollars. If the percentage were 15 per cent. the profit would be three million dollars. No risk would be taken by the contractor. All his expenses would be paid and the cost of his mistakes would be paid and he would receive a profit on the very cost of his mistakes. No incentive for economy or efficiency is given. Even where, as in the Boston contract, the maximum profit is fixed at $250,000 it is a scandalous price to pay **IN WAR TIMES** for merely the cost of superintendence when so many hundreds of thousands of Americans are required to give up their all for nothing.

Now, since there is no competition for this work the award generally goes to somebody who is a favorite of somebody at Washington. It goes without saying that the character of the Secretary of War Baker and of his immediate associates in the War Department dwell an arrow's flight above even the suspicion of favoritism in these matters. But Washington is fairly infested with dollar-a-year patriots planted there by all kinds of business men for the purpose of deflecting work to their patrons. They get themselves stationed at strategic positions. They even get themselves made majors, captains and lieutenants and put on the uniform and camouflage their work for their thrifty patrons by going through some kind of general and rather perfunctory labors in behalf of the Washington bureaucracy—always very remote from the firing line.

At the outbreak of the war when the task of the War Department was tremendous, the quickest and the easiest way was the best way; and the "cost-plus" plan was the quickest and easiest way. But the rush and chaos is over and the work is systematized by the War Department. The War Department has had its experience with this "cost-plus" plan. It knows that it gives inordinate profit to the labor bosses in the very sight of the workingmen and that it causes tremendous discontent and it does, or ought to know, that it has done more harm to the patriotic contentedness of American workingmen during this war than any other single thing.

It is a bit hard to ask men to forego any kind of advantages for bettering wages and hours when we deliberately allow a few favored bosses to make more money in a few weeks than a hundred workmen could hope to make in a lifetime. There is absolutely no reason why the government should not draft the business experience of gentlemen who are alleged to "know how." This work can be done by any competent engineer or contractor. Let the government draft them or even summon them on their patriotism and ask them to take charge of the work like a soldier. Let the government say to the contractor or the engineer or whomever it is whose "know how" is desired:

> ***We need your experience and ability in this line on this job. It will take about three thousand men on this particular job. The rank of the commander of three thousand men in the army is that of colonel. Therefore, the government appoints you colonel. Put on a colonel's uniform, report for duty and receive a colonel's salary. It is true that you will have to forego enormous profits, but you will be better off than the ordinary fighting officer, for you are not asked to go into danger or be separated from your family.***

Thus the government can stop all this scandal. When we appreciate the necessity of adopting this system we have promoted the good will of the American workmen more than by any other single reform which we can adopt.

# Mr. Cox Writes in Praise of Congressman Fuller

Mr. Charles M. Cox of Melrose is one of our farseeing, independent-minded and public-spirited citizens. What he has to say on a public question is always of interest to his fellow-citizens. The following letter to the **AMERICAN** is of especial interest:

Editor Boston AMERICAN:

In a morning paper I note the report of an attack on Congressman Alvan T. Fuller by a member from Texas, because Mr. Fuller has refused to serve longer as a member of one of the useless committees of the House of Representatives, or be a party to the extravagance and wastefulness that such committees involve. Those of us who have known Mr. Fuller as a big and remarkably efficient business man note with amusement the charge that he is a "nobody."

Any business man who has observed the work of Congress or followed results of its proceedings knows the essential truth of Mr. Fuller's charges that the methods of Congress might be vastly improved.

I believe Mr. Fuller has raised an issue in which every business man ought to support him. Can we kick about our Income Tax, or any other tax, unless we are willing to help a business man introduce business methods and business economies in our Congress?

I appeal to the business men of Massachusetts to get behind Mr. Fuller on the issue he has raised as our Representative.

February 28, 1918. CHARLES M. COX.

Congressman Fuller is also a progressive, farseeing man whose business success indicates his business capacity. He is a man of constructive ability along the lines of progress. Next to Edward A. Filene he was the largest contributor to the brilliantly successful cause of the Initiative and Referendum last year. The people of Massachusetts may, without hesitation, give his opinions the greatest credence.